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THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.,
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

TOWN EDITION.

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No. 53,846.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1906. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
Saturday, 2 P.M. 1906.				
21st July	ARABIA	7903	....	....
28th "	ORIENTAL	5284	BRITANNIA	6525
4th Aug.	HIMALAYA	6898		
11th "	PENINSULAR	5294	MOOLTAN	10000
18th "	PERSIA	7951	....	....
25th "	ORIENTAL	5284	MARMORA	10509
1st Sept.	MOLDAVIA	9500	....	....
8th "	PENINSULAR	5294	VICTORIA	6522
15th "	EGYPT	7912	....	....
22nd "	ORIENTAL	5284	MACEDONIA	10512
29th "	ARCADIA	6603	....	....

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles Plymouth, and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 P.M., for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, nd Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports *en route*.

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent,
P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

BOMBAY, *11th July* 1906.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge and on Favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates

CALCUTTA AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Verron	9th Aug. 1906.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Rebufat	6th Sep. "
YARRA	4,248	Sellier	4th Oct. "
DUMBEA	5,916	X	1st Nov. "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel	Tons.	Captain	To Sail on or about
YARRA	4,248	Sellier	21st July 1906.
DUMBIA	5,916	X	18th Aug. "

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.

Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 735, 2nd class Rs. 585, 3rd class Rs. 295.
For further Particulars apply to

P. DE BURE,
Agent.

57, *Esplanade Road*, BOMBAY.

JULY 2ND 1906.

ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.

ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,

From BOMBAY *via* KARACHI and SUEZ CANAL TO LONDON (*via* MARSEILLES OR GENOA)
LIVERPOOL and other Ports.
RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

From Bombay to	A. 1st class Surgeon and Stewardess. Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.	B. All Steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess. Single. Rs.	Return Rs.	2nd Class only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation. Single. Rs.	Return Rs.
Suez	400	640	320	480	300	450
Port Said	425	680	340	510	320	480
Marseilles or Genoa	525	850	450	700	390	590
Liverpool	550	900	470	740	420	640
London via Marseilles (overland.)	600	†950	525	*770	450	*675
Karachi	40	..	40	—	40	—

† Return journey from Liverpool, but if outward bound steamer calls at Marseilles, return journey from London Rs. 1000.
* Return journey from Liverpool only.

The following Sailings are subject to alterations:—

Class.	Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing from Liverpool.	Due at Port Said about.	Due Bombay about.	Leave Bombay.
B	Aston Hall	3,626	June 6	June 22	......	July 28
B	Stanley Hall	4,104	" 23	July 9	July 26	" 31
A	Trafford Hall	5,600	" 30	" 14	" 27	Aug. 2
B	Knowsley Hall	4,307	July 10	" 24	Aug. 4	" 10
B	Langton Hall	4,400	" 24	Aug. 6	" 18	" 23
A	City of Athens	5,594	Aug. 8	" 20	" 31	Sept. 6
B	Merton Hall	4,331	" 13	" 27	Sept. 8	" 14
A	City of Karachi	4,800	" 29	Sept. 11	" 22	" 27
B	City of Agra	4,220	Sept. 5	" 18	" 30	Oct. 6
B	Aston Hall	3,626	" 14	" 28	Oct. 13	" 20

All the A class Steamers carry Surgeon and Stewardess and are fitted with Electric Fans and Light.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to—
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KILLICK NIXON & Co.,
Agents. ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,
Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

T. S. "LINGA" 2,171 tons, on Friday, 20th July, from the Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed, at 8 a. m., or later from the Stream on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,025 tons, on MONDAY, 23rd July, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomera and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

S. S. "KASARA," 1,200 tons, on THURSDAY, 19th July, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, and Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR SEYCHELLES EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.

S. S. "PUTIALA," 2,998 tons, on or about 14th Aug. calling at Seychelles, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu, and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "SIRSA," 2,610 tons, on or about 3rd Aug.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand, apply to—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
Agents, BOMBAY.

17th July, 1906.

KING KING & CO.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries, and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or Messrs. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

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CALCUTTA:
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co,

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE *via* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st Oct. 1906.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600.	Rs. 325.	Rs. 150.

Take passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
FRANZFERDINAND	C. Matcovih	6046	20th July 1906
† NIPPON	S. Tomanovich	6316	31st " "
† CHINA	G. Damianovich	6000	30th Aug. "
* AUSTRIA	A. Bilaffer	7600	5th Oct. "

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. 600.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued *via* Trieste, the St. Gothard's and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co. are issued at reduced Fares.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about six hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN *via* COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Captain.	Tons	To sail or on about
SILESIA	L. de Stabile	5,158	27th July 1906.

For further particular regarding Passages apply to—

E. SCARPA, *Agent-General*,
SASSOON HOUSE, 54, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE.
(Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
CATANIA	4,030	....	15th Aug. 1906
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th Sept. "
R. RUBATTINO	4,380	M. Saporiti	15th Oct. "

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return tickets available two years	" 900	" 525	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 815; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going *via* Genoa and returning *via* Venice or *vice versa*, and can break their Journey at any port *en route*.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Dodero	17th Aug. 1906.
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th Sept. "
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Dodero	17th Oct. "

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165; and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

G. FERRERO,
Acting Agent.

No. 59. HORNBY ROAD.

Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. Established in 1844, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.

The heads of the Firm give personal supervision to all business, and with confidence invite those requiring RELIABLE AGENTS for purchase of goods, sale of produce, or other business, to entrust their interests to them. Machinery orders are attended to by an expert.

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Parcels delivered at door of address.

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CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

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RESERVE FUND £975,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
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AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg.	Medan, Deli (Sumatra).	Hongkong.
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Karachi.	Kwala Lumpor.	Saigon.
Calcutta.	Bangkok.	Shanghai.
Madras.	Batavia.	Tienstin.
Rangoon.	Sourabaya.	Hankow.
Colombo.	Manilla.	Yokohama.
Penang.	Cebu (Phillipines).	Kobe.
Thaiping.		New York.
Ipoh (Perak).		

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

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Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A. M. to 4 P. M.
Saturdays—10-30 A. M. to 2 P. M.

GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.

ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up) ....Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ....Rs. 20,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Agent

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

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LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E. C.
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BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Bombay, Tunis New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney and all principal towns of Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further, Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

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Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold Silver, Merchandise to.

L. COMBE,
Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL..........£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..........£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL..........£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS..........£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS..........£ 135,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG, HONGKONG, and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

ESPLANADE ROAD BOMBAY

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SMART & COMFORTABLE, 3 FOR RS. 13-8,
OR SIX FOR RS. 26.

BY PRACTICAL ENGLISH CUTTERS.

HOAR & CO., {THE RECORD SHIRT MAKERS.} BOMBAY.

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Nos. 9, 10, 11 & 12, CHOWRINGHEE ROAD, CALCUTTA.

THIS FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, situated in the Healthiest and Most Fashionable European Quarter of the City, commanding a splendid view of the Maidan, fitted with every Convenience and Comfort, maintains, as it has always done, a high class reputation for its Cuisine.

The TABLE D'HOTE is reserved for Hotel Residents and their Guests only.

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A large LADIES' PAVILLION has been constructed with the object of affording additional comfort to Ladies and their Friends, where they can enjoy their afternoon Tea or Ices and Light Refreshments in quietude. Visitors are kindly requested not to smoke in the Drawing Room on any account.

NO PUBLIC BAR KEPT.

F. A. BOSCOLO, *Proprietor.*

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD

WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

THE PREMIUMS

Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to

AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000. Whole Life Premiums, Rs. a.	Prmiums Limited to 10 years. Rs. a.	15 years. Rs. a.	20 years, Rs. a.	Endowment Assurances of Rs.1,000. Payable at death, or in 15 years. Rs. a.	20 years. Rs. a.	25 years. Rs. a.	Age next Birthday
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 8	37 13	21
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26
27	25 5	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 2	28
29	26 9	55 13	42 1	35 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
31	27 15	57 13	43 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 0	31
32	28 11	58 14	44 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 6	32
33	29 8	59 15	45 4	38 2	66 4	49 13	40 12	33
34	30 6	61 1	46 2	38 15	66 8	50 2	41 3	34
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 11	50 8	41 10	35
36	32 5	63 8	48 0	40 10	67 2	50 14	42 2	36
37	33 5	64 12	49 0	41 9	67 8	51 5	42 11	37
38	34 6	66 1	50 1	42 8	67 14	51 13	43 5	38
39	35 8	67 6	51 3	43 8	68 4	52 5	43 15	39
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	40
41	38 0	70 3	53 8	45 11	69 3	53 8	45 6	41
42	39 6	71 11	54 12	46 14	69 12	54 3	46 4	42
43	40 13	73 4	56 1	48 2	70 6	55 0	47 3	43
44	42 5	74 13	57 6	49 7	71 0	55 14	48 4	44
45	43 14	76 7	58 12	50 13	71 11	56 18	49 6	45

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4 during life. The Premium would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 800 only instead for Rs. 1,000.

OR, if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 36, being thus free of Premiums before age 50, this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life.

OR, if preferring to make provision for his old age or for his family in case of death, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 payable at age 55 or death by yearly payments of Rs. 39-11.

TO PROFESSIONAL MEN AND OTHERS.

Whose income is dependent upon health the Limited Payment System or Endowment Assurance is specially recommended.

E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

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This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9 and 4/6. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A NEW medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to avail himself of its contents. Post free six penny stamps (English or Colonial), from THE NEVILL JOHNSON VETARZO REMEDIES Co., 9, Bond Street, Claremont Square, London, W.C., or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

Agents for India:—TREACHER AND CO., LTD BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and POONA.

These medicines were formerly advertised and sold under the titles:—TREZUBA, The New Brain and Nerve Food. ZAKOUBA, The Extraordinary Blood Medicine. See Special Notice wrapped round every bottle of these preparations.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE." STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE.

THIS VOLUME OF "STERLING EXCHANGE TABLES" is a small neatly bound BOOK, covering all RATES in 32nds—both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 $\frac{2}{32}$d. The Book has been found to supply a long-felt want, as, since the Stoppage of the Free Coinage of Silver, rates have varied well within those given both for Demand and Six Months' Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

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In the whole of India who has received
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MALARIA! CHALLENGE OF Rs. 5,000.

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GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILL or MIXTURE drives all the poisonou Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can, and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza, Malarious, Intermittent, and Bilious Fevers, and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies have given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiastic about the efficacy of Batliwalla's Remedies? I have been selling them for years all over this country and in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggists' market that if I agree to take only One Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only. I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

BATLIWALLA'S EMBIRIL TONIC PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Sallow Complexion, Overwrought Brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional Weakness, Seminal Emission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of Understanding due to Excessive Indulgence, and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly effective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains; and to Students and Scholars; Growing Boys and Girls who, in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be a Powerful and Rapid Restorer of Mental and Physical Vigour. They restore the diminished capacity for intellectual work, loss of appetite, and imperfect digestion.

PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.

Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People) may be had from TREACHER & Co., KEMP & Co., PHILLIPS & Co., BEYNON & Co., etc., etc., or from the Sole Manufacturers—DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

OVERLAND SUMMARY.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY
ON THE DEPARTURE OF ENGLISH MAIL.

28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders &c.

Indian subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage.
English subscription Rs. 15 per year including postage.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

TIMBER SLEEPERS.

SEPARATE TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of 6,30,000 SLEEPERS in all for the use of the NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY during 1906 and 1907 as under:—

50,000 SLEEPERS—Delivery to begin by 15th November 1906 and to be completed by 31st December, 1906.
5,80,000 SLEEPERS—Delivery to begin by 1st April 1907 and to be completed by 31st December, 1907.

The Sleepers should be nine (9) feet six (6) inches long, ten (10) inches wide and five (5) inches deep.

Tenders will be considered for any of the following descriptions of Timber:—

Indian—Nepal Sal, Deodar or Burmese Pingado.
Western Australian Hill grown Jarrah—New South Wales mixed hardwoods; Queensland mixed hardwoods; Tasmanian mixed Harwoods.

Parties Tendering are requested to state the number of Sleepers offered of each class of Timber, when more than one class is offered; and quote rates for each class as well as the average rate.

Tenders may be for the whole or for any portion of each contract.

In the case of mixed Harlwoods the proportions allowable are given in the specifications.

The Australian and Tasmanian Sleepers to be Government inspected and marked true to name at the cost of the suppliers and the price quoted should include delivery c. i. f. ex. Ships' slings at Karachi.

Burmese Pingado Sleepers will be inspected and passed by an Engineer Officer of the Burmah Railways before shipment and the price quoted should include delivery ex-Ships' slings at Karachi.

Nepal Sal and Deodar Sleepers will be inspected and passed at any Railway Station and prices quoted should include delivery into trucks at that Station after having been passed by an Engineer Officer of the North Western Railway.

Each Tender to be accompanied by a deposit in Currency Notes of 2 per cent. on the value of the Tender, as earnest money and the cover should be subscribed "Tender for Sleepers required by the North Western Railway in 1906 or 1907."

Tenders should be returned duly filled in to the Secretary, Railway Board, as under:—
(1). Tenders for 50,000 Sleepers required in 1906 to be returned at Simla by the 24th August, 1906.
(2). Tenders for 5,80,000 Sleepers required in 1907 to be returned at Calcutta by Monday, 3rd December, 1906.
on which dates these will be opened at 12 noon.

Forms of Tenders and Specifications can be had from the Chief Storekeeper, North Western Railway, Lahore, on payment of Re. 1.

The Railway Board is not bound to accept the lowest or any Tender and the whole or any part of a Tender may be accepted or rejected.

By Order,
G. MOYLE.
Offg. Director of Railway Construction.

REMINGTON RIBBONS!

TO REMINGTON TYPEWRITER Users:—Genuine Remington Ribbons, in any colour we are now able to supply at Rs. 2-8-0 each.

These are manufactured by the Remington Company themselves, and are the finest quality of ribbon made, and will outlast two common ribbons. At this price it will be found the greatest economy to use no other kind.

These ribbons can only be obtained from us,

WARDEN & Co.,
Remington Typewriter Agents,
BOMBAY.

BENGAL NAGPUR RAILWAY AND EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

INTRODUCTION OF REDUCED RATES BY THE E. I., G. I. P. AND B. N. RYS. FOR THE CARRIAGE OF COAL, COKE AND PATENT FUEL FROM THE JHERRIA, RANEEGUNGE GIRIDIH, SANCTORIA AND CHAURASHI, FIELDS, TO BOMBAY.

WITH effect from the 15th July, 1906, the following reduced rates will be introduced for Public and Railway coal, coke and patent fuel in full wagon loads booked at owner's risk, from all collieries situated in the Jherria, Raneegunge, Giridih, Sanctoria and Chaurashi fields, to Bombay, by either the B.-N. Ry. (*via* Nagpore) or E. I. Ry. (*via* Jubbulpore) routes.

From	To Bombay per ton.
All collieries in the Jherria, Raneegunge, Giridih and Sanctoria fields	Rs. 11-4-0
Chaurashi	" 11-2-0

Charges will be calculated and collected on a tonnage basis, subject to the present minimum charge for the different types of wagon used.

Fractions of a ton will be charged as follows:—

Below 2 cwt.— . . .	No charge.
2 cwt. & below 8 cwt. . .	Charge as for ¼ ton.
8 " " " 12 " .	" " " ½ "
12 " " " 18 " .	" " " ¾ "
18 " " over " .	" " " 1 "

W. A. DRING, *General Traffic Manager*, E. I. RAILWAY.
A. M. CLARK, *Traffic Manager*, B. N. RAILWAY.

CALCUTTA, 12th JULY 1906.

WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

POONA RACING SEASON, 1906.

THE RACING SEASON will consist of about 12 EXTRA MEETINGS to be held on SATURDAYS and HOLIDAYS from July to October, 1906, and the POONA RACES (7 days) 8th, 18th, 15th, 19th, 22nd, 27th, and 29th September 1906.

Rates for Season Tickets, or Book of coupons are as follows:—

A. For the whole Season of EXTRA MEETINGS and POONA RACES (8th to 29th September, 1906) . . . . Rs. 50
With the option of buying Tickets for Ladies, each . . . . Rs. 10
B. EXTRA MEETINGS ONLY, July to October (exclusive Poona Races 8th to 29th September.) . . . . Rs. 30
With the option of buying Tickets for Ladies, each . . . . Rs. 5
C. POONA RACES ONLY, 8th to 29th September 1906 . . . . Rs. 25
With the option of buying Tickets for Ladies, each, ... Rs. 5

N.B.—MEMBERS of the Turf Club and LADIES will receive Tickets.
NON-MEMBERS of the Turf Club will receive Books of Coupons.

2. Tickets and Books of Coupons are obtainable at the Office of the Turf Club, Race Course, Poona, or at the Gate.
3. No Tickets or Books of Coupons will be issued without payment.

DAY TICKETS.
FIRST ENCLOSURE.

Lady	Rs. 2
Single Ticket	Rs. 5
Child	Rs. 2

SECOND ENCLOSURE.

Single Ticket	Rs. 1-8
Soldiers in Uniform	Rs. 1
Lady or Child	Rs. 0-8

1. Day Tickets are obtainable at the Gate only.
2. SPECIAL TRAINS from and to Bombay will run as usual.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary W. I. T. Club.

RACE STAND,
POONA, 15TH JUNE 1906.

MONSOON BOOTS.

NEW STOCKS.
From Rs. 4-12 only,
OR WITH CHROME UPPERS
SOFT AS SILK, STRONG AS STEEL,
Rs. 8-12.

SUTOR & CO.,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.
AGENTS IN THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT and EQUIPMENT FACTORY,
SION, BOMBAY.

BURMAH PETROL.

"PETREL BRAND" gives most regular and economical work. Special Rates to MOTOR CAR OWNERS. Apply for prices and counterfoil order book to SHAW, WALLACE & Co., Agents, The Burmah Oil Co., Ld., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

GIBBONS & Co.,

ELECTRICAL and Mechanical Engineers Builders and Contractors, Import and Export Merchants and General Commission Agents, Auctioneers, House, Estate and Financial Agents, Proprietors of "Exchange and Mart and East India Bureau" Machine Furniture and Electric Workshops Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

SHOW ROOMS:—Medows Street and Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.
OFFICES:—65 Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture on sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

Bombay Gazette.

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ORIGINAL
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and
SKETCHES.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Austrian Lloyd's S. S. "FRANZ FERDINAND," from COLOMBO are hereby informed of the Vessel's arrival, and REQUESTED TO TAKE IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS landed at the VICTORIA DOCK, No. 7 Berth.

The Company's Surveyor, Captain MACFADYEN, will attend every morning to survey Damages, and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted within Seven days after the discharge of the respective Cargo, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No Surveys can be allowed after the Seven Days, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

APPLICATIONS for SURVEY must reach the Undersigned in time, so that the SURVEY can take place at latest on the morning of the Seventh Day.

E. SCARPA,
Agent-General, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE GENERAL MEETING of the Royal Bombay Yacht Club called for WEDNESDAY, the 20th June 1906, is POSTPONED to WEDNESDAY the 18th July.

WALTER LANG,
Honorary Secretary.

Bombay 18th June, 1906.

NOTICE.

THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED by Government Resolution No. 1772, dated 23rd March 1906, for the purpose of inquiring into certain matters connected with the prevalence and causation of MALARIAL and other FEVERS in Bombay City, request that Medical Practitioners residing in the City of Bombay will kindly favour the Committee in writing with their experience as regards the prevalence of Malarial and other Fevers in the Districts where they practice, stating the approximate date, if possible, of the first marked appearance of such fevers and the causes which in their opinion have given rise to them.

Residents, other than Medical men, who may desire to do so, are also invited to assist the Committee by submitting facts within their experience in regard to this matter.

Replies should be sent to

J. P. GREANY, M. D.,
Surgeon-General, I. M. S.,
Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay.
Town Hall, Bombay.

Bombay, 14th July 1906.

LIST OF ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been granted to the Administrator-General, Bombay, and of Estates which have come under his charge.

ALEXANDER FERGUS, late of Bombay European Inhabitant, a Marine Engineer.
OLGA DE SZOKE, late of Bombay Roumanian Subject.
CONDUCTOR J. WILLIAM SUSSEX, late Chief Warder, Military Prison, Trimulgherry Deccan.
SEBASTIAN or BASTIAN FERNANDES, late a Carriage Examiner Great Indian Peninsula Railway, Kasara.
DAWOOD LATIFF, late of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Piece-Goods Merchant.
OOSMAN BIN MAHOMED, late of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant,
JOHN FRANCIS VALLADARES, late of Upper Mahim Christian Inhabitant, a compositor in the Secretariat Press,
ROSSA KAUNN, late of Bombay Roumanian subject.

All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the abovenamed estates are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

J. SANDERS SLATER,
Administrator-General.

ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
HIGH COURT BOMBAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, 1906.

THE BEST OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTMENT.

ALL INDIA UNITED INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Registered under the "Indian Companies' Act, 1882.")

Capital Rs. 50,00,000 divided into 50,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each.

It is proposed to call Rs. 20 only per share; Rs. 5 on application and the balance of Rs. 15 on allotment.

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H. SULLEMAN ABDOOL WAHED, Esq., J.P. Messrs. Ludha Ebhrahim & Co.
RUSTAM K. R. CAMA, Esq., B.A., LL. B., Messrs. Thakurdas & Co.
MAHOMED HAJIBHOY LALJI, Esq., J.P. Messrs. Hajibhoy Lalji & Co.
LAKHAMSEE NAPPOO, Esq., J.P., President, Bombay Grain Merchants Association.
RAHIM JOOSAB, Esq., (*Ex-Officio.*) Messrs. Jaffer Joosab & Co.

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MESSRS. THAKURDAS & Co.
SECRETARIES:
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REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY:
7, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

It is hoped that with the Call of Rs. 20 per Share as stated above the Company will be in a position to work successfully, and it is anticipated no necessity will arise for any further Calls.

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Funds in hand exceed £5,600,000,
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For particulars apply
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Funds in Government Securities only and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

H. G. W. MEIKLE,
Acting Secretary.

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Three lines—Per insertion, One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER,—Produces a polish like new on Jewellery, Silver Goods Plate and Clear Metals. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Trial Samples gratis on application. Per tin Annas 12, per dozen Rs. 8., We recommend it. MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

CLEARANCE SALE of Platedware, Cutlery, Crockery and Glassware. Will be SOLD BELOW COST to make room for our Fresh Stock. M. BRESLAUER & Co. Church Gate Street.

DR. DINSHAW M. DASTOOR, SURGEON-OCULIST, Late Clinical Assistant of three Eye Hospitals, LONDON. Hours 11 a. m. to 6 p. m. 56, Esplanade Road, Opposite the Bombay Club Fort.

FOR MOFUSSIL.—Fresh Fish, Ice, Fruits, Provision Stores, &c., supplied at Moderate Charges. Orders promptly executed. Apply PESTONJI DHUNJIBHOY, Boyd's Ice Contractor, Mody Bay, Fort, Bombay.

BROUGHAM.—A neat Single-seated OFFICE BROUGHAM, light and comfortable, in excellent serviceable order, with Lamps and Shafts, Two Shelves in front for Books and Papers. Recently re-tyred. Price Rs. 600. Apply Box No. 381J., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED a EUROPEAN MANAGER for a Bank in Bombay. Good salary. Apply, stating experience, and salary expected, to Box. No. 399 J., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED an Experienced EUROPEAN NURSE to look after a child one year old in a Parsee Family in Bombay. Only those properly understanding the care of Young children and holding good testimonials to the effect need apply. Aya kept. Good pay to an experienced person. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box. No. 385J., Advt Dept "Bombay Gazette."

ROOMS with BOARD for TWO BACHELORS with married couple near Fort. Terms Moderate. Apply Box No. 400 J., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

NEVER DESPAIR: ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS COUGHS, COLDS, PLEURISY and PNEUMONIA, INSTANTLY relieved and POSITIVELY cured by "KADI." Infallible Rs. 1-8.—D. SPECIFIC Co., Medows Street, Fort, Oriental Bank Building.

FRUITS FOR SALE!!! 25 Oranges or 25 Apples, Rs. 3; 5 lbs Bombay Hulwa Rs. 3; 25 Red Bananas or 3 lbs Coffee Berry Rs. 2; 5lbs Salted Dry Fish, Rs. 3; 20 lbs Potatoes Rs. 3. Free Carriage if quoted this Paper.—TUKINA & Co, Market, Bombay.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL Malabar Hill, Bombay.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine wines and liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL, Elphinstone Circle, Opposite the Town Hall. Further extensions and renovations. Spacious Dining and Sitting Room with Electric Fans. Rooms airy and commodious with Bath-rooms attached to each, Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day. Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay. Cuisine a Speciality. Apply to the Manager.

SPRING MOTOR FAN—Works at high Speed for nearly 2 hours by single winding without any cost. Most useful for Desk, Dinner Table, Sick room and various other purposes. Price Rs. 75.—SHERIAR ASPANDIAR, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

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FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen's Street, Glassgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs FINLAY MUIR & Co., Bombay.

"LU—LU" EYE DROPS. An absolutely non-irritant positive cure for SORE EYES, ULCERS, irritations, inflamed lids and other stubborn affections of the Eye. By an Ophthalmic Surgeon. Re. 1.—D. SPECIFIC Co., Meadows Street, Fort, Oriental Bank Building.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms. Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager. "The Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business. 1, Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross, London.

BACK NUMBERS of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly and the Weekly Mail edition, when available, are supplied on the following terms:—During months of issue, 2 annas; Thereafter for three months, 4 annas; Subsequent issues Rs. 2 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one Rupee.

ONE of the Sights of [illegible]—RAJA DEEN DAYAL'S ART PHOTO[illegible]OON replete with everything that Oriental luxury [illegible]stic taste can suggest and visitors will not regret an inspect[illegible] their High Class Portraiture, Artistic Paintings and Enlargements, and Indian Views of places of Special Interest.—Portrait Painting in oil on Photographic Basis a Speciality. Hydraulic Lift available. Tata's Nippon Buildings, Top Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY Neatly [illegible]ted. Price 8 Annas, Can be had at the "Bombay Ga[illegible]" Office.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Town Subscription Rs. 12 per year. Mofussil, with postage Rs. 15. English Subscription Rs. 18 per year including Postage.

R. SCOTT & Co. M. R. C. V. S.,

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS.
GOWALIA TANK VETERINARY STABLE AND COACH FACTORY.
TELEPHONE NO. 3032.
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C. BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce, Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5-8-0 per cwt. delivered free in Bombay, Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch, Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied Carriages greased by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed Correspondence invited.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.—1906.

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Thoroughly revised up to date.

PRICE Rs. 5 only.

Can be had at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, 121, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF 100 F. P. BALES COTTON.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 18th Instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.,) by order of Messrs. Vasonji Veljee and Co., and on account and at the risk of the first purchaser Thakar Vasanjee Devjee, at Colaba Cotton Green in Nichol D. Godown—

100 F. P. bales Bengal ginned fine cotton M. M.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General Messrs CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY the 23rd instant at 3 p. m. at their rooms, the effects of the late Olga de Szoke consisting of wearing apparels such as satin, skirt and blouses, table linen, hosiery, shawls, combinations, hand bag, hand sewing machine, gowns, hats and other sundry articles, chairs, table, meatsafe, chest of drawers, cot with mattresses, toilet table, a lot of platedware, enamelled ware, utensils, pearl necklaces, copper coins, revolver, cartridges and other miscellaneous useful articles.

IMPORTANT TO MILLOWNERS.

Auction Sale of the Electric Light Plant and Machinery of the Watson's Annexe, Apollo Bunder.

Under instructions, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Watson's Annexe, Appollo Bunder, on THURSDAY, the 26th July., at 4 p.m., the electric plant and machinery consisting of:—

1 boiler by Marshall Sons and Co., 15 nominal H. P. loco. type multitubler.
1 horizontal compound and condensor engine, 15 nominal H. P. by Marshall Sons and Co.
1 alternator current Mordy's dynamo with exitor.
9 transformers.
1 high tension switchboard.
1 boiler by Marshall, Sons and Co., 25 nominal H. P. Loco. type.
1. vertical high pressure Roby and Co.'s 14 H. P. engine with Silver Town and Co.'s compound dynamo of 104 volts and 170 amperes.
1 boiler by Marshall Sons and Co., 25 nominal H. P., Loco. type.
1 vertical high pressure Roby and Co., 14 H. P., engine with Silver Town and Co., compound dynamo, 104 volts and 170 amperes.
1 low tension Switchboard for two dynamos.
1 spare armature, 1 donkey pump of 4 H. P., and 1 donkey pump of 2 H. P., 1 water heater; etc.
The above is now on view.

On FRIDAY, the 27th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Sea View Terrace" Wodehouse Road, Middle Colaba, near the Railway Station, the valuable and handsome teakwood and Blackwood household funiture, dining table, chairs, sideboard, dumbwaiter, Marble topped tables and teapoys, Cabinets, drawing room, sofas and chairs, bedsteads, almiras, marbletop dressing and washhand tables, clothes press, chest of drawer, glassware, crokeryware lamps, pictures, table ornaments, etc., the property of E. G. RODGERS, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.,

BOMBAY, 18TH JULY 1906.

BENNETT & COMPANY.
No. 22 APOLLO STREET.

Auction Sale of Vacant Piece of Land with the Building Materials, at Cawasji Patel Tank Road.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 348 of 1899.

Keshrinath Gopinath and others. . . . . Plaintiffs.
vs.
Dheenath Sitanath and another. . . . . Defendants.

Under instructions of Messrs. Khanderao Moroji and Dattatrya Laxman Vaidya, the Special Commissioners appointed in this suit and by virtue of the Consent Order made herein on the 23rd day of July, 1900 and under the liberty reserved to the said Special Commissioners in the Chamber Order made herein on the 19th day of March, 1906, and in exercise of the power of sale contained in the Deed of Mortgage bearing date the 10th day of April, 1899 and made between Kessarbai wife of Jamnadas Oodhowji and another of the one part and Hormasji Pestonji Jassawalla of the other part. Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of July, 1906, at the hour of 4-30 p.m. (Standard Time), sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the undermentioned property:—

All that piece or parcel of Government Land or Ground together with their materials of messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, on the north side of the Cawasji Patel Tank Road, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Old No. 637. New Street Nos. 106-108 and Ward No. 65,000, containing by admeasurement 93 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 2209, New No. 9292, Old Survey No. 430 and New Survey No. 5175 and bounded as follows:—That is to say: On the east by the House of Sonabai, wife of Purshotum Bhugwandas, on the west by the House of Vithal Jadav and Govind Jadav, on the north by a sweeper's passage and on the south by the said Cawasji Patel Tank Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application to be made either to Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Plaintiff's Autorneys, at their Office at No. 11, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF YARN SLIGHTLY DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 2 p. m. (B. T.), Messrs BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the Soonderdass Mill, at Bellasis Road, Byculla, on account of the Fire Insurance Office concerned:—

A large quantity of yarn slightly damaged by fire and water.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PLATED WARE, SOLID SILVERWARE, CUPBOARDS SHOW CASES etc.

TO-MORROW THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Hummum Street, Fort, in the shop lately occupied by Messrs. Soundy & Co., Ltd., the surplus stock of the said Company and the other English Firms consisting of best platedware and solid silverware, such as centre pieces, cruet stands, curry dishes, side dishes, epergnes, pickle stands, inkstands, wine coolers, tea and coffee sets, silver photo frames, spoons and forks, figures, presentation boxes, large and small show cases, cupboards, gas lamps, etc., etc.

Catalogues are published and the above is now on view.

AUCTION SALE OF HORLICK'S MALTED MILK.

On FRIDAY, the 28th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at "F Shed," Princes Dock, on account of the Underwriters.—

Ex. S. S. "Trafalger."

J. S. P. ½—2 bundles Horlick's malted milk, damaged by salt water.
J. S. P. 3-27—25 cases Horlick's malted milk, damaged by salt water.

On SATURDAY, the 21st instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P.M, (S. T.)

1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham, in very good water.
1 handsome strong palanquin office shigram, in very good order.
1 handsome strong victoria, in very good order.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 Bay arab, quiet in harness.

AUCTION SALE of Building Materials, damaged by Fire and Water.

On MONDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3 p.m. (B. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the Prince of Wales Press, Colaba, on account of the Fire Insurance offices concerned—

The salvage of the said Press consisting of rubbles, wrought iron trusses, corrugated iron sheets and teak scantlings, etc.

On THURSDAY, the 26th instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, opposite the Police Chowky and close to Sir D. M. Petit Bart's Bungalow, the very valuable and handsome, teak and blackwood, dining, drawing office and bed room furniture, such as telescopic dinning table, arm and without arm chairs, mirror sideboard and dinner wagons, marble top table and teapoys, mirror door cabinet and chiffioners, office tables, plate glass bookcases, single and double bedsteads, almyrahs, dressing and washhand tables, one set English walnutwood, drawing room, suits lined silk tapestry, one sweet-toned Cottage piano by S. Rose and Co., large velvet piled drawing room carpet, rich English gauze curtains, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware by Reed and Barton by others, Ditmars telescopic lamps, large drawingroom screens, set of latest Morreco bound 36 volumes Encyclopædia Britanica, Gladstone bags, one Kemp's large size medicine chests, two solid English 18 carat gold hunting watches by John Jones and Mckebe of London, ice box, copper boiler, alluminium utensils, etc., etc., the property of the late E. G. Gahagon, Esq. (of Messrs. Geo. Gahagan and Co.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four day before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

BOMBAY 18TH JULY, 1906.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel. Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ESTD. HILLS 1775.
TOBACCOS AND CIGARETTES.
R. & J. HILL, LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

FISCAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CHINA AND THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Capital paid up..................	Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits..............	Gold $3,393,686·99

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopgate Str. Within, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Manila.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	City of Mexico.	San Francisco.
HongKong.	Shangai	Washington, D.C
Kobe.	Yokohama.	Canton.
Cebu.	Penang.	Monterey.
	Panama.	

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE.
42/18, Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...........	Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	" 21,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND...	" 10,300,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUND	" 1,000,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND	" 1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

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San Francisco.	Antung.	Chefoo.	Bombay.
Honolulu.	Tieling.		

LONDON BANKERS:

The Bank of England: The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT Accounts.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. HARA.
Sub-Manager.

Albert Buildings,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL......	£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£600,000
RESERVE FUND	£550,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN, LONDON, E.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta.	Delhi.	Cawnpore.	Tuticorin.
Lahore.	Bombay.	Colombo.	Zanzibar.
Amritsar.	Madras.	Mandalay.	Mombassa.
Kurrachee.	Rangoon.	Newera Elya.	Nairobi.
Steamer Point.	Aden.	Kandy.	Chittagong.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.
BOMBAY.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 95,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:

J. R. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager.*

LONDON BANKERS:
LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:
SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt.)
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq. (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K. C. M. G.
A. M. TOWNSEND, } *Managers.*
C. S. ADDIS, Esqr. }

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CALCUTTA.	MANILLA	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
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HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY:
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Credits granted on approved Securities and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

J. A. JEFFREY.
Acting Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.



Mosquitos AND OTHER INSECTS MAY BITE BUT Pond's Extract Immediately applied, prevents all Irritation and Kills the Cause of it.

THE OLD FAMILY DOCTOR

The faithful friend in case of Burns, Cuts, Inflammation, Bruises, &c., &c. Invaluable for Piles. You wouldn't be without it if you knew how good it is. Send for descriptive pamphlet, full of valuable information.

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TRAINED NURSES for the Victoria Hospital, Bangalore. Apply to the MEDICAL OFFICER in charge for particulars.

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DEODORISED NAPTHA OR GASOLINE

BEST for Motor-Cars, Bicycles, and Tricycles, also for Naptha Lamps.

Owners of Motor-Cars, &c., should insist on getting this and no other. Can be obtained from all leading dealers in Motor-Cars. Imported by

STANDARD OIL Co., of New York,
31, Hornby Road, Bombay.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS.

5,000 Tons of STEEL BEAM
in all Sections and Weights,
ALSO
STEEL ANGLES, TEES,
PLATES, CAST-IRON PIPES
GALVANIZED CORRUGATED-IRON SHEETS
Kept in Stock, ready for delivery.
Full particulars and prices from
GEO. SERVICE & Co.,
KING'S BUILDING,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

ASTHMA.

SEDATIVE NEMESIS.

THE MAGIC CURE.
Subsides Paroxysms in a short time.
Per Bot. Rs. 2-8.
F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, Shaikh Memon Street,
BOMBAY.

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POISON of any stage and description will be radically cured by our well-tried specifics sooner than by any other cure. Try and you are sure to admire them. Prices Rs. 5 and Rs. 3, respectively. [A] A. E. JAMES, Esq., Delhi, writes!—"Your wonderful specific for ASTHMA has done more for my boy than all other Patent Medicines I had tried before. He has not since been troubled even slightly, and I am beginning to be convinced of your remedy having radically cured him." [B] S. SAW ZA, Esq., Poona, writes:—"YOUR BLOOD MIXTURE is the BEST remedy yet discovered."

DIABETES AND DYSENTERY

however hopeless, are sure to be cured by our well-tried specifics. No other medicine in the world will be able to show a larger percentage of cures than our specifics. Prices Rs. 3 each. Full particulars about the above as well as about our specifics for HYDROCELE, PILES and FEMALE DISEASES. Please write only to:

J. C. MOOKERJEE & CO.,
VICTORIA CHEMICAL WORKS,
RANAGHAT, Bengal.

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Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs.	5-0
Second and Third insertion . . . each	"	2-8
Fourth and succeeding insertions at . .	Re.	1-4

No Advertisement counted as less than ten lines.

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For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards; Situations Wanted; Servants, Houses, or Lodgings required; Change of Residence; and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

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THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less and Eight Annas for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE

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First insertion	Per line As. 8
Second do.	" 4½
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In the Native Languages, double the above rates.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a length of time, special contracts are made.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent insertions—Two Annas per line. Twice or Once a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent insertions—Three Annas per line Minimum Charge Rs. 2.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY,
POST FREE.

Per Annum	Rs. 15
Half-yearly	" 8
Quarterly	" 5

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" WEEKLY BUDGET
POST FREE.

Per Annum	Rs. 15
Half-yearly	" 8
Quarterly	" 5

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PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.
Opposite the Town Hall.
Further Extensions and Renovations.
Spacious Dining and Sitting Room with ELECTRIC FANS.
Rooms Airy and Commodious,
With Bath-rooms attached to each.
Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.
Special arrangements for Monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay.
Cuisine a Speciality.
Apply to the MANAGER.

DERMINA SOAP.

UNEQUALLED FOR THE COMPLEXION.
UNRIVALLED AS A TOILET-SOAP.
A LUXURY FOR THE BATH.

By its general use in the nursery, Children are protected from many infectious diseases common in the East, such as Dhoby Itch, Scarlatina Measles.

ABSOLUTE CURE FOR ECZEMA.
Per Box (3 cakes) Rs. 1-8.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS AND STORE-KEEPERS.

BEYNON & CO.,
THE ESPLANADE PHARMACY,
BOMBAY.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Queda, 4944 tons, Captain R. Coope, will sail to-day for Calcutta in ballast.

The steamer Industry, 2616 tons, Captain D. Milne, will sail to-day for Calcutta in ballast.

The steamer Singu, 1972 tons, Captain W. Currie, arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Rangoon with a cargo of kerosine oil.

The Wilson Line steamer Castello, 2339 tons, Captain T. W. Leighton, arrived in harbour on the 16th instant from Hull, with a general cargo.

The Florio and Rubattino S. N. Co.'s steamer Capri, 2717 tons, Captain G. Belsitto, sailed yesterday for Hongkong with a general cargo and Mr. Jewanjee and 3 deck passengers.

The Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.'s steamer E. F. Ferdinand, 3843 tons, Captain C. Matcovich, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, with a general cargo 2 cabin and 3 deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Kasara, 505 tons, Captain C. Morrison, arrived in harbour on Monday evening from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo and Mr. Jackson and a number of deck passengers.

The German East Africa Line steamer Sultan 2816 tons, Captain C. Burmeister, arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Durban via Zanzibar, &c., with a general cargo and one cabin and deck passengers.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—July 17.

Mazagon	3280	Hall	P & O S N Co
Madura	1802	MacLean	M M & Co
Ahmadi	1640	Brook's	B & P S N Co
Pekin	2522	Leetter	NF . P & O Co
Moshtari	1110	Willoughby	B & P S N Co
Singu	750	Lawrie	S Wallace & Co
Glenaffree	2617	Craig	W & A G & Co
Queda	4944	Coope	Zanzibar M M & Co
Coromandel	2783	Holloway	E Tajbhoy
Naseri	911	D'Lorne	P Gulf B & P S N Co
Industry	2616	Milne	S. Wallace & Co
Oceana	3507	Hayward	P & O Co
Tientsin	2555	Andrews	
Bloomfield	2868	Lowe	Standard Oil Co
Haiderser	1650	Watson	B & P S N Co
Elvaston	2751	Fargher	T M & Co
Nadir	3044	Bird	T M M & Co
Nerbudda	1961	Deving	M M & Co
Sultan Von Lagkak		Liberoy	M M & Co
Satara	3409	Tyrrell	M M & Co
Chusan	2852	Mitchell	E Tajbhoy
Shah Ameer	1922	Grant	E Tajbhoy
Alcana	1312	Morgan	W & A G & Co
E F Ferdinand	3845	Matcouich	A L S N Co
Singu	1912	Currie	S Wallace

ARRIVALS.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
16	Sultan s	Burmeister	Durban, June 20
	Kasara s	Morrison	Persian Gulf, July 5
	Castello s	Leighton	Hull, June 17
	Singu s	Currie	Rangoon, July 5
	E F Ferdinand s	Matcovich	Calcutta, July 5

DEPARTURES.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
17	Tannenfels s	Lubde	Karachi
	Capri s	Belsitto	Hongkong

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday ;—
Steamer Queda, Coope, for Calcutta.
" Industry, Milne, for Calcutta.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday ;—
Steamer Kasara, for Persian Gulf.
" Sultan, for Zanzibar, &c.

REUTER'S TELEGRAM'S.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS,

The Clan Line steamer Clan Matheson, arrived at London on the afternoon of the 16th instant.
The Clan Line steamer Clan Mackay, arrived at Suez on the afternoon of the 16th instant.
The City Line steamer Traffordhall left Suez from Bombay on the evening of the 16th instant.
The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Canara, passed Lisbon, on the morning of the 16th instant.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Nippon, from Japan, left Penang for Bombay on the 16th instant.
The same Co.'s steamer Austria, from Bombay, arrived at Hongkong on the morning of the 17th instant.
The N. Y. K. steamer Bombay Maru, left Hongkong for Singapore on the 16th instant also change the date of steamer Ceylon Maru's departure from 17th to 19th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—July 17.

For Liverpool.
Clan Stuart s—300 cwt oil cakes, New Mofussil Co; 350 oil cakes, Glade and Co; 50 bales wool A Chagla and Co; 57 bales wool David Sassoon and Co; 1,001 cwt myrabollams A V Jayakar and Co; 12 bales wool D Goolabchund.

For London
Glenroy s—101 cwt gum M Moolji, 115 cwt gam V. nadhowji 2,001 cw-. myrabollams G Madhowji and Co; 48 cwt turmeric, P K Lalkaka and Co.
Arabia s—60 cwt deer horns J M Rehimtoola, 2 bales cotton Diwadkar and Co; 11 bales sawree cotton Nusserwanji Bros and Co; 15 cwt wax D Vullibhoy and Co; 118 bales hides and skins W and A Graham and Co; 45 cwt nuxvomica R Hasibhai.

For New York.
Arabia s—27 aloes socotrine F Fischer and Co: 3 bales carpets, King King and Co.

For Dunkirk.
Ville-de-Tamatave s—100 bales hemp K Visram and Co.

For Genoa.
Clan Shaw s—50 tons old iron, E B Parekh. 50 tons old iron G Boggiano and Co; 200 cwt myrabollams, G Madhowji and Co; 2,500 cwt teelseed Ralli Bros.

For Antwerp.
Glenroy s—2,000 cwt rapeseed Ernst Lafli Co; 300 cwt mustardseed Bauer and Krause, 110 bales cotton fly K Visram and Co; 100 bales hemp, P Bhimji 110 bales cotton Gaddum and Co; 663 cwt myrabollams A Abdoolearim and Co.

For Havre.
Ville-de-Tamatave s—38 bales hemp G Madhowji and Co.

For Trieste.
E F Ferdinand s—220 bales cotton The Bombay Co; 110 bales cotton Tata and Co; 110 bales cotton Glade and Co; 660 bales cotton Volkart Bros, 560 bales cotton Ralli Bros, 125 cwt olibanum E Moledina and Co; 30 bales cotton fly K Visram and Co; 330 bales cotton A Blascheck and Co; 5 cases dry guts, W H Nebel and Co.

For Leith
Camberwell s—3482 cwt cottonseed Ralli Bros.

For Venice.
E F Ferdinand s—1850 bales cotton Volkart Bros 650 bales cotton Ralli Bros, 300 bales cotton The Bombay Co; 100 bales cotton Walter Pavri and Co.

For Fiume.
E F Ferdinand s—12,856 cwt linseed Ralli Bros.

For Hongkong.
Banca s—25 bales sick cotton R S N Talati and Co; 50 cotton twist S Dossabhoy and Co; 106 twist Phirozsha B Petit and Co.

For Shanghai.
Banca s—375 bales twist A E J Abraham 100 bales twist Phirozsha B Petit and Co,

For Kobe.
Banca s—200 bales cotton Jehangir B Petit and Co.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, July 16.

SECURITIES—			
2¾ per cent. Consols	87 15/16	+	1-16
3 per cent. Rentes	97	+	1/4
3½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan	103	—	unchanged
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	65 7/16	+	1/16
SILVER—			
Spot in London	30 7/16	+	1/8
2 months hence	30 1/4	+	1/16
Spot in New York	65 3/4	+	1/4
EXCHANGES—			
Paris cheques	25-15	—	1/2
Berlin cheques	20·46 3/4	—	unchanged
New York Demand	4·84 1/2	—	do
DISCOUNTS—			
Bank of England	3 1/2	—	do
3 months' sight Bank Bills	3 1/8	—	do
6 months' sight Bank Bills	3 3/8	—	do
3 months' sight Fine Trade Bills	3 1/2	—	do
6 months' sight Fine Trade Bills	3 3/4	—	do
INTEREST—			
Day to day loans	1 3/8	+	1/8
7 day market loans	2	—	unchanged

RUBBER—
Para Rubber 5 1 1/2 buyers.
WHEAT—Firm.
Afloat for U. K. 2,490,000.
RAPESEED—Firm.
LINSEED—
Linseed Bold 43 3-4 — 1-4 J.-A. sellers quiet.
COFFEE—
Coffee in New York 7 7/8
ARRIVAL—
Steamer—Chanda.
IN LIVERPOOL—

Cotton Market closed	quiet
East Indian	quiet
Manchester	quiet
Total Sales	6,000
Spot	6·10 — 2
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	10 1/4
Sold on speculation and for Export	500
Imports	2,000
Futures closed	quiet

July.-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
5·81	5·73 — 1	5·68 — 1
Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5·64 — 1	5·63 — 1	5·63 — 1
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr.
5·64 — 1	5·66 — 1	5·68 — 1

Receipts at U. S. Ports	6,000
Do. last year	14,000
Exports to Great Britain	nil
Do. to Great Continent	3,000
IN NEW YORK—	
Spot	11·00 +10 *
Futures, month of July	10·27 +14 *
Do. month of Dec	10·54 +14 *

* Advanced as the daily weather reports show too much rain and to bull support and short covering.

IN NEW ORLEANS—

Spot	11
Futures, month of Aug	10·83 + 17
Do. month of Oct.	10·45 + 12
Tone at close	firm

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 48 hours ending at 6 p. m., on 16th July.

Cotton	824	bales.
Wheat	6,731	cwts.
Linseed	3,360	do
Rape, Rai and Mustard	2,841	do
Gingellyseed	186	do
Poppyseed	1,748	do
Groundnuts	234	do
Castorseed	1,332	do
Rice	4,082	do
Myrabollams	670	do
Cottonseed	3,805	do
Mowraseed	1,141	do
Gram	6,209	do
Joowar	4,049	do
Maize	nil	

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, July 16.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed	quiet
Surats	quiet
Good Bhownugger	....
The Manchester Market has been	quiet
2 1/2 per cent Consols	87 15-16
3 per cent. Rentes	97
3 1/2 per cent Sterling Loan	103
3 1/2 per cent Rupee Papers	65 7-16
Bar Silver	30 7-16

BOMBAY, Tuesday Evening.

The telegrams to hand to-day from London advise a further rise in Silver of ⅛ for spot and 1/16 for delivery. Consols are raised 1/16, Rentes 1/4, and Rupee paper 1/16. The discount rates remain steady and unchanged.

The wheat market is firm and the quantity afloat for United Kingdom is given 210,000 bushels less than last week at 2,490,000. Rapeseed is firm and unchanged and Linseed closed quiet with quotation 3d. lower.

The Liverpool cotton market closed quiet with spot 2 points and futures 1 point lower. In New York a rise of 10 points is advised in spot with futures 10 and 12 points higher, the rise being due, we are informed, to too much rain in the cotton belt. In New Orleans spot is unaltered, but futures for August are 17 points and for October 12 points higher, the closing tone being firm.

In Bombay the market has not followed the firmer advices from the other side. Quotations are about the same as yesterday, but buyers are still holding back and show no anxiety to book at current rates. A small business is passing at Colaba both shippers and mills buying any cheap lots that are offered for sale.

In new crops the market is steady but transactions are limited to the Sutta bazaar, and we hear of very little actual business taking place. Both sellers and buyers seem averse to operate at present rates.

Sterling exchange is quiet but steady at previous quotations. Rupee Paper has declined under the influence of bear pressure both locally and in Calcutta. The market opened at 97 9/16 for the settlement and closes weak at 97 1/4. Cash paper is 1/8 higher.

The share market is slightly easier to-day, Transactions are reported as follows ;

	Rs.
Petits	3,547 1/2 August.
Davids	515 "
Bank of Bombay	1,480 X.-D.
Tapti-Valley Railway	475
Ahmedabad Prantij Railway	540
Bombay Steam Nav. Co., Ltd.	Ordinary.
Shares are quoted	7 1/2 premium.

Exchange—Tone quiet.

Bank T. T.	...	...	1s. 4 to 1s. 3 31/32d.
Bank Demand	...	...	1s. 4d.
Credit Bills	3 Months' Sight D. A.		1s. 4 7/32d.
Do.	6 do.	do.	1s. 4 11/32d.
French Francs	3 do.	do.	169 3/4 to 170
Marks	3 do.	do.	138 3/4
Hongkong	30 Days' Sight		155
Shanghai	30 do.	do.	214
Japan	30 do.	do.	150 3/4

Government Paper—3 1/2 per cent. Tone Weak.

Cash	97·6
1st Settlement. 31st July	97·4

Money Market, Tone. Easy.

Bank Rate—

Bank of England since	21st June 3 1/2	per cent.
Bank of Bombay do.	12th July 4	do.
Bank of Bengal do.	28th June 4	do.
Bank of Madras do.	10th July 4	do.

COTTON QUOTATIONS.

OLD CROP—

M G Nagpur fine	Rs. 219 Ready.
M G Khandeish fully good	" 198 "
M G K A K fine	" 208 "
M G Bengals fine	" 198 "
Sawginned Dharwar good	" 256 "
Madras Westerns good	" 236 "

NEW CROP—

M G Bengals fine	Nov.	Rs. 206
Do. fine	Dec.	" 205
Do. fine	Jan.	" 203
M G Dhamangaon fine	"	" 221
M G Nagpur fine	"	" 226
M G Khandeish fully good	"	" 206
M G K A K fine	"	" 217
H G Bengals fully good	"	" 187
M G Broach good	March	" 248

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	firm.
Estimated sales	6,000 bales.
Imports	nil

July-Aug.	Aug-Sep.	Sep.-Oct.
5·84 plus 3	5·77 plus 4	5·72 plus 4
Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5·68 plus 4	5·67 plus 4	5·67 plus 4
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.
5·68 plus 4	5·70 plus 4	5·71 plus 3

It has been found, says an American Consul, that there is growing around Brisbane a plant called by botanists "Murva" that will yield fibre of great value. Major Boyd, of the Queensland Agricultural Department, retted some "Murva" leaves and sent a sample of the fibre to a rope-making firm in Germany for test, and these manufacturers are now prepared to purchase it at from £35 to £40 per ton.

HOW TO KEEP COOL

All who suffer from the heat should add a few drops of Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath.

A Condy's Fluid Bath imparts a delightful sensation of Coolness, Freshness and Purity. It invigorates the body and braces the nerves. The Cooling effect is Simply Magical—It is so lasting.

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists. Beware of substitutes, all of which are inferior in composition and strength. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for Announcements of Births, Marriages Deaths and Memoriam Notice which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional lines. Cash strictly in Advance.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

POWELL—July 7, at Ahmednagar, the wife of Colr.-Sergt. H. D. Powell, Military Farms Department, of a daughter.
ROY—July 8, at Barisal, the wife of James E. Roy, of a son.

"STERLAKTONES"

NEW STOCK NOW READY.

The first supply was sold in a fortnight, showing the need of such protection in a country like India.

KEMP'S STERLAKTONES give protection from CHOLERA, TYHOID, DYSENTERY, &c., 8 gallons of water, can be made absolutely free from Bacteria, for about 2 annas in 2 minutes.

These tablets were used during the Thibet Mission. None of the cases of Typhoid, Cholera, or Dysentery occurred amongst the Men who drank water, sterilised by this simple and easy process. CAMP STRENGTH, for 25 sterilising operations, that is for 100 gallons Rs. 1-12 TOURIST STRENGTH for sterilising a Whisky Bottle full of water at a time, Re. 1.

ONLY FROM.

Kemp & Co. Ld.

THE CHEMISTS BOMBAY,

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 32m. Sun sets, 6h. 40m. High water. 10-3m. 9-11a. Low water. 2-43m., 3-29 a.
Third Criminal Sessions of the High Court.
Municipal Standing Committee, 3-30 p.m. (B. T.)
Bombay Gymkhana Mounted Sports, 5-30 p.m.
Harwood League Football, 5-45 p.m.
Royal Bombay Yacht Club, general meeting, 6-45 p.m. (S. T.)
B. V. R. Annual Prize Distribution, Town Hall, 9-30 p.m. (S. T.)

Postal Notice.—Mails for Singapore, China, and Japan per s.s. Ceylon Maru will be closed at the General Post Office at 3 p.m., on the 19th instant, instead of at 2-30 p.m., on the 17th instant, as previously notified. Parcel mail for Japan closes at 2-30 p.m. the same day.—Mails for Ceylon, Singapore, China, Japan and Australia per s.s. Yarra will be closed at the General Post Office at 8 a.m. on the 20th July.

A Wife Assaulted.—Yesterday afternoon, at the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. N. W. Kemp, Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which Inspector Barnes charged Ismael Mia and Shima Hasham, the first with voluntarily causing hurt and the second with abetment. The case for the prosecution was that accused No. 1 came to the house of complainant Havabai, who is his wife, and had an altercation in the Diwankhana at Gogari Mohalla. Accused No. 2 struck complainant with a piece of thick wood, whilst accused No. 1 took up a soda-water bottle and threw it at his wife's head causing serious injury. At a later stage of the case accused No. 2 was charged with assault, and the charges being brought home to the accused, the first was sentenced to nine month's rigorous imprisonment and the second to 7 days imprisonment.

DEATH OF DR. RUSTOMJEE M. KALLAPESI.

The death of Dr. Rustomjee M. Kallapesi at his residence in Frere Road, on Sunday night last, in the thirty-sixth year of his age, is greatly regretted in his community and by all who knew him intimately. He had a brilliant career in the Grant Medical College and outside it since his leaving it. He passed the L. M. and S. examination in 1893 and obtained the Wellington Gray Gold Medal for proficiency in Surgery. He also obtained prizes and medals for proficiency in Medicine and Midwifery. On leaving College, Dr. Kallapesi was appointed Honorary Assistant Physician in the Jamsetjee Hospital, and lecturer in Pathology in the Grant Medical College. On the first outbreak of plague in Bombay, Dr. Kallapesi worked zealously under Professor Haffkine in the work of inoculation, and so successful was he in performing his task that hundreds preferred to be inoculated by him, not only in Bombay, but also in Damaun, Udwadda, Oorun, and other places, to which he was especially invited. In 1897, Dr. Kallapesi obtained the Dosabhoy Hormusji Cama Prize Medal of the Bombay University for the best essay on the relative advantages and disadvantages of the different methods of disposal of the dead. Dr. Kallapesi visited England in May, 1902 for extending his knowledge of medicine and obtaining higher degrees. In the following year he obtained the degrees of L. R. C. P. and M. R. C. S., and the degree of Bachelor of Medicine of London in 1904. His health, however, sufferred, and he had to return to Bombay in May last. The deceased led a quite, simple life, and his obliging and courteous disposition had made him a general favourite.

THIRD CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

A DISHONEST POSTAL CLERK.

In the Bombay Criminal Sessions yesterday, before the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell and a common jury, the trial of Narayan Raghunath Patki, a Brahmin clerk in the Inland Registration Department of the General Post Office, was continued on a charge of stealing registered letter No. 477, containing three currency notes, collectively valued at Rs. 80, and four Goa lottery tickets, sent by Theophilus Noronha, a trader in Ahmedabad under the name and style of Fonseca Brothers on the 8th December last, to Camillo Clemente, of Margao in Goa, while in course of transmission. Mr. Rustom Wadia, instructed by Mr. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown. Mr. M. M. Murzban defended the accused.

Anant Narayan Patki, Sub-Post master of Chowpatty corroborated the evidence of other witnesses as to the confession made by the accused. Other evidence was called for the prosecution, and the Court adjourned at 6 p.m. until 11-30 a.m. to-day.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, July 18.

174.—Prize Distribution—It is notified for information that the Annual Prize Distribution of the Corps will take place at the Town Hall to-day Wednesday the 18th instant at 9-30 p. m. (S. T.)
The Prize Distribution will be followed by a dance. Admission will be by invitation only, except as regards members of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles, who attend in Uniform.
Invitation for friends can be obtained on application to Head-Quaters.
Dress—Officers, Summer Mess Dress N C Officers and Volunteers, Mess Dress or Uniform, with Forage Caps.
175.—Extract from Brigade Orders dated 17th July 1906 is published for information.
No. 995.—Furlough and Leave. Combined. The undermentioned officer is granted leave out of India on private affairs (including 60 days privilege leave) up to 31st October 1906, under para. 226, A.R.I. Vol. II.
Captain G. D. Price, Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles.
Major P. R. Cadell takes over the duties of Acting Adjutant, during the absence of Captain and Adjt. G. D. Prince, with effect from the 11th Instant.

P. R. CADELL, Major.
Acting Adjt. B. V. R.

Floriline!—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produce a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot. 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

SPORTING NEWS.

THE BISLEY MEETING.

Shoot for the Alexandra Cup.

[Through Reuter's Agency.]
LONDON, July 16.

Proctor has won the Alexandra Competition at Bisley with a score of 66, Jewalasingh 64 and Corporal Sherzaman 60; the aggregate of Jewalasingh 151.

FOOTBALL

The Harwood League.

Though in the earlier part of the day the weather augured ill for a football contest, the evening proved more propitious, and fair weather at sundown enabled the Telegraph team to try conclusions with the Parel Gymkhana. From start to finish the Telegraphists showed marked superority over their opponents in stemming inroads into their territory, and rushing their opponents, goal.

In the first quarter the Parelites notched the first goal of the evening, but almost immediately afterwards matters were equalized. During the second half the Telegraphists pressed vigourously and added no less than four more goals. Cooke, the Telegraph custodian was, a tower of strength at his post. Result :—

Telegraph ......5 Goals
Parel ......1 Goal.

SECUNDERABAD RACES.

(From our Correspondent.)
SECUNDERABAD, July 17.

The innovation of holding Secunderabad races on the old Moulali course is a sensible one and were it not for the unfortunate wet weather we are experiencing it would have been unanimously voted an excellent move. Colonel Wiggin, 13th Hussars, has borne the chief brunt of the labours of this meeting and looking after the course, the camp for visitors out there and all the arangements, and after to-day's results he must feel gratified at the proceedings having been carried through without a hitch, The entries have been very full and the fields on the card looked very satisfactory but Bleachs lot from Poona have proved Trittons among the minnows here expert when Pasha lowered the colors off Musket. However ere the meeting closes the handicaps will adjust these differences in quality and we shall probably see some of the small fry coming to the front, The following are the details.—

THE MILITARY PLATE.

Captain Hodgkingson's Tappington 11st. 9lbs....Bond 1
Mrs. Fraser's Diablo 11st. 6lbs......Mr. Williams 2
Mr. Kennard's Mameluke 10st. 7lbs......Vining 3

Betting ;—six to four on Tappington, six to four against Mameluke, and twelve Diablo.

Tappington, closely followed by Diablo led from the start and though Diablo once got abreast with him Tappington shook him off within the distance and won by a length. Two lengths separated second and third. Time 1 min. 26secs.

MAIDEN PONY PLATE.

Mr. North's Careless 10st. 11lbs ......A Hoyt 1
Mr. Kennard's Idolator 12st......Vining 2
Mr. Hanyngton's Lady Jess 11st. 11lbs......Mr. Steel 3

Also ran :—Bantam 9st. 1lb. and Jal 8st. Carried 8st. 9lbs.

Betting :—5 to 4 on Careless, 6 to 4 against Idolator, 10 Lady Jess and 15 the others.

There were several false starts ere they could be let go when Lady Jess was first to show at the head of the field, but after they turned into the straight, Careless followed by Idolator overhauled Lady Jess. Then Idolator made strenuous efforts to catch Careless, but the latter going easily won by a length. Three lengths separated the second and third. Time 56 3/5 secs.

MOULALI STEEPLECHASE.

Capt. Davies's Corrie Roy, 11st. 4lbs....Capt. Meynell 1
Mr. Hannyngton's Advance, 11st. 4lbs......Mr. Steel 2
Capt. Popham's Tocsin, 10st. 4lbs. (carried 10st. 13½lbs.) ......Owner 3

Also ran :—Boomerang 10st. 4lbs; (carried 10st. 6lbs.) and ran out.

Betting :—3 to 1 on Corrie Roy, 6 against Advance Tocsin, and ten Boomerang.

Tocsin went to the front and settled down with a clear lead, followed in order by Corrie Roy and Advance. and while Boomerang ran out at the first fence and was not persevered with, Coming round to the far side of the course, a second time, Tocsin perched and unshipped his rider and before he was set going Corrie Roy followed by Advance went past him. Corrie Roy maintained his lead and out-staying a strong challenge by Advance in the run home won by half a length. Six lengths between second and third. Time 1 min. 12 secs.

FIRST LAIK-UD-DOWLAH'S PLATE.

Mr. William's Pasha 9st. 8lbs. (carried 9st. 10½lbs,) ......Owner 1
Colonel Abud's Musket, 9st. 2lb. ......A. Hoyt 2
Captain Popham's Mardin, 9st. 11lbs......Mr. Griffith 3

Also ran :—Snowdon, 10st. 1lb.: Seamew. 9st. 3lb, and Sallawar, 8st. 11lbs.

Betting :—2 to 1 on Musket, 3 against Pasha, 6 Snowdon, Mardin and Sallawar, and ten Seamew.

They were let go level and Musket was first to show in front. Then at the quarter mile Mardin and Seamew got up abreast and these made the great race to near the stand where Pasha coming up fast caught up and by a fine effort snatched the race on post by a short head. Another head separated second and third.

Time—58 4/5 secs,

SECOND LAIK-UD-DOWLAH'S PLATE.

A. S. Oomer's Sabig, 9st. 8lbs. ......Oomerkhan 1
Aga Abdoola's Nonplus, 10st. ......Mcquade 2
Tayleur's Charles Edward, 10st. 6lbs......Bond 3

Also ran :—Salvation, 11st. 10lbs.; Coger, 10st. 3lbs. and Mahadeo 8st. 4lbs.

Betting :—2 to 1 on Sabig, 3 against Nonplus, 6 Coger and 10 the others.

They got off in a bunch and soon Sabig and Coger came to the front. But at the quarter mile Coger was done and Nonplus and Charles Edward challenged Sabig, but the latter going strong stayed on and won by a length. Three lengths between second and third. Time 57 2/5 secs.

SULTAN-UL-MULK'S PURSE.

Gurda's Koursahib 9st. 5lbs. ......A. Hoyt 1
Kennard's Freckles 9st. 7lbs. ......Vining 2
Deccan Horse-Polo Club's Flashpoint 9st. 4lbs. Mr. Steel 3

Also ran :—Surhan 9st. 10lbs.; the Clown 9st, 10lbs.; Sultan III. 9st. 5lbs.

Betting :—Evens on Freckles, 6 to 4 against Koursahib, 6 against Flashpoint and 10 the others.

Flashpoint rushed to the front and cut out to work followed closely by Freckles and Koursahib. Then near the three furlongs Flashpoint was in difficulties and Koursahib took the command and being full of running won by a length. Three lengths between second and third. Time 2 min 2 secs.

ASMANJAH COMMEMORATION PLATE.

North's Sanfoin. 10st. ......A. Hoyt 1
Captain Twist's George 11st......Vining 2
Captain Hodgkinson's Tappington, 11st. ......Bond 3

Betting :—7 to 4 on Sanfoin, 2 against Tappington and 3 George.

George and Tappington for cut out work with Sanfoin waiting on them. Then from the quarter mile Sanfoin came through and holding them safe won easily by half a length. One length between second and third. Time 1 min. 10 secs.

MOTOR-CAR COMPETITION IN RANGOON.

Steam vs. Petrol.

(From our Correspondent.)
RANGOON, July 17.

The wonted quietude of Rosebank Road was disturbed about 6 o'clock to-day by an assemblage of local motorists and sporting gentlemen, who met to witness the culmination of the interesting challenge thrown out by Messrs. Mackenzie and Company and accepted by Mr. Green, of Messrs. Simpson and Company, of Madras. Messrs. Mackenzie are the Agents for the Rover Petrol Car. Messrs. Simpson and Company are Agents for the Turner Miesse Steam Car. The former challenged the latter to hill-climbing. The contest is to prove whether a Steam or a Petrol Car is best for hill-climbers. Mrs. Mackenzie drove his 8 H.-P. Rover and Mr. Green was in waiting with a magnificent 10 H.-P. Steam-car loaded up with five passengers of more than average weight. The Steam-car mounted the hill beautifully, starting with 200 lbs. pressure of steam, developing 20 H.-P. during the journey, and finishing on the top of the hill with 800 lbs. steam pressure. The Rover, similarly loaded, started but came almost to a dead stop. Half way up the hill, Mr. Mckenzie adroitly applied a second speed and gained the top of the hill, a bad loser. Result:—Turner Miesse, 40 seconds; Rover, 53 seconds.

Subsequently the competing cars had a friendly contest. The Rover got up the hill with a load of three persons in 38 2/5 seconds and the Turner Miesse with five passengers and covered the incline in 36 2/5 seconds. The Turner Meisse, to demonstrate the carrying power of the car, took up ten passengers, averaging between 12 and 13 stone weight. Then Mr. Green courteously thanked Mr. Mackenzie for attending and, to the astonishment of the spectators, turned off the burner of his car, explaining that he had plenty of steam left to get back to Rangoon without wasting petroleum in the furnace. I am informed by Mr. Mckenzie that he mounted Rosebank Road hill with a load this morning on a 16 H.-P. Rover in less than 30 seconds.

BOXING AT MADRAS.

Six Good Bouts.

(From our Correspondent.)
MADRAS, July 17.

At the Boxing Tournament, yesterday evening, excellent sport was witnessed, six contests being decided, one each in the Bantam, Feather, Middle and Heavy weights and two in the Light weights. The respective winners were Private Tabbalt, Leicesters; Private Knowles, Essex Regiment, Corporal George, 52nd Company; R. G. A.; Sergeant May, Suffolks; Private Sharpe, Leicesters; and Trooper Rayman, Carabiniers.

THE MADRAS HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

(From our Correspondent.)
MADRAS, July 17.

Drawing for the Madras Hockey Tournament, which commences on Monday next is as follows :— The Volunteers Guards play the Suffolks, the holders, in first round. In second round the 40th Brigade, R. F. A. play the Cheshires; the 52nd Company R. G. A., play the winners of the first match, and the Madras Cricket Club play the Essex, while the 61st and 64th Pioneers play the Manchesters.

THE QUETTA DOG SHOW.

A Useful Innovation.

(From our Correspondent.)
LAHORE, July 17.

The Quetta Dog Show will be held on the 15th of September. One of the features of the show will be that the Honorary Secretary will arrange to have dogs, sent by owners, who, themselves, are unable to travel, met at Quetta Railway Station and he will also look after them and see that they are shown in their respective classes.

FOOTBALL IN CALCUTTA.

(From our Correspondent.)
CALCUTTA, July 17.

The tie in the Football Match between the Highland Light Infantry and the Northumberland Fusiliers was played off last evening, resulting in a win for the Highlanders by one goal.

POONA AND KIRKEE FOX HOUNDS.

(From our Correspondent.)
POONA, July 17.

The meet yesterday was at Holkar's Bridge as was advertised and a certain find was expected, but the river bank opposite Rosherville was drawn blank although trains in Sappers Bush had been stopped from nine in the morning. Most of the field left when a light drizzle fell sufficient to damp them. The Master tried in the direction of the Powder Factory and turning back he came along the river bank where Jack was found in patch rushes. The Pack viewed it, but it raced away with the hounds closely following, making straight for the Kirkee Polo ground and turned sharp to the right and ran through Colonel Turner's gardens and turned left and got through a gap in the Powder Factory wall. The Master took the hounds inside as quickly as possible, but failed to get on a line again. The scent was breast high, and the day's run, came to an end the quickest thing the Hunt have had this season.

CALCUTTA GOLF CLUB.

CLEEK COMPETITION.

The following is the result of the cleek competition held on the maidan last Friday and Saturday. Handicap play. Nine holes.

	Total	Hcp	Result
H W Carr	44	7	37
J D Guise	45	4½	4½
J G Melrose	41	Scr	41
Dr W Forsyth	42	1	41
G W Walker	44	Scr	44
J O'B Saunders	49	5	44
J E Cubitt	48	3½	44½
H R D Munn	49	4½	44½
A Birkmyre	49	4	45
G Hynd	52	7	45
H W Dick	46	½	45½
Alex Mann	46	Scr	46
T Mackenzie	46	Scr	46
T Drimmie	46	Scr	46
Norman McLeod	46	Scr	46
G Stapledon	7	1	46
Lt Col Renny Tailoyur	48	2	46
C E Dewar	53	7	46
Lt Col F J Drury	49	2½	46½
B Sinclair	47	Scr	47
M Innes Ker	49	2	47
P Parrott	51	1	47
R H Godwin	54	7	47
F N Whitely	48	½	47½
D Pym	48	Scr	48
C A Carr	52	4	48
R J Watson	54	6	48
A B Simpson	55	7	48
W T Reid	50	1½	48½
F E Dempster	51	2½	48½
T P Stewart	54	5½	48½
J C Shorrock	49	Scr	49
C C Morgan	56	7	49
W G Daniel	56	7	49
E H Townend	50	Scr	50
G S Hannah	54	2	52
R Baziey	57	3	54

SWIMMING.

There was a fair attendance on Saturday evening, at the Calcutta Swimming Bath, to witness the Plunge Handicap. There were ten entries, but seven competed for the event. The conditions were that each competitor was allowed three plunges, and the best to count. All the competitors plunged up to form. The following is the result :—

	Ft.		In.		Ft.		Ft.		In.
E F H Wise	56	—	0	+	11	=	67	—	0
J A Munro	47	—	2	+	18	=	65	—	2
A R C Miller	59	—	9	scratch		=	59	—	9
A Bergmann	40	—	1	+	22	=	62	—	1
A Munro	39	—	10½	+	22	=	61	—	10½
J S Munro	37	—	2	+	22	=	59	—	2
R Jones	33	—	11	+	24	=	57	—	11

There were two prizes, and these were awarded to Wise and J. A. Munro by Mr. Bushby, who acted as Judge.

Silver Time-badges were distributed to A. Bergmann, R. Jones, and A. Munro, and gold time-badge to J. V. Watkins.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

OARSMEN IN ENGLAND.

DIFFICULT TRAINING ON THE THAMES.

London, June 29.—The Australian visiting oarsmen—Harrison, Bourke—and Roy Adams, are steadily training at Henley. They are just now compelled to row in an exceptionally fast stream, owing to a tremendous tropical downpour in the Thames Valley having flooded the river.

MOTOR RACING.

London, June 30.—The Automobile Grand Prix was run in France on Thursday over a course of 750 miles and resulted as follows :—

M. Sisz (Renault car), 12h. 14min. 7sec.	.. ..	1
Signor Nazzaro (Fiat car), 1 h.25min. 46sec.	.. ..	2
M. Clement (Bayard car), 12h. 46min. 49sec.	.. ..	3

A POPULAR ENGLISH CLUB.

RANELAGH IN ITS PRIME.

When the German editors were shown over the Ranelagh Club's grounds the other day, they betrayed an ingenuous and very natural surprise. It was difficult, in fact, to make them understand that such a club had been formed in the interests of sport and pleasure and was maintained without effort at its evident pitch of luxurious prosperity. Foreign visitors are all impressed in this way. Nowhere outside England is there any such sporting club as the Ranelagh, with its three large polo grounds, its golf links and croquet lawns, its fine old garden and hall, its historical associations and modern comforts. The United States has residential country clubs, interesting and pleasant enough in their way; but they are neither on this scale nor the same sort of thing. The best polo club on the Continent owns practically nothing but a pavilion in a field. The Ranelagh, in these days, has therefore a reputation which, in time to come, will cause a certain place of fashionable resort that bore its name in the eighteenth century to be forgotten; for the proprietary syndicate has a lease of these 126 acres for a thousand years less one and it is not inconceivable that, as long as there is money and love for sport in England, the Ranelagh Club may last. In any case its management is now making history. Twelve years ago there was no such institution. A sporting club on a different and a much more modest footing had, indeed existed since 1883, but its effects were in the hands of an Official Receiver. The Ranelagh of to-day, with 2,100 members, and an immensely busy and varied life, has a national status—is a feature of the age and country.

Many things connect the club-house and the grounds picturesquely with the past. The house was Barn Elms. Queen Elizabeth bougth it for Sir Francis Walsingham, and was thrice entertained here by the courtier, who afterwards died poor in Seething-lane. Here Essex, out of favour, assembled desperate followers, "to do, without an army, what the Queen had failed to do with one." as Abraham Cowley bought the place "for solitude," Evelyn records; and when he died it became a Sunday riverside resort.

"Then away to my boat," writes Pepys, "and up with it as far as Barn Elms, reading of Mr. Evelyn's late new book against solitude. . . . Walked the lenght of the elms, and with great pleasure saw some gallant ladies and people come with their bottles and basket, and chairs and form, to sup under the trees by the water side."

Here, too, on what is now a charming lawn, the evil and famous duel was fought between the Duke of Buckingham and the Earl of Shrewsbury, with their parties—that duel in which the Countess held the Duke's horse, they said, in a page-boy's clothes, and afterwards went home with him, leaving her husband wounded. The lawn was fouled with one man's life-blood. Count Heidegger, that ugly master of George the Second's revels, whom the wits teased, was once a tenant, as, later, Signor Garcia was. But, of all past tenancies, that which brought the greatest number of notable men and women here was the Kit-Kat Club's. The room in which its members toasted beauty, plotted for the Protestant Succession, and said so many witty and gallant things, is now the golf-room. Prints of the Kneller portraits hang upon its walls.

The practical value of such a history is that the estate is finely timbered. A great botanical authority is my warrant for describing it as one of the most remarkable old private gardens of rare trees in England. First and last, landscape artistry has made it beautiful. The lawns and the winding lake are very pleasant on a summer afternoon, and you see them bright with the dainty costumes of ladies at croquet, tea, or little boating expeditions. There is shade for peoples watching the polo, and young trees are being planted to augment it. Pretty pavilions add to the general picturesqueness.

But for sporting enterprise, the romantic hall would have gone to ruin, and the estate perhaps been broken up for building. In 1883 the Kit-Kat room was found to have been a laundry and a lumber-store. Hardly any one knew it. In 1894, the new club took over buildings which, in spite of their known interest, had recently been much neglected. I suppose that £40,000 or 50,000 must have been spent since then upon continual improvements; for the directors, instead of declaring large dividends, have every winter added to the club's attractiveness. First the grounds were put in order, for polo had been going to the devil. Then the house was done up handsomely, and drained: there had been five cesspools under it! The stabling was modernised and greaty enlarged and the main pavilion built. As the club prospered, a new wing came to be added to the hall, containing on the ground (already fit to be played on), roadmaking, planting, lake-dredging, and a host of minor ameliorations.

This wise policy of continuous expenditure is the main secret of the Ranelagh Club's success. Its membership under the new regime has been quadrupled, and there is a long list of nominees waiting for election, despite the entrance fee. An entrance fee was very soon found to be necessary, by way of simplifying a little the duty of that strong electing committee which, under the Earl of Dudley's presidency, keeps up the tone and standard of the membership. But, practically, the whole establishment is maintained and steadily developed on a ten-guinea subscription. No club gives more for the money.

Throughout the summer, on every day of the week and all day long, the spacious grounds are busy. Last year no fewer than 131 polo matches and 114 members' games were got through; and these figures will be exceeded in the present season. Eight hundred golfing members played 15,432 games. The sporting golf-course has been much improved; and that, too, is a total sure to be passed, for there are more than 500 golfers who may be called habitues. Then the social side of the club's life has been fostered very happily by the recent laying out of croquetl awns, as it is this year; by the pastoral plays. These pretty and well-managed outdoor entertainments will, it is hoped, be a permanent annual feature.

Barn Elms has had vicissitudes, and more may be in store for it. You cannot guarantee a permanence of ideals in either sport of business. But in the present year of grace the Ranelagh Club fuches a highest point of success and reputation which has been reached by perfectly sound and natural means, and which so for as one can see, may be maintained by the same policy for an indefinite time to come.

SWAMI AHBEDANANDA'S LECTURE.

Universality of Vedanta Religion.

(From our Correspondent.)
MADRAS, July 17.

Yesterday evening Swami Ahbedananda addressed even a larger audience of the Hindu community than assembled the previous evening, nearly 3,000 persons being present. The Swami who was received with prolonged cheering and shouts of "Bande Mataram" delivered an address on "The Universality of the Vedanta Religion". The lecture lasted over an hour and covered a wide field. Concluding the Swami said :—

"The Vedanta Religion does not say everybody should believe one particular creed. On the contrary it shows each individual soul will have its own particular line of thought. A follower of the Vedanta religion is neither a Hindu nor a Mohammedan nor a Christian, but yet is one with all. He can worship in a church, mosque, or temple. He can worship in his own heart, for each human body is but the temple of the Living God, the church of the Almighty Father. All religions are like so many paths which lead to the same goal which is the infinite absolute existence, intelligence, bliss, and love."

MR. SUKHIA MISUNDERSTOOD.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE *Bombay Gazette*.

Sir,—In your report of the Corporation meeting in to-day's issue your reporter has wrongly put in my mouth the words "Sir Pherozeshah had been mis-represented.......chiefly by the Reporter of the *Times of India*." Neither such word nor similar words as are underlined were at all used by me. I cannot understand how he got into his head such words. The very sentence immediately following these above-mentioned words clearly shows what I meant by "Sir Pherozeshah being misrepresented" and by whom. I meant for the leader-writer only. I even expressed my surprise that though the report of Sir Pherozeshah's speech in the very paper is so clear and accurate that I could not understand how the leader-writer could infer as has been done by him in the leader, and I showed how Sir Phirozeshah was misrepresented in the leader by reading the *Times'* report. There is another discrepancy in your report. The report states "that charge was unfounded, groundless and base." The last word I used was "baseless" and not base as has been alleged. I believe either your reporter or the reporter of the *Times of India* has copied his report on this point from the report of another.

I take this opportunity of explaining how I took so much time at yesterday's meeting. It was because in support of my statements I had to quote various paragraphs from the "Sydney Plague Reports" for the years 1902, 1903 and 1904 by Dr. Thompson, and American books.—Yours, &c.

NADIRSHAW H. E. SUKHIA.

Advice to Mothers.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE WEATHER.

[By Telegraph.]
SIMLA, July 17.

The depression formed in the Bay has its centre, now, in East Gopalpur. This has greatly stimulated the activity of the Bombay monsoon current in the Peninsula and has somewhat diminished the rainfall in North-East India, due to the Bay current. The clouds have, temporarily, almost disappeared from Rajputana. A slight movement of the depression in a West-North Westerly direction appears possible.

In Burma the rainfall has been general and light to moderate on the Coast with a few light falls in the interior. The largest amounts were Tavoy, three inches, and Moulmein four. The skies are only lightly to moderately overcast and the temperature is generally in excess.

In North-East India and Orissa light rain has fallen locally. Dibrugarh and Jessore report one and a half inches, and Burdwan and Darbhunga one. The clouds having decreased considerably, the skies are now only lightly to moderately overcast, while the temperature does not differ by more than three degrees from normal in any station. In the sub-montane districts of the United Provinces and the Punjab a few falls have occurred. In the East of the Central Provinces, Gujarat and the Coast, the precipitation has been local, the chief amounts being Bahraich one and a half inches, Chakrata and Dwarka one, and Nagpur three. The clouds have decreased in Rajputana and Gujarat, and the skies are practically cleared in the extreme North.

They are moderately to heavily overcast in the Eastern sub-montane districts, the United Provinces, Central India, and the Central Provinces, and moderately overcast in Gujarat, and clear in the Punjab and the Frontier Province. The air has become slightly damper in the United Provinces, West Central India and Berar, and drier in parts of the Punjab, the Frontier Province and Rajputana. The temperature has fallen in the extreme North, owing to the disturbance, and has continued largely in excess in the Punjab.

On the West Coast, in the Deccan, Mysore and on the Central Madras Coast, the precipitation has been nearly general and light to moderate. Bombay had two inches, Goa four, Mormugao and Karwar three, Belgaum one, and Kurnool and Chitaldroog one and a half.

The skies have become completely overcast over the greater part of the Peninsula and, owing to the rain, the temperature has fallen rapidly and is now in defect, the greatest deficiency being eleven degrees at Bellary.

Nearly general rain is probable in the Burma Coast, the Delta of Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, and in the Peninsula; local rain in East Central India and the Central Provinces and some rain in the interior of Burma and the Northern Districts of North-East India and the East United Provinces.

STORMY WEATHER IN BOMBAY.

A portion of the cliff at Naoroji Hill collapsed last evening owing to the heavy rain, but fortunately no one was injured. The Engineering Department of the Bombay Municipality was informed and the road was cleared of the obstruction caused by the debris in course of the night.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In. Cts.	Esplanade. In. Cts.	Fort. In. Cts.	Colaba. In. Cts.
Previously registered	19 63	19 36	22 00	19 27
Tuesday 17th July 1903	2 30	2 00	1 67	1 57
Total	21 93	21 36	23 67	20 84
Total fall to 17th July '05	20 66	21 17	20 76	16 34
Total fall to 17th July '04	27 90	31 12	30 84	23 66

CUMBALLA HILL RAINFALL.

From July 16th to July 17th 1906.	Total from June 1st to July 17th 1906.	Total from June 1st to July 17th 1904.	Total from June 1st to July 17th 1905.
2·15	18·23	29·50	17·11

OBSERVATION TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON TUESDAY, JULY 17TH.

Stations.	Pressure 8 A.M.	Wind. Directions.	Wind. Average hours.	Temperature in shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temperature in shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Humidity.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Since 1st June to date.	Rainfall. Variation, 1st June date.
Bushire	29·399	ENE	..	..	..	..	....	0·00	—0·00
Jask	29·489	SE	15	93·8	86·2	84	....	0·07	—0·06
Muscat	29·441	E	..	..	..	..	....	0·24	—0·14
Aden	29·687	SW	..	..	..	..	....	0·00	—0·01
Lahore	29·395	Calm	7	91·4	81·3	80	....	2·42	—2·87
Sirsa	29·433	WSW	4	102·3	78·6	87	....	2·10	—1·73
Delhi	29·454	W	6	84·2	71·6	91	....	7·78	—1·03
Agra	29·456	SW	4	80·0	73·9	95	....	6·46	—2·56
Cawnpore	29·500	Calm	6	82·9	76·7	91	....	11·32	+2·19
Allahabad	29·483	ENE	6	82·6	77·0	82	....	6·26	—5·92
Jhansi	29·824	W	4	85·2	77·1	96	....	10·75	—2·06
Jacobabad	29·459	S	5	117·1	84·6	61	....	0·03	—0·72
Karachi	29·503	W	24	89·9	81·3	84	....	1·34	—1·41
Jeypore	29·538	WNW	13	95·7	81·1	60	....	6·18	—1·42
Ajmere	29·547	W	21	92·4	79·5	71	....	10·43	+3·54
Deesa	29·556	SSW	25	90·3	77·4	83	....	4·13	—3·33
Ahmedabad	29·567	WSW	10	93·2	81·1	77	....	11·58	—1·80
Bhuj	29·544	W	32	20·1	80·0	87	....	5·23	—0·64
Jamnagar	29·519	SW	31	93·0	80·2	83	0·03	8·36	—1·06
Dwarka	29·554	WSW	30	87·3	82·3	83	1·09	5·97	....
Rajkot	29·572	SW	22	95·9	79·5	83	....	4·57	—8·09
Bhavnagar Para.	29·577	Calm	19	96·6	81·5	68	....	8·82	+1·61
Veraval	29·578	NW	33	85·6	82·7	80	0·40	8·44	+0·24
Neemuch	29·571	WSW	21	89·5	77·2	67	....	10·45	+1·06
Indore	29·605	NW	17	86·1	73·1	78	....	19·34	+8·04
Saugor	29·541	WSW	17	81·4	74·6	80	....	21·65	+4·66
Jubbulpore	29·534	W	8	82·9	74·3	87	0·02	24·72	+4·78
Hoshangabad	29·556	WSW	8	87·0	75·8	84	....	13·81	—1·51
Khandwa	29·576	NW	13	85·2	74·6	84	....	10·97	+0·42
Raipur	29·509	W	11	83·1	73·4	90	0·10	12·12	—4·70
Nagpur	29·557	NNW	15	85·2	75·5	79	3·12	26·41	+9·49
Amraoti	29·597	W	1	85·6	72·8	91	0·05	13·68	+1·04
Akola	29·572	W	12	86·0	73·3	67	....	10·85	—0·31
Surat	29·592	SSE	15	87·1	78·6	98	0·15	10·75	—8·85
Malegaon	29·612	WSW	16	85·9	73·3	76	....	5·60	—1·66
Bombay	29·625	WSW	15	87·1	81·5	81	1·76	20·35	—16·08
Poona	29·667	WSW	24	84·6	71·3	82	0·18	10·68	+2·20
Ahmednagar	29·659	SW	17	87·9	79·2	69	0·13	8·05	+1·20
Aurangabad	29·647	WSW	22	87·8	71·0	78	0·20	10·63	....
Sholapur	29·665	SW	23	94·2	75·0	69	0·57	6·16	—0·48
Ratnagiri	29·660	NNW	10	85·8	78·4	83	1·51	47·60	—3·25
Bijapur	29·681	WSW	15	87·9	71·2	73	0·52	6·19	+1·45
Belgaum	29·698	WSW	23	79·3	68·3	81	1·16	9·94	—6·38
Mormugao	29·691	N	11	87·5	80·4	78	3·25	42·03	+0·04
Karwar	29·719	WNW	7	85·7	77·5	88	3·07	45·70	—13·20
Mangalore	29·746	WNW	4	85·4	74·4	86	0·92	47·20	—11·01
Calicut	29·758	Calm	5	86·7	76·2	90	1·12	36·45	—15·38
Cochin	29·785	SE	M	86·3	73·2	86	0·83	33·81	—7·51
Bangalore	29·756	WSW	12	84·8	65·8	80	0·33	5·63	+1·30
Hyderabad (Deccan).	29·614	W	10	91·3	75·2	73	0·52	11·68	+3·91
Masulipatam	29·572	WNW	7	89·0	77·1	87	1.50	12·33	+4·30
Bellary	29·676	WSW	13	97·0	75·7	60	0·71	6·02	+3·43
Cuddapah	29·653	W	G	96·2	80·9	60	0·61	10·15	+4·64
Madras	29·655	SW	7	99·0	77·0	58	0·17	4·13	+0·12
Coimbatore	29·724	NW	11	89·4	71·6	86	....	0·26	—2·04
Trichinopoly	29·709	W	8	101·1	80·3	53	....	2·73	+0·64
Nagapatam	29·695	NW	11	101·4	81·5	53	0·32	2·80	+0·32
Colombo	29·788	SW	11	87·0	77·0	79	....	4·81	—6·66

Bombay Local Rainfalls :—J. J. H. —2·30 (21·83); G. T. H. —2·05 (21·19); St. G. H. — 2·27 (23·42); C. P. — 1·76 (20·35).

SUMMARY.

Pressure has fallen briskly at Masulipatam, Hyderabad Deccan, Ratnagiri, Indore, Akola and Rajpur and has changed irregularly elsewhere.

Winds are north-easterly to south-easterly at Allahabad and Cochin and south-westerly to north-westerly at most of the other reporting stations. The force has been fresh to strong at Karachi, Veraval, Dwarka, Masulipatam, Belgaum and Bombay and moderate to light elsewhere.

Temperature.—The greatest variations are :—maximum 5° to 9° in excess of normal at Saugor, Jabbulpore, Bhavnagar Para, Indore, Rajkot, Ahmedabad, Deesa, Jaipur, Delhi, Agra, Jhansi and Lahore and 5° to 13° in defect at Bijapur, Bangalore, Hyderabad Deccan, Masulipatam, Bellary, Cuddapah and Madras; minimum 5° to 9° in excess at Agra, Delhi, Jhansi and Lahore. The highest temperature in the shade was 109° at Jacobabad and the lowest 65° at Bangalore.

Cloud and Humidity.—The skies are cloudy to overcast in all districts except in Rajputana, the Punjab, and United Provinces, where they are almost clear.

Rain.—Twenty-eight stations report rain, the heaviest falls recorded being 3·25" at Mormugao, 3·12" at Nagpur, 3·07" at Karwar and between one and two inches at Dwarka, Bombay, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Cochin and Masulipatam.

Weather.—Conditions are favourable for rain over nearly the whole country lying to the south of latitude 22°. Weather is becoming gradually more favourable for rain over the Deccan.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

A SERIOUS COLLISION ON THE SIND RAILWAY.

Two Goods Trains Damaged.

(From our Correspondent.)
KARACHI, July 17.

A collision occurred between two goods trains early this morning between the flag statio of Gangwari and Jugshahi on the Kotri side causing derailment of two engines and four wagons, the contents of which were thrown out and are lying scattered on the line in a miserable condition. Great damage was done to the rolling stock. Passengers of 8 Down Mail were transhipped and brought by a train specially despatched from Karachi city for the purpose. Both Up and Down lines are blocked for half a mile of distance at Jungshahi distant signal.

It appears the Station Master Gangwari Flag Station started three down trains one after another before receiving intimation of the arrival of the first train. These three down trains collided with 149 up goods train. It is reported several bales of cotton caught fire. The mail train arrived here over three hours late.

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NOTICE.

The Price of the Daily Edition having been Reduced from Four Annas to One Anna (vide "Business Notice" on page 2), the Publication of the "Bi-Weekly Edition" has been discontinued since the 1st instant.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," LIMITED.

"The Bombay Gazette" having been reduced in price, the accounts of Subscribers who have paid in advance, will be adjusted for the period subsequent to the 30th June 1906, according to the Scale shown in the Business Notice which appears on page 2 of this issue.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1906.

DRY FARMING

DRY-farming, the Hope of the West, is the subject of a remarkable article, by Mr. John L. Cowan, in an American magazine, which may be commended to the attention of all interested in the agriculture of this country. Mr. Cowan brings to our notice a method of producing bountiful crops, without irrigation in semi-arid districts. Nearly one-third of the entire area of the United States, exclusive of Alaska and the insular possessions, consists of vacant public lands regarded as naturally unsuited to cultivation on account of insufficient rainfall. Agriculture is confined almost to small scattered bits of irrigated land. The vacant public domain now consists of about six hundred millions of acres. Of this area Mr. Cowan calculates probably seventy millions are absolute deserts, of sand, alkali, rock and inhospitable mountain peaks, on which no useful vegetation is found, and which will probably never be of any considerable economic value to mankind, excepting for their mineral resources. Possibly seventy million acres may be reclaimed by irrigation and thus brought to usefulness, and there are at least three hundred million acres which may be utilised only for grazing. Of the arid and semi-arid areas there are not less than a thousand million acres. In them the normal rainfall is insufficient for the successful cultivation of the ordinary crop plants, by ordinary methods. Agriculture, wherever attempted at all, partakes of the nature of a hazardous speculation, generally resulting in disaster, or at best in a meagre hand-to-mouth existence ; and grazing, backed up by ample capital and resources, is considered the only safe and profitable pursuit. Yet it has been proved that wherever the rainfall is no more than twelve inches per annum as good crops can be grown without irrigation as with it. According to Mr. Cowan, the United States Department of Agriculture has only just awakened to a realisation of the importance of dry-farming or scientific soil-culture, which means more to the people of the United States than do all the costly irrigation schemes now in course of construction or projected. If one per cent. of the money being, or about to be, spent on irrigation works were devoted to the education of the people who ought to be interested in dry-farming, it is believed that five hundred millions of acres of land could be reclaimed from its present unproductive state.

It is only necessary to make the most of the rain and the snow and then adapt farming methods to natural conditions. Lands that produce rich buffalo grass and grama can be made to yield crops, still more valuable, with cultivation adapted to the soil and climate. It is not certain that wherever the sage-bush and cactus and greasewood grow plants of economic value may not be cultivated, but what has been demonstrated is that in scores of places in Nebraska, Mr. Campbell, the pioneer dry-farmer of arid America, has been uniformly successful in producing without irrigation the same results as are expected with irrigation. The expense has been slightly greater and a great deal more labour and watchfulness have been involved. Still what can be done by Mr. Campbell can also be effected in districts which are unirrigated and likely to remain so for all time. In dry-farming it is necessary to keep the surface of the land loose and finely pulverised. This forms a soil mulch that permits the rains and melting snows to percolate readily through to the compacted soil beneath ; and that, at the same time, prevents the moisture stored in the ground from being brought to the surface by capillary attraction, to be absorbed by the hot-dry air. The second principle is to keep the sub-soil finely pulverised and firmly compacted, increasing its water-holding capacity and its capillary attraction, and placing it in the best possible physical condition for the germination of seed and the development of plant roots. The dry-farmer thus stores water, not in dams and artificial reservoirs, but where it can be reached by the roots of growing crops. By this means a rainfall of twelve inches can be conserved so effectively that it will produce better results than are usually expected of an annual precipitation of twenty-four inches in humid America. And Mr. Campbell has made it possible to cover with wheat and corn, alfalfa and other useful crops, ten thousands of square miles of fertile land on which nothing but sage-bush, cacti, kansas sunflowers, and bunch-grass are now found.

What can be done in America can just as easily be done in this country, but it seems to us that the great obstacle in the way of applying the principles to arid tracts in India is the expense. Labour would be cheap enough, but the Native ryot has not the necessary capital wherewith to make a start. The aid of Government or of co-operative societies would have to be sought ; for, in addition to the taking of land on which to experiment, other items of preliminary expense would have to be provided for. Special agricultural implements have been designed and brought into use for packing the sub-soil and for stirring and pulverising the surface. It must be borne in mind that there is no hope of even moderate success without unceasing and tireless diligence. After rain, instead of driving the water off, the ground is harrowed over and over again to place the soil mulch in proper condition. The seed is drilled in just deep enough to place it in the soil mulch in the moist, compacted soil beneath causing germination in the quickest possible time. After planting, Mr. Cowan warns the farmer, he must not trust to luck and Providence to do the rest and blame it all on the weather if the final result is failure. He must continue to harrow over the ground after each drop of rain until the growing crop is too far advanced to permit of this without causing its destruction. By that time it covers the ground fairly well, protecting it to some extent from the sun and hot winds and making the constant loosening of the soil mulch less imperative. Then no sooner is the crop harvested than preparation begins for the next seeding. The plough follows close behind the harvester, cutting a furrow seven inches deep. Behind the plough follows the sub-soil packer and through winter and summer is persistent and untiring effort required. The dry-farmer knows no season of rest or idleness. The methods resorted to in dry-farming were evolved by the experience of private individuals, without official aid or encouragement, yet within the last four years the Department of Agriculture has made a contribution of inestimable importance to the movement by making systematic and successful search for crop and plants particularly adapted to cultivation in arid and semi-arid regions. All the ordinary cereals, forage plants, fruits, berries and vegetables will flourish and richly reward the agriculturist in the arid belt, and the Department of Agriculture and the various State agricultural schools have shown that certain valuable crops can be raised with much less labour than others and that some will flourish better without irrigation in some parts of arid America than they will flourish in any part of humid America. Among the crops now most cultivated are sorghum, the dwarf Milo maize, Turkish alfalfa, Kaffir corn, proso, emmer, Swedish oats, beardless barley, native white-stem grass and several other native grasses, besides durum or macaroni wheat. Mr. Cowan gives statistics of the yields and shows how, at the time of writing, the crops on the dry-farms gave signs of a more abundant yield than those of the nearest irrigated areas. In short, the report he gives us seems to open up a long vista of possibilities not only in America but in other countries.

ANY STICK GOOD ENOUGH.

THERE are many things which are hard to comprehend but the attitude which has been taken, by adherents of the present Government, over the Chinese labour question is quite incomprehensible. First we were promised that not only the importation but the employing of Chinese labour was to end like a puff of smoke, on the present Government coming into power. The wordy promise had the effect, which was only to be expected, of robbing the country of some fifty millions, and about nine-tenths of the thinking population gave a sigh of relief on finding the subject being tacitly dropped. But having secured value on a bogus promissory note some sort of justification had to be found, and it arrived in a proclamation, issued in South Africa, for the benefit of those coolies who wished to be repatriated. With much self-congratulation Mr. Winston Churchill, like some Adelphi melo-dramatic hero, pointed to what he had done. And after all six, out of how many thousands coolies, asked to return home ? He would probably find as many more Englishmen ready to accept a free passage from India. Subsequently the number applying for repatriation increased slightly, but so slightly that it proved the absolute falsehood of the slavery accusations which had been made. But failure has only acted as an incentive to a certain faction. The political fiasco which resulted from the attempt to pass a Vote of Censure on Lord Milner might well have acted as a deterrent on those who like to follow a policy of calumny. Lord Milner having come through the fire with heightened reputation, an attack is now being made on Lord Selborne. Recently a new journal appeared under the title of "John Bull", but we remember the career of Mr. Horatio Bottomley, its editor, and are inclined to think that his strictures will not carry much weight. Indeed, were his not the most violent of many attacks made on Lord Selborne they might be allowed to pass. The specific charge made by Mr. Bottomley is that Lord Selborne has deliberately gone out of his way to deceive both the coolies and the British Government. The original proclamation was read by Mr. Winston Churchill in the House of Commons and what seems most to raise the ire of its critic is that some attempt has been made to provide for the honesty of purpose of the coolies during repatriation. Mr. Bottomley has, presumably, spent too much time in the City to appreciate the fact that a word for word translation is often impossible and, after the Secretary of the Chinese Embassy has said he knows no one competent to perform the translation, he finds two different meanings in the same thoughts. A paragraph in the original document said : "If circumstances appear to me to warrant it, I will take note of and register the application, but the applicant will thereafter have to make an honest effort by working on his mine, to earn a contribution towards his expenses." Side by side with this with a profusion of italics Mr. Bottomley's translator, competency not guaranteed, places his version:—"If the statement be considered worthy of belief, then the application will be granted, after which the applicants still would have to work in the mines, and the money thus saved would be added to the sum of returning fares. The *Manchester Guardian* is horror-stricken because those, for whom the Chinese version is intended are told to "tremble and obey." Mr. Bottomley reproduces this with gusto, quiet oblivious of the phrase of which he must often have heard, "Fail not at your peril." The whole article is an excellent example of the wonderful lack of knowledge which is essential for a place in a modern Parliament, but it in no way lessens the discomfort of those who have to suffer from the government of those who consider that the only important national asset is their own voice.

"STABILITY" VERSUS "FIXITY."

The recent change in nomenclature of "Gold Reserve" to "Gold Standard Reserve" has been followed by another change in the Mint Returns. We find that the amount which is held by the Mint in reserve in silver discs (ready for coinage) and hitherto called the "Silver Reserve Fund" is now changed to "Blank Reserve Fund"—a term which may suggest anything ! There is an inscrutability about these terms which, at times, creates a quandary ; while the transition from one term to another of an item that identifies itself in its practical character shews that there is an absence of decision lurking somewhere in regard to the future of Indian Finance in relation to a "standard" between India and England. Ethics and theories, improvised or traditional, may be excellent fall-backs to explain away the skeletons that may at untoward times exhibit themselves in the cupboards of Official Finance, but when Practical Finance supervenes and forces itself on the situation, fact rather than precept will assert itself and ethics and theories will have to give way to stern reality. No matter what the solicitude and ardour that may be summoned up to bring them to the fore to sustain a situation of either official expediency or exigency, and whatever the transitions in terms may be intended to accomplish, the fact remains that the legislation that standardized the Sovereign as a 15-Rupee Gold-piece has in effect given India a gold standard or, in other words, a 1*s.* 4*d.* equilibrium between silver and gold. Whether it be called a "stable" or "fixed" standard matters little in the practical effect that it has had on exchange, which is the fulcrum of trade between India and England. The issue does not, however, rest at that point ; for the object of the Government Financiers should be, we think, to offer facilities for the flow into India of British capital, which can only be attained by a "fixity" of standard. "Fixity" is an eventuality of the future—far or near ; and if the "stability" result be taken into account, there is everything in favour of "fixity" to urge its immediate adoption, instead of that being left to posterity to accomplish, whereby the present generation in India is deprived of the beneficial effects of the first essential of practical Indian Finance. Our Indian Paper is quite as gilt-edged as Consols, and the disparity in the nett yield of these two securities shews the extent to which the silver security stands depreciated comparatively with the more pretentious but no better gilt-edged gold security : the difference may be assessed, at the least, at the percentage that would arise in favour of our Paper if "fixity" take the place of a proclaimed "stability" only of standard. Indeed, a first step in the reform would be for the investment in our Paper to be popularised in England by the payment of interest on it at the Bank of England (as in the case of Consols) at the present "stable" rate of 1*s.* 4*d.*

EGYPT.

The promised blue-book on the Turko-Egyptian frontier was presented to both Houses by the Foreign Office on Monday afternoon. It contains—though we have only a telegraphic summary to go upon—several statements, which throw light on the recent feeling of apprehension prevailing in Egypt, and justify the proposal to strengthen the permanent British garrison in that country. Moreover there seems to be good reason for holding a strong force in reserve, ready at any moment to be transported to Alexandria. Not much importance is usually attached to anonymous letters, but that forwarded by Lord Cromer to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs seems to express the situation with remarkable clearness. No attempt seems to have been made—so far as we can judge—to inculpate Germans. It was feared at Berlin that much capital would be made of the case and our correspondent, in a letter received last mail, anticipated the possibility. He wrote :—"The obstinacy with which the Turks have maintained their claims in the Egyptian frontier dispute has been attributed to the fact that Germany is backing the Turkish Government and encouraging it in its opposition to Egypt, that is, in reality to Great Britain. But the friendly relations of Germany to Turkey are exactly the reasons why the Government of Germany have been opposed to the Turkish action from the very first, because this must in any case produce results unfavourable for Turkey. . . The explanation of the indiscreet policy pursued by Turkey is here supposed to be that the Turkish Government wishes to let the Khedive of Egypt and the whole Mahomedan world know that the Mahomedan Caliphate is still in existence and that every Mussalman owes it obedience. The Khedive has however refused allegiance and accordingly the Caliph inevitably suffer a loss of prestige." Such appears to be the view, too, of Lord Cromer's anonymous friend.

THE re-organisation of the Veterinary Services in India is under consideration

THE name of "Scudder" has been long associated with the American Arcot Mission. We see from the Report of the Mission for last year, just issued, that no less than 14 persons, bearing the name of Scudder, are now at work under the Mission.

THE Madras Government have informed the Ootacamund Municipality that if there are no cases of plague and no dead rats discovered in Ootacamund, Coonoor and Mettupalliam up to the 1st proximo, the District will be declared free from plague.

THERE is a good deal in a name when the American Customs are concerned. Mr, W. M. Leeds has been ordered to pay an additional duty of £20,000 on a pearl necklace which he recently imported. It was broken up, and the appraiser in New York assessed it as pearls, charging 10 per cent of its value. The Treasury, however, declares that the ornament, which is worth £40,000, must be assessed as a necklace, which means that a duty of 60 per cent, £24,000, will have to be paid.

A PARISIAN shopkeeper has won fame by being the exact double of President Fallieres. As is usually the case with doubles of eminent people, he does his best to emphasise the likeness. He trims his beard like the President's and affects the same style in cravats. In these days of bombs people who resemble rulers would be well advised if they disguised the likeness instead of obtruding it on public notice.

MR. H. C. Wilson, the Ceylon Fishing Club expert, was to leave Nuwara Eliya last week *en route* for the Nilgiris with about 200 fry. Mr. Wilson expects to arrive at Ootacamund early this week. The delay in proceeding was partly due to the frequent stormy weather at Nuwara Eliya since the 16th June. Heavy rain has fallen since the 5th and this has prevented the fry from being treated as they should be for the journey. Arrangements for transit by rail and on boardship have been carefully perfected by Mr. Wilson.

THE other day a railway guard called at Nedjib Pasha Melhani's house in Constantinople with a parcel and a demand for forty piastres, the price of bringing it from Paris. Nedjib Pasha, since he conducted the investigation into the attempt on the Sultan last summer, suspects bombs everywhere. He made his servants open the parcel in the street. A weird looking contrivance was disclosed, obviously a bomb of the latest pattern, and the guard was arrested. It turned out later that the "bomb" was an electric belt which another Nedjib had imported from Paris, getting it smuggled through the Customs by a railway official who was to receive forty piastres for his pains.

The Duchess of Devonshire gave a brilliant ball at Devonshire House recently. Wearing beautiful diamonds, the hostess received her guests—some 500 in number—at the top of the marble staircase. The two ballrooms were decorated with orchids and malmaisons, and there were banks of roses in the hall. In a large marquee, draped in blue and yellow the Duke's racing colours, twelve large supper tables were arranged, while hundreds of fairy lights illuminated the gardens. The Marquess and Marchioness of Graham were unable to be present, having left earlier in the evening for Scotland.

A GLIMPSE OF ARCADY.

THERE is only one road in all Morocco, writes Francis Campbell, and it lies in the sunshine, gleaming white over mountain and valley, between Tangier and Cape Spartel. At Cape Spartel there is a lighthouse. Both lighthouse and road were built by the nations, and Morocco had no hand in them. The only safe excursion, is from Tangier to the lighthouse, and from the lighthouse to Tangier; on holidays everbody makes it—it is the only thing to do.

The Ulsterman—whose name has been abbreviated to Mac—said he had got us horses, and we must ride to Cape Spartel. Mac has become quite intimate with all the country round, and, oblivious of any danger he might incur in the process, he carries the very latest thing in "pocket-guns," and exhibits it with conscientious pride on the slightest provocation. Mac seems happy in metaphorically inviting the Moors to tread on the tail of his coat. In my mind I am always hearing him asking them to come on and have things knocked out of them. I think they have an astonished sort of respect for something rather akin to themselves in him. He tells me with pride of his descent from a famous old Celtic king who was wont to fare into the thick of battle singing joyfully. Mac does not sing, but the joy shows in his eyes. He has very extraordinary eyes—I have never seen their like in any but a purely Celtic face : deep hazel, with pupils that dilate when he is moved, till the whole eye is a luminous violet. These eyes, with his thick creamy skin and red hair, his height and breadth make him a striking object. It is very interesting and just a little exciting, to ride out with him. Some big Moor comes billowing along in stately fashion, prepared to move aside for nothing under the sun. Mac meets him in the narrow way and stops it up completely, and they look at each other for a while. Not very long ; the Moor falters under that magnetic gaze ; the immovable bronzed features disconcert him, perhaps ; but he pulls aside and Mac sails on leisurely and with great nonchalance, as if the moving of mountains had been his occupation from youth up. The Pickle loves going out with him. Felicia is not so sure ; she returns trembling for the dangers she has passed, and determined never, *never* to go again; but she always goes. Perhaps it is the way he puts it to her. He comes striding accross the marble floor and places his morning offering before us—roses always, fragrant and sweet—and, smiling down like some great good-humoured giant, says carelessly :

"You will be comin' out with Pickle an' I, Miss Felicia ?"

She sniffs at her roses, and wonders if she will, but she always does. It is very odd ! Sometimes I go too ; it depends on my stock of backbone —sometimes I have none, at other times I have a little. I went to Cape Spartel with the garnerings of a week and expended it all.

The road made by the nations is about nine miles long, and it starts from the foot of "The Mountain." The Mountain is where the wealthy of Tangier built their lordly pleasure houses, tremble in. It is where Rasuli captured M. Pericardis, and carried him away. Rasuli does not do anything in that line now ; the Sultan has made him Governor of the district, and so far no soaring aspirant has dared to follow his example. But it is quite possible that, some day, there will arise one who will have the courage, and then there will be another flight to Tangier from the Mountain.

When a tribe has a grievance they want ventilated they say, "Let's go out and kill a Christain." Any Christian will do. Then there is a row, and the grievance is seen to, and all is well. Sometimes, however, the grievance needs gold for its salving, and the Christian will have to be kidnapped and kept captive till the salve is forthcoming. They can pick and choose on the Mountain, for Society, if it has to remain in Tangier during the summer, suffers mightily from the smell, which grows dense as a yellow fog, so that it can almost be cut and stored—if one could find a use for it. I think myself that it would be far more disastrous than lyddite.

Horses that can be hired in Tangier are the vilest of their kind. We had an eventful starting off. My steed had every vice a horse can show, save only that he did not lie down and roll with me ; the Pickle's did that ; Felicia's bit and squealed, and danced on his hind legs, till Mac made her dismount and "took the freshness out of him"—he went quietly after that. But he needed considerable discouraging. Apart from the rolling, the Pickle's was afflicted with profound melancholy, and had a quaint way of shaking his head at our frivolity. I knew he thought us very trivial. But they were all very interesting ; horsemanship in Morocco is an acquired taste, more interesting than enjoyable.

Climbing the Mountain left them no breath to "play up," it was very steep, and the cobbles very slippery; every here and there it would twist a corner, and become so narrow that there was hardly room for us to go in single file—being mounted gave us delightful glimpses into the quaint Moorish interiors. Tiny little houses, enclosed in a palisade of dry bamboo grass or reeds, and surrounded by little gardens, tidy and green. I saw a tall girl in a tight shirt of lemon yellow, with a great silver zone set with flawed emeralds, a short white cloth about her legs, and her head wrapped up in a many-coloured striped shawl, kneading dough, for the Moorish bread, in the sun, singing the low, monotonous, never-ending air of some love-song. Farther on, an old woman bent with years, gorgeous in verdigris and copper colour, laying snowy linen out to dry on a green lawn ; and farther up, a woman, with two children by her, playing the lute and singing to a girl who danced, almost naked, in the shadow under a bella sombra. Her bangles clashing musically, her earrings flashing, less bright than her eyes, and her long limbs shining under the thin muslin of her solitary garment, she was like some nymph caught dancing on the green. And they all fled and hid their faces from Mac, who had no eyes for any face save one that, moonlight pale and white rose-sweet, was there beside him.

The Pickle called to them in her fresh childish voice, "Lila ! Lila !" That is the Arabic for "little girl," and they would peep out at her and cry in response, "Lilah ! Lilah !"—Lady ! Lady !

From among the thick forest on either hand, as we climbed, came the never-ending song, now and again the lute, now and again the pipe—the nightingales glugg-glugged in the dense leafage overhead, the blackbird called and whistled and up higher still the lark sped upwards invisible in the blue. Running water in the dim green of the woodlands is always beautiful. The little fountains along this road are like the fountains of Fairyland, because of the people who came to them for water. There was a girl who came down in a loose white haik over a dress of apricot silk with a wide silver girdle. She filled her jar, and lifted it with a slow graceful sweep to her right shoulder ; then, steadying it with the tips of her thin henna-dyed fingers, she, lifting a fold of her white haik to her eyes, looked at us over it, smiling, as all the Moorish women do, at the Pickle. Then she went up a side-path, the sunlight and the shadow falling across her as she walked, a vision of beauty that would dissolve in some hovel by the way.

Then we came upon a tiny woman of some thirteen years who, with her infinitesimal baby, was washing clothes and spreading them laboriously on the grass—the poor little grave thing, burdened, in her own babyhood, with the mystery and terror of life. Then we came to a little wayside cafe, where the host and hostess had hung out decorations for the Spanish King and his English bride ; there was an awful picture of the bride, and a still more terrible one of the groom, on the tiny verandah over the riot of a climbing rose. "Alfonso and Ena," explained the smiling Spaniard who was mine host—and Alfonso looked down and frozze us with a stony eye.

There was a large, Rubens-like lady in front of the cafe, seated, apparently, on a donkey, for nothing was visible beneath her save four slender, wavering legs, the rest being hidden under her generous personality, which was attired in an astonishing gown made of cretonne, flowered all over with poppies, roses, and other things ; and on her head this lady wore a huge picture-hat, with three feathers—red, white, and blue—probably a compliment to the English bride of Alfonso. She was calling to someone in the cafe, calling in a liquid, cooing voice, with nods and becks and wreathed smiles," her head inclined gracefully backwards ; when suddenly the legs under her collapsed and she reclined among the pine-needles and rose petals in the dust.

(Concluded on page 6.)

KARACHI NOTES AND NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JULY 15.

THE NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

WITH the Mercantile community in Karachi the main topic still is the failure of the North-Western Railway to cope with the down traffic of wheat. Relying on Railway promises the different export houses have made certain sales for June and July shipment and have chartered steamers sufficient to carry away their cargoes. The wheat, however, is still lying at wayside stations, the steamers lie in the stream on demurrage. One firm at least is having a very bad time. Demurrage is an item and a heavy one in the losses contracted this year by shippers of wheat. The total loss of contracts is an even more serious blow at a struggling and half-fledged industry. There is nothing that affects the shippers of wheat more but it also dissipates the value of Government's expenditure and enterprise in irrigation works, which serve little but rice, gram, and wheat fields. What can be the use of extending irrigation till the Railway can deal with the resulting crops ? The Railway authorities make a great point of the facts that their promises (made as to gross traffic only, they now say) have been kept and that their gross traffic returns have even exceeded their estimates. That to their gross general traffic returns have done so, their profits show it is true, but whereas in a time of rush general traffic may be retarded with a minimum of loss and inconvenience to consignees, delay in the transport of wheat and seeds spells blue ruin. The North-Western is no doubt grievously short of rolling stock and traction power. There is evidence, however, that the interests of wheat-exporters, of the port, of cultivators and indirectly of Government itself have all been deliberately sacrificed in order to push general traffic and increase immediate profits. The majority of the community has in fact been sold for about two lakhs of rupees.

THE KARACHI HUNT.

On the 9th instant the Commissioner in Sind and Mr. Younghusband gave a dinner to the members of the Karachi Hunt "to meet the M. F. H. and Mrs. Graham." From the sport point of view the Karachi Hunt is a flourishing institution ; during the past season jacks were plentiful, fields large, the hounds keen and well hunted and the runs excellent. Financially, however,—it is usual with packs in India as at Home,—there is trouble. Too large a share of responsibility and expense have been put upon Mr Graham's shoulders. In a place like Karachi with so many sporting merchants and so large a garrison there is no reason why the burden should not be equitably distributed over a larger section of the community. With this object the Hunt is being reorganised.

AMATEUR THEATRICALS.

In aid of the poor Hunt Mr. A. Thole produced for two nights, Pinero's Police Court Comedy *The Magistrate*. It is a wonderful piece, and hereafter the student may learn from it as much of the great British public as Aristophanes can teach us of the Athenians. Pinero had had to come to the rescue of a tottering management. Piece after piece had failed to attract. Always the higher priced seats were "papered," the pit and the gallery empty. Now the pit and gallery filled, a non-musical comedy can run with profit, though the booked seats be full of "dead-heads." Pinero's train of thought may be guessed :—"Respectability in pit and gallery knows nothing of Police Magistrate, of Army Officers, of butlers or even smart maid-servants." A Police-Magistrate in London must really be a man of sufficient ability and character to run the race of the Bar and *get placed*. The pit likes to regard such a man as a philanthropist weak in the head.

Butlers ! Wooden things, a veneer of respect covering a *deal* of contempt for their masters.

A smart maid can talk King's English and probably will read French novels. I'll make one talking like a suburban "General" and revelling in the *Family Herald* Supplement.

If I mix in a respectable lady lying with circumstance to her husband, the especial circumstance being her son of nineteen disguised as a child in an Eton suit, there is the likelihood of high success.

The occasional assumption of evening-dress by my clients in the long, long queue has, in itself, a spice of delightful deviltment. I'll give good measure—my character shall wear nothing else. There's Art and Artfulness for you !

Mr. Thole cast the piece as follows :—

Posket	Mr. W. Penfold.
Bellamy	Mr. J. S. Cooper.
Cis	Mr. T. C. Beaumont.
Colonel Lukyn	Major Reay, R. A.
Captain Vale	Captain Lawrence, 24th Reg.
Wyke and Isidore	Mr. J. Wood, 5th D. G.
Achille Blond	Mr. P. Negrepontis.
Wormington	Mr. A. Thole.
Inspector	Captain Macleasay, 29th Baluchis.
Sergeant	Mr. J. Shiels.
Constable	Mr. Webb, 24th Reg.
Mrs. Posket	Mrs Chitty.
Charlotte	Mr. Graham.
Beatie	Miss Bayles.
Popham	Miss Jackson.

The play was very well done, and most of the players made *just one hit* at some time or another, as Amateurs love to do. For instance, Mr. Cooper as a bad loser at cards, Captain Lawrence in the wet, Mr. Wood with "tuppence," and Mrs. Graham ravenous after a long fast were all most amusing. Nothing would be too complimentary to say of Mr. "Penfold's" Posket. The doting devotion, the vacillating weakness, the despairing humiliation and finally the righteous indignation were shown in a way one does not expect to see from an amateur anywhere. Mr. Beaumont never fails to be amusing, and though he is to be preferred in "song and dance," it must be admitted his part suited him and he played it for all it was worth. Mrs Chitty played well and spoke her part clearly. The other ladies looked and acted charmingly, but were almost inaudible in so large a building.—The Hunt finances will benefit largely by the proceeds of this production.

A ZENANA BAZAAR.

Take in your hand six square feet of delicate cambric, fretted with countless intricate drawn thread designs and overwoven with fair-hued silk spun flowers.

In what quiet home did countrywomen of your labour with so much art and gentle care to make this trifle ? To see hundreds of such objects, what nightmare ! That gentlewomen so industrious, so skilful, so tender with their little hands, should make these things and not make them as gifts for flesh and blood, near and dear to them ! Should put their little hearts into work to be sold to strangers at rates insufficient to reward the labour of charwoman !

The annual bazaar of the Church of England Zenana Mission had scores and scores of pieces of such needle work in the Frere Hall, and for thirty pieces of silver a man might bring the result of thrice thirty hours of the delicate labour of a gentlewoman.

The woman who can do so much, to bring it to charity so little, is not one in a burdened, with home-cares, with children, husband or even in-laws.

Prosper the Zenana Mission here, but verily at home the suffering and social wrongs of "unappropriated blessings" and occupationless womanhood become daily more evident.

ODDS AND ENDS.

The *Phœnix* newspaper is busily spasming away at Standard Time. Our Municipality, however, sits tight nor will be moved.

The libel case of Condor *vs.* Wodo has been finally determined in the defendant's favour after a whole year of litigation.

THE Lieutenant-Governor and the Sanitary Commissioner of Assam alike feel doubt as to the efficiency of the agency which registers births. The doubt seems to be justified by the fact that the birth-rate last year, according to the returns, varied from 69·16 in Barpeta to 1·71 in Jhalakati. The death-rate in these two towns was 55·21 and 4·77 respectively. Barpeta, it is true, is a sacred town to which Hindu women resort, but no explanation can be given of the extraordinary results recorded in Jhalakati.

AN amusing exchange of courtesies has recently occurred between a well-known Liberal hostess and Mrs. John Burns. Lady H.—recently wrote to the wife of the President of the Local Government Board regretting that, as Grosvenor-square was such a long way off from Battersea, she had not been able to call on Mrs. Burns, but added that she hoped Mrs. Burns would come to her party on the —th. Mrs. Burns replied declining the kind invitation, as Battersea was just as far from Grosvenor-square as Grosvenor-square was from Battersea.

TURKEY AND EGYPT

RELIANCE ON FANATICISM.

The Secret Power of the Sultan.

NECESSITY FOR AN INCREASED GARRISON.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 16.

A Blue-Book has been published regarding the Turco-Egyptian frontier.

Lord Cromer, in a despatch to Sir E. Grey, dated 21st May, referred to the danger of an advance on the Suez Canal. A serious attack on Egypt, he said, seemed out of the question, but it was possible that a raid might be attempted with a view to causing an outburst of fanaticism in Egypt. Such an attempt would have been of a most desperate nature, as a reverse would mean annihilation of the attackers. But it seemed undesirable to take risks, so the Navy undertook to defend the Canal. Dealing with the influence of the Pan-Islamic Press, Lord Cromer doubts whether any newspaper would have risked its mendacity and misrepresentation, but is of opinion that the Pan-Islamic Press should be left alone for the present, trusting to time and reliance on facts and convincing the Egyptian public of the folly of those preaching Pan-Islamism ; But, he adds, if the Press seriously menaces the public tranquility, it will be the duty of Government to resort to repression. Anyhow, the conclusion to be drawn is absolutely clear, namely, that the British garrison in Egypt must be permanently increased at the cost of the Egyptian Treasury.

Lord Cromer finally transmits an unsigned letter addressed to him by an anonymous, but evidently enlightened and educated, Egyptian, who bears eloquent testimony to all Great Britain has done in Egypt ; but points out that once the sword is drawn, it would no longer be a matter of choice, as any Moslem must fight for the Sultan, regardless of all considerations.

MASSACRE OF ZULUS IN NATAL.

Bambaata's Corpse Decapitated.

SENSATION IN LONDON.

LONDON, JULY 17.

Much sensation has been caused in London by reports of massacre of Zulus by native levies and the decapitation of the corpse of Bambaata.

The Natal Government admits the latter which was done for the purpose of identification, but affirms that the operations have been conducted with unexampled humanity.

THE SALISBURY RAILWAY COLLISION.

Speed Rule not Observed.

The inquest in connection with the Railway collision at Salisbury showed that the train rounded the curve at seventy miles an hour instead of the prescribed thirty miles.

THE RIOTS AT TEHERAN.

Peaceful Order Restored.

Reuter (Teheran) wires that the disturbances have ended, the bazaars reopened, and the troops withdrawn.

THE CRUISE OF THE BRITISH FLEET.

Entirely Abandoned.

LONDON, JULY 17.

It is officially notified that the cruise of the British Fleet has been entirely abandoned owing to Russia's attitude.

GREAT FIRE IN RUSSIA.

Enormous Damage at Nijni Novgorod.

A great fire is raging at Nijni Novgorod. Two hundred and seventy-five houses and several warehouses have been destroyed in six hours.

THE DREYFUS' CASE.

Appointments for Dreyfus and Picquart.

LONDON, JULY 17.

Major Dreyfus has been appointed to the 12th Battery of Artillery.

General Picquart has also received a command.

THE EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

Legislative Council to be Formed.

In the House of Commons Mr. Winston Churchill said it was proposed at an early date to issue Letters Patent, establishing a Legislative Council in the East Africa Protectorate, including unofficial members nominated by the Crown.

MEETING OF SERVICE M. P's.

Protest against Linked Battalions.

At a meeting of Members of the House of Commons, belonging to the Service, a Resolution was passed condemning the Linked Battalion System and urging the prohibition of the public execution of soldiers in India and elsewhere.

THE WELSH CHURCH.

Disestablishment Pending.

Mr. Lloyd George, speaking at the Liberation Society dinner, forecasted a Welsh Disestablishment ill in the third session of Parliament.

THE CHINESE ENVOY LEAVES SIMLA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 17

Mr. Chang, the Chinese Envoy, left Simla to-day for Calcutta.

THE BANGALORE HOSPITAL.

Opening of the New Operating Theatre.

A MAGNIFICENT GIFT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JULY 16.

The new Operating Theatre at the Lady Curzon Hospital was opened this evening by Mrs. Stuart Fraser, in the presence of a large crowd of ladies and gentlemen, including many distinguished guests. The Operating Room is the gift, to the Hospital, of Rai Bahadur Annaswamy Mudaliar, the foundation stone of it being laid by Lady Bourdillon just over a year ago.

The ceremony took place this evening in the centre ward of the Institution. The Hon'ble Mr. Fraser, the British Resident, Mrs. Fraser, and Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao, C.I.E., Dewan of Mysore, were accommodated with seats on the dais. Captain Standage, Surgeon-in-Charge of the Hospital, spoke first and said that he had no idea a year ago, when the foundation stone was laid by Lady Bourdillon, that Colonel Thuckwell, R.E., would make such a splendid room. He referred to the urgent necessity that existed for such a room and gave statistics showing the large increase in the number of minor and major operations in recent years. The really up-to-date room and appliances spoke of the liberality of Rai Bahadur Annaswamy Mudaliar, of his philanthropy, and, the many ways he helped local charity. He begged Mrs. Fraser to open the room and start the work on its course.

Rai Bahadur Annaswamy Mudaliar spoke next, expressing the pleasure it gave him to be present on that auspicious occasion. He invoked the blessing of God to render it useful to all the sick who may be treated therein. As God is universal, he said, so Charity should be, irrespective of class, creed, or colour. Thanking Mrs. Fraser for her attendance, he requested her to open the Operating Theatre.

The Hon'ble Mr. Fraser returned thanks on behalf of Mrs. Fraser and said he would be glad to intimate to Lady Bourdillon the successful completion of the work which was begun by her laying the foundation stone a year ago. He then sketched the history of the hospital and eulogised the munificence of several public-spirited citizens of Bangalore who had contributed liberally to the buildings of the Hospital, especially referring to the large-hearted liberality of Rai Bahadur Annaswamy Mudaliar, the donor of the Operation Room, in meeting that greatly-felt want. He described the new room as second to none in the many similar institutions in India. He also referred in eulogistic terms to Captain Standage's whole-hearted devotion to duty in the cause of suffering, and also to Miss Doctor Niebel, who, in spite of ill health, did so much for suffering humanity. The result of Rai Bahadur Annaswamy's liberality has been that the Lady Curzon Hospital was now provided with a well-equipped, surgically-perfect Operating Theatre, which would be of incalculable assistance to the Surgeons in dealing with difficult cases. Thanking again Rai Bahadur Annaswamy Mudaliar for his operation room to the generosity in giving such an excellent Hospital, he made way for Mrs. Fraser, who was then presented by Rai Bahadur Annaswamy Mudaliar with a gold key, with which she opened the door, declaring the Room open.

The usual garlanding of distinguished guests brought an interesting ceremony to a conclusion.

The new Room has a spacious dome-shaped roof, walls and floor of glazed tiles, and contains no corners where dirt may lodge. It is fitted with the most modern equipment for surgical needs and is spendidly situated and well lit, and is quite the best operation room in Southern India.

DEATH OF COL. SAUNDERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 17

Colonel W. E. Saunders, P. M. O. of the Meerut Division, who came to Poona recently from Naini Tal, died this morning. The deceased was P. M. O. of the Poona District in 1902-1903. He was suffering from Bright's disease.

The late Colonel Saunders was ill at Naini Tal and was advised to proceed home and was brought down to Bombay on Thursday, but his condition was such as to render the voyage impossible and at the suggestion of his medical advisers he was removed to Poona in a bad condition. Colonel Burke, Civil Surgeon, and Lieutenent Hamilton, Staff Surgeon, did all they could. But he died about nine in the morning.

LATER.

The funeral of the late Colonel Saunders R. A. M.C. took place this evening. It was attended by Major-General Richardson, Captain Gray, representing the Governor, and all Officers Commanding the Corps in Garrison. The cortege left Poona Hotel at 4-45, the mournful procession being preceded by a firing party of 300 rank-and-file furnished by the 93rd Highlanders under the Command of Major Mckenzie. The other two officers in charge were Captain Mclaine and Lieutenant Forbes. Immediately following were junior brother officers of the deceased, namely Captain Dorgan, Lieutenant Noke and Lieutenant Lucas and a large number of other officers. At cross roads the cortege was met by the Band of the Highlanders, the bagpipes and drums of which played "The Flowers of the Forest" up to the cemetery gate.

On arrival at the cemetery the coffin was borne on a gun carriage supplied by the 33rd Battery and was carried to the grave by a party of Sergeants. The burial service was read by the Reverend Hill, Chaplain of Ghorpori. After this three volleys were fired. Among the floral tributes sent were those from Officers, Western Command, Mrs. Hathaway, General and Mrs. Richardson, Assistant Surgeons, and Sorabji Jehangir and sons, proprietors, Poona Hotel.

Colonel Saunders was P. M. O. of the 7th Meerut Division, and when Surgeon-General Gubbins was appointed P. M. O. to His Majesty's Forces in India Colonel Saunders officiated as P. M. O. in the Eastern Command until the appointment of Surgeon-General Slaughter. The deceased officer was in 1902-3 P. M. O. of the Poona 6th Division and was transferred to the Meerut 7th Division.

Colonel Saunders was born in November 1848 and joined the service in 1871. He was P. M. O. of the Northern Division in England and later on Administrative Medical Officer in Madras. He had seen considerable service, for he was in the South African War of 1879 and the Zulu Campaign, for which he received a medal. He took part in the Transvaal Campaign and the operations on the North-West Frontier of India in 1897-98, and the Tirah Expedition during which last named expedition he was P. M. O. of the lines of communication, receiving the medal and two clasps.

TIME EXPIRED GURKHAS.

Great Demand for Pensioners.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 16.

The following is issued in an Indian Army Order :—

It having come to notice that the demand for Gurkha Pensioners of the Native Army, for employment in civil life, is larger than the supply, the Commander-in-Chief desires Officers Commanding Gurkha Battalions to make it more generally known to the men transferred to the Pension Establishment that there is a possibility of work being found, for men of good character, on application to the Recruiting Staff Officer for Gurkhas.

LORD KITCHENER'S AUTUMN TOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 17.

Lord Kitchener's tour in September will probably not extend over three weeks, including the visit to Kashmir.

THE U. P. HIGH COURT.

Another Petition in Favour of Lucknow.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, JULY 17.

At a largely attended public meeting of the Raises and inhabitants of Fyzabad, the Maharaja of Ajodhia presiding, it was unanimously resolved to memorialise Government to retain the highest tribunal of the Province, according to old promises, at Lucknow, and in case of a single High Court for the United Provinces being decided upon, to have such High Court located there. A sub-committee of the leading inhabitants was appointed to frame the memorial.

RELIGIOUS OUTRAGE DENIED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 7.

It has been suggested that the proposed removal of the High Court of the United Provinces from Allahabad to Lucknow would be an outrage upon the religious feelings of Hindus. To settle the point, the matter has been referred to a number of learned Pundits at Benares, of whom twenty-six have signed a Vigarastha to the effect that the change would have no religious significance.

MEETINGS AT CHANDPUR.

Protest Against Suppression Orders.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 17.

A public meeting was held in College Square, Calcutta, last evening, to protest against the proceedings of the authorities at Chandpur for preventing Dr. Abdul Guffoor, a Mahomedan, holding a meeting there. Moulvi Shah Abdul, who is unknown locally, presiding, the following Resolution was passed : "We, Mahomedan inhabitants of Calcutta, in public meeting assembled, do hereby enter our emphatic protest against the illegal and unconstitutional proceedings of the Executive Authorities at Chandpur."

The Resolution was supported by Moulvi Leakat Hossain, an old Associate of the Calcutta Bengalee Agitators. In the quarter in which the meeting was held, it is reported to have been carried unanimously.

CONCILIATORY EXPLANATIONS.

A Chandpur telegram, dated yesterday, says that a conciliatory notice was issued on Sunday by Mr. Moseley, the Joint Magistrate, proclaiming, by the beat of drum throughout the town, that public meetings in that place were not strictly prohibited, provided that inflammatory language was not use.

PUBLIC MEETINGS IN MADRAS.

Forbidden within Military Area.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 17.

The authorities have prohibited the holding of big public meetings on the Esplanade in Madras within the Military Department zone, the reason being that such gatherings disturb the residents in the Ordnance Lines. The prohibition is not of much consequence as there are innumerable open spaces in the city where such meetings can be held. But an outcry in the Native Press is probable.

INDIAN OFFICERS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

War Time to Count for Pension and Promotion.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 17.

An Indian Army Order notifies that the Secretary of State has been pleased to approve of Officers of the Indian Army, who served with the Embodied Militia during the South African War, reckoning such service towards the two years' service out of India which is allowed to count for an Indian pension, irrespective of whether they were transferred to the Regular Forces from the Embodied Militia with or without a break of continuity. In certain cases, also, Officers may reckon their service in South Africa under such circumstances towards promotion. Officers who have served with the Embodied Militia, Imperial Yeomanry, or Colonial Contingents, and who may be affected by the above decisions, should submit their applications, with details of their service, through the usual channel to the Military Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief.

DEAD DOG IN A WATER-PIPE.

Another Aspect of the Pariah Nuisance.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 17.

Some filtered water pipes were recently being laid in one of the added areas of Calcutta, the contract for laying them having been entrusted to a firm, whose rate was Rs. 16,610 lower than that of the other tender. The Chief Engineer, in his report, says that in one case, a pariah dog, during the night, crawled up inside one of the pipes, to sleep or die, and was laid together with the pipe. It completely blocked up a 6, inch branch, when the water was turned on, and had it not done this, and consequently been discovered at once, it would have decomposed in the pipe and the water would have been rendered putrid in the neighbourhood.

BURMAN CHARGED WITH MURDERING HIS WIFE.

Prosecution Abandoned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 16.

In the case of Maung Po Han, who was tried for the murder of his wife, Ma Kyan, near Thapan village, on 20th May, the Government Prosecutor has asked permission, which was granted, to withdraw the charge, as there was not sufficient evidence against the accused, who was thereupon acquitted.

The deceased Ma Kyan went out in the morning of the day of the murder to graze cattle, which returned in the evening without her. This led to a search for her. Her dead body, frightfully mutilated, was found the same night within 600 yards of the village. Po Han, who was one of the search-party, seemed genuinely distressed at the discovery, but nobody was immediately suspected. It was only after considerable hesitation that he was arrested on the following grounds : that on the previous day he had a row with his wife, that he borrowed a long dah on the day of the murder ; that he was seen near the scene of the crime ; and that he could not satisfactorily account for his movements. There are two mad men living in Thapan and another in the adjoining village. This murder is now supposed to be the work of one of them, and a further inquiry, directed on this theory, has been ordered.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS IN BURMA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 16.

A series of earthquake shocks were felt at Mopaline, on the new Pegu-to-Moulmein Railway at half-past eleven, to-day extending over twenty minutes. The shocks were of three to five minutes' duration. No harm was done to the houses in the neighbourhood.

At a place called Kigaikatta, five miles from the above locality, shocks were also felt.

LADY CURZON'S HEALTH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 17.

News, received from England, states that Lady Curzon's health is by no means in a satisfactory state.

A MEDICAL STUDENT IN TROUBLE.

Chased by an Infuriated Pathan.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, July 17.

The case in which one Ishar Dass, a student of the 5th year Class of the local Medical College, was charged with committing adultery with the young and beautiful wife of one of the followers of Sardar Ayub Khan has been disposed of by Mr. Shederson, the City Magistrate. The story of the prosecution is that, contrary to all expectations, the injured husband returned home about the middle of the night, at which the accused was so frightened that he ran out of the house leaving behind a watch, a cigarette case and a shirt with silver sleeve links bearing his initials, I. D., on them. He was pursued by the infuriated Pathan but was rescued by some other medical students, residing in the neighbourhood, who had been roused by his cries. The pursuer went back, but was dismayed to discover that his faithless wife had absconded in his short absence. The man made a report to the police without any loss of time, and the following morning the wife was found concealed in a part of her lover's house. After a prolonged trial the accused, who appeared at the recent final L. M. S. examination, has been convicted under Section 401 of the Indian Penal Code, for house trespass with intent to commit adultery and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment (including two months' solitary confinement) and to pay a fine of Rs. 300. An appeal has been filed in the court of the Sessions Judge, Lahore Division, and the accused released on bail.

NO PREFERENCE FOR MAIL STEAMERS.

Rangoon Port Trust's Strange Action.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 16.

The *Rangoon Times* to-night says that the decision of the Rangoon Port Trust, not to accord preferential treatment to Mail Steamers on arrival in the river, has created intense interest throughout local shipping circles. Such impartiality is likely to bring the Port to the notice of the civilised world. The now unique position of Rangoon will not add to our reputation. That ours is the only important Port in the entire world in which Mail Steamers have, by formal resolution, to take pot luck with the veriest tramp or occasional straggler, is nothing to boast about. It is difficult to understand the reasons which have led the Port Trust to adopt such a step.

A TRADE MARK CASE AT KARACHI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JULY 17

An important trade mark case is pending before the City Magistrate's Court here, the complainants being Messrs. Grandage and Company, and the accused, Messrs. Vishindas Fatehchand and Budhuram Ramdas who are charged with using the trade mark of the complainants firm on certain piece-goods. The hearing of the case was fixed for Saturday last when Mr. Eardley Norton, Barrister-at-Law, who appeared for the prosecution, made a long and interesting address in which he clearly set forth his case and put in certain samples and letters, but examined only two witnesses, Messrs. Kempton and Bindloss of complainants' firm.

The case came on again yesterday when Mr. Norton put in a few more letters in support of the case and examined another witness named Keshamal, salesman of Messrs. Finlay, Muir and Co., after which he closed his case.

Mr. Bindloss was cross-examined at great length by Mr. Lalchand, Pleader for the accused. Further hearing is postponed to 27th instant when Mr. Aston, Barrister-at-Law, will represent the prosecution, Mr. Norton having left Karachi last evening.

ALLEGED CHEATING THE COCANADA CLUB.

A European Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 17.

Sub-Inspector Roberts of the City Police arrested a European named Lascelles in Madras under a warrant received from Cocanada. Lascelles was to leave for Colombo this evening. He was taken to Rajahmundry, there to be tried on a charge of cheating the Cocanada Club.

ESCAPE OF CONVICTS FROM THE PENITENTIARY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 17.

Yesterday morning it was discovered that two native convicts—one a lifer—escaped from the Madras Penitentiary. The matter is being enquired into. The convicts were natives of Madura.

PROMOTION IN THE CAVALRY.

Question of Transfer to Infantry.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 17.

In connection with the unequal flow of promotion among the senior ranks of the Indian Cavalry and Infantry, efforts are now being made to ascertain whether individual cavalry officers would care to accept transfer to the Infantry Branch.

SIX MONTHS FOR PERJURY.

(FROM UOR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 17.

Khosh Lal Sheik, charged with committing perjury in the High Court, was, on the recommendation of Mr. Justice Bodily, yesterday fonnd guilty by the Chief Presidency Magistrate and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

ANOTHER RAILWAY STRIKE THREATENED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 17.

The native station staff of the East Indian Railway has submitted a long list of grievances to the Agent, through the General Traffic Manager and District Superintendent, stating that if their grievances are not redressed within a week, they will strike work.

CEYLON'S RAILWAY EXTENSIONS.

A special telegram to the *Times of Ceylon*, dated London, July 11, states :—The Tea and Produce Committee at to-day's meeting decided that Mr. Lyttelton be requested to ask a question, in the House, on the subject of Railway extensions in Ceylon, and, if necessary, this will be followed by a deputation to Lord Elgin ; but there is reason to believe that the Colonial Office is more favourably inclined than when the despatch, suspending railway extensions, was sent.

Mr. Walter Courtney delivered an interesting and encouraging address regarding the Thirty Committee's work in America, which created the most favourable impression on the Committee.

THE Federated Malay States Railway Department has now 15 motor vehicles under order, says the *Malay Mail*, including Milnes-Daimlers, Thorneycrofts and Albions. "Some are busses and others cars ; in the former case, however, only the chassis is being obtained from Home, the body being manufactured at the Central Workshops." There are evidently some keen, go-a-head Railway people further East.

A GENERAL SERVICE LIST

Little Probability of Adoption.

ACTING ALLOWANCES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 17.

The *Civil and Military Gazette* writes :—"The formation of a General Service List for India, to include all departments, outside the Civil Service, would no doubt have some advantages and put an end to some grievances, but there are many obvious difficulties in the way and, even if the idea were practicable in itself, to surmount those difficulties and arrange innumerable details would be so formidable a task that we are not likely to see it attempted in our day. But it would be a much smaller business to take departments in hand one by one and substitute a time scale of pay for the present grade scale on the lines lately laid down in the case of the enrolled list of the Finance Department, in which it has been adopted. In fact, we believe that a proposal has been made to apply the time scale of pay, that is, pay according to the length of service and according to grade, to the Public Works Department, but we cannot hear that the suggestion has been favourably received and no definite scheme is under consideration.

The Secretary of State has at last consented to put an end to one of those petty penny-wise regulations which bear the mark of the Babu and are devised by officials saturated with Babu tradition. Mr. Morley has done what more than one of his predecessors declined to do, and has sanctioned the abrogation of the article of the Civil Service Regulations which withholds Acting Allowance, for the first thirty days, from a man acting in a Privilege Leave Vacancy. Why a man doing work should be mulcted of the proper pay of the appointment for the first month, but not afterwards, only a Babu could explain, but it has taken years to convince the India Office that the practice was a petty and unworthy economy.

MR. JACOB SASSOON PRESENTED WITH AN ADRESS.

Gratitude of the Jewish Community.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 17.

The Jewish community in Poona this afternoon presented an address to Mr. Jacob Sassoon in a silver casket, in connection with the new hospital, at his residence in Ashly House. About fifty persons were present. The deputation was received cordially by Mr. Abelson, Mr. Sassoon's secretary. Captain Sampson, of the Indian Subordinate Medical Service, read the address.

After the address was presented, Mr. Sassoon said he directed the Secretary to reply. Mr. Abelson on behalf of Mr. Sassoon, said: "I thank you for the casket and the address and for the kind feelings that have prompted you to give utterance to your generous expressions of tribute. I do not know that I merit all the good things you have said about me, but I cannot but feel flattered at the spontaneous desire that induced you to present me with an address. In fairness and justice to myself it is only right there had been no misunderstanding about the beds that will be devoted to Jews in the new hospital. That will be left to the discretion of the hospital heads, and it rests with them what Jews will or will not be allowed there. I hope your community will always be prosperous and, though it may be too much to hope, you may never stand in need of hospital. Still I may express a sincere prayer that by the help of God you may have little need as possible to make use of it. I thank the assembly again."

Mr. Sassoon then was profusely garlanded and the gathering dispersed.

DACOITY RAMPANT IN POONA DISTRICT.

A Brahmin Belaboured and Robbed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 17.

An important dacoity case is at present engaging the attention of the Sessions Judge and a special jury, in which seven Kolis were charged with dacoity armed with deadly weapons. The charge is that on the 18th May last, the accused with guns, swords and sticks entered the village of Ukhan in Mawal Taluka, where they first instituted enquiries as to the whereabouts of a rich Brahmin whom they had heard resided in the neighbouring village, having his house fortified with a stone wall. On receipt of the information from some villagers they hurried to the village, where the Brahmin was reported as residing, and made a surprise visit on him, while he was taking his meals. They tied him with a rope and threatened him with immediate death on his failing to deliver them two thousand rupees. The Brahmin replied he was unable to comply with the request as his means were limited. The Brahmin was then belaboured with sticks and blows until he was compelled to point out a cupboard to them, which they broke open and removed cash and ornaments and silk clothes.

A clue was obtained by the police early in June when on searching the house of the principal accused they discovered a gun, gun-powder, shots, and caps. The other accused were subsequently traced on information obtained from the first accused who was arrested.

This case is proceeding.

DEATH OF A POPULAR SERGEANT.

Killed by Sun Heat.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JULY 17.

The body of Sergeant Green, South Wales Borderers, was brought in from Camp, ten miles from Karachi, where three Companies are encamped for field service training. The deceased went out to join the Camp from Karachi, but not finding the Camp exposed himself to the heat of the sun which affected him, death resulting from heat-stroke. The deceased was very popular in the Regiment, being, a great athlete, cricketer, footballer, and excellent cornet player. The death is greatly deplored in the Regiment. The sun's rays this time of the year are too fierce for field service training of troops, and the Military authories should consider the question of the advisability of exposing them this time of the year.

FORGING TELEGRAPHIC MONEY ORDERS.

Accused Convicted.

GROSS CARELESSNESS OF THE POST AND TELEGRAPHS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 17.

At the High Court Criminal Sessions, to-day, Hiralal Banerjee and Prosunno Mookerjee were charged with the forgery of three telegrphic money-orders and found guilty and sentenced to seven years, rigorous imprisonment. The jury in their verdict added that both the Telegraph and Postal Departments have been guilty of gross laxity and carelessness.

FATAL MOTOR CAR ACCIDENT.

A Charge Framed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 17.

The charge causing death by a rash and negligent act has been framed against Arthur Burnett, who caused the death of Jogendranath Sen, High Court, Vakil, by running into him with his motor car.

MORE FACTORY QUESTIONS.

Bengal Factories as Utopias.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 17.

The Committee of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce have had before them a reference from the local Government on the subject of labour in factories. The questions raised were as follows :—The advisability of restricting hours of labour for adult males in factories, and (2) the advisability of requiring a certificate of physical fitness as well as of age in the case of children before they are employed as workers. After communication with the Indian Jute Mills Association, and with a number of employers of labour in the neighbourhood of Calcutta, the Committee submit that no interference with the present hours of labour in the Jute and Cottons mills is rendered necessary by the conditions of labour, prevailing on that side of India. Under the shift system, adopted by the Calcutta Jute Mills, the hours of labour for adults average not more than ten per diem, broken by intervals of rest. Replying on the second point, the Committee state that the system of factory inspection on that side of India renders it impossible for any child, physically unfit, to escape detection and consequently the certificate suggested, is considered unnecessary. The Committee summarise their opinion by stating that there is nothing in Bengal, at the present moment, in connection with either of the above points, calling for special interference on part of Government of India.

LADY MINTO'S NURSING FUND.

Theatricals at Viceregal Lodge.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 17.

It is intended to produce the play "Cynthia" at Viceregal Lodge, on the 16th, 17th, and 18th of August, in aid of Lady Minto's Nursing Fund. The performance will be by amateurs, Lady Eileen Elliot being in the cast.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 17.

Lady Minto's Nursing Fund is finding strong support among the European community, for whose exclusive benefit it is intended and to whom alone the appeal is directed. It has been clearly explained that English people in India are invited to found, and sufficiently endow, a Nursing Association for the care of the English sick and any over-zealous Collectors, ignoring these distinct instructions and asking for contributions from natives, would be acting entirely against the spirit of the appeal. Every care has been taken to prevent this. It is intended to have a play in the ball room at Viceregal Lodge, Simla, next month. "Cynthia" by H. H. Davies has been selected. Those taking part are Lady Eileen Elliot, Mrs. Mar Johnson, Mrs. Rose, Major Marker, Major Baird, Captain Paul Young and Captain Alan Ross, while Mr. Lionel Jacob will be stage manager.

THE SYLHET EXECUTION.

Mr. Morley's Strictures.

CUI BONO?

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 17.

The *Civil and Military Gazette* writes "Reuter's summary of the Secretary of State's speech about the Sylhet hanging case, even in its amplified form, is far from lucid and there seems a hiatus between Mr. Morley's statement of the facts of the case and the judgment he pronounces on them. As he appeared explicitly to exonerate the Lieutenant-Governor, the presumption is that his strictures are directed against the procedure of the Home Department or possibly of the Post Office but, since he admits that, in this instance, the mistakes in the procedure did not affect the substantial justice, the vehemence of his censure appears to be out of proportion. It would be desirable if a statement were issued from Simla to settle the dust which heedless Parliamentary winds have blown into the air."

REGISTERING SERVANTS.

An Old Subject Revived.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 17.

Proposals for the establishment of an effective system for the registration of servants are again to the fore. The latter has often been brought forward, but has nothing been done, chiefly because the matter has not been systematically taken in hand.

ANOTHER FRONTIER OUTRAGE.

Rs. 1,000 Ransom Demanded.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 17.

Indar Singh and Mangal Singh, sons of the late Sodhi Partab Singh of Lahore, recently went to the North-West Frontier to make their usual collections from their Sikh disciples there. Near a place called Kachi Marai, close to the border of the Kohat district, they were pounced upon by a gang of ruffians and marched into the hills beyond the Frontier. There, they were kept prisoners for about a fortnight and released only on receipt of a ransom of Rs. 1,000 from their friends in Lahore.

IMPROVING BANGALORE.

A New Broom Sweep.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JULY 17.

Improvements are the order of the day in Bangalore city and this morning the Dewan and other high officials made a further inspection. It is understood that the vegetable market will be removed from its present congested site to a more open one. A site has been selected for the new Eye Infirmary near the Victoria Hospital. The Mahomedan settlement, Putnanpet, is likely to be utterly demolished and rebuilt on sanitary lines, as it has acquired an unenviable notoriety as a hotbed of plague. In all probability additions will be made to the Victoria Hospital in the form outhouses and other accommodation within the present compound. In other directions of a more general kind preparations are being made for the provision of better medical relief and improved sanitation and the relief of the congestion of the population.

PRACTICAL RELIGION.

The Teaching of a Pious Burman.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 17.

Lede Sadaw, much venerated by Burmans, was taken up residence in New Kyaung and has built his reception house outside Prome. Here he will spend the Buddhist Lent. Large numbers flock near him, his chief teaching being the sin of killing cattle which, he says, are good servants and aid the growing of rice. Since his last visit, several months back, the consumption of beef in the town has fallen from fourteen to two animals a day.

ENOUGH MONSOON.

Burman Cultivators Anxious.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 17.

The cultivators in the Moulmein district state and the rainfall is sufficient for paddy cultivation and that more rain will be disastrous. Clean rice is now marketed at four rupees a basket as against two rupees eight annas three years ago.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

THE RUSSIAN UNREST.

TROOPS AND POLICE DUTY.

A PETITION TO THE DUMA.

LONDON, JUNE 29.—A petition signed by 650 members of the Russian garrison at Odessa has been addressed to the Duma praying for release from police duty.

WIDESPREAD MILITARY UNREST.

LONDON, JUNE 30.—Signs of Military unrest in Russia are widespread. The increasing grievances of the soldiery are partly personal, but largely the result of the land policy of the Duma. Even the Cossacks are demanding free political institutions ; and the Government, finding it impossible to prevent the soldiers from discussing politics, are urging the officers to instil their minds with anti-revolutionary views. Officials still threaten Jewish massacres, despite Prince Urusoff's disclosures. Five Officers, two Sergeants, and 13 Civilians have been tried by court-martial at Warsaw on a charge of forming a secret association to incite the troops to mutiny.

FIGHT OF POLICE.

LONDON, JUNE 30.—Many of the Warsaw police are fleeing to Austria, owing to the constant assassinations of their officers and comrades by the Terrorists. The troops are widely refusing to do police duty.

THE DISGRACED REGIMENTS.

A FURTHER DEGRADATION.

LONDON, JUNE 30—The Czar, besides withdrawing from them the privileges of Guardsmen, is transferring the men of the First Battalion of the Probajensky Regiment, lately stationed at the Imperial Palace at Peterhof, into special infantry battalions. The second battalion of Grenadiers at Cornstadt has been summoned to St. Petersburg.

BRAZILIAN OUTRAGE.

BRITISH SUBJECT FLOGGED.

LONDON, JUNE 30.—The Rio de Janeiro correspondent of the *Daily Mail* states that an inquiry has been opened there concerning an alleged outrage committed by some Brazilian mounted police at Affonso on two British subjects, named O'Hara and Allen. These men were proceeding to their work in the vicinity, and called at a cottage to enquire the way. The women of the house, without any reason at all, became alarmed and complained to the police, who overtook the two men, and besides otherwise maltreating them inflicted a flogging of fifty lashes upon each.

BREWERY FINANCE.

A BIG AMALGAMATION SCHEME.

LONDON, JUNE 30.—The Committee of the debenture-holders in McCracken's City (Melbourne) Brewery, Limited, have proposed a scheme for the amalgamation of the Carlton, McCracken's, the Castlemaine, the Shamrock, and the Victoria Breweries, under the style and title of the Central Brewing Co., with a capital of £1,000,000.

It is proposed that the amalgamating companies shall transfer sufficient of their cash and book debts, etc., as will provide a working capital of £250,000, and that the remaining £750,000 capital be issued in shares to be allotted to the amalgamating companies as consideration for goodwill. It is suggested that McCracken's shall transfer their goodwill and 18½ per cent. of their assets, valued at £46,250, for 185,000 shares in the new company, and that the shareholders should form an assets company of 76,000 £1 shares and 200,000 4½ per cent. debentures to realise the rest of the assets of McCracken's Company, including their Melbourne freeholds, which are not to be used for brewing purposes, the debenture-holders to receive 30 £1 shares and 40 £1 debentures for every hundred debentures they hold in the present company.

BRITISH LABOUR PARTY.

MR. MACDONALD TO VISIT AUSTRALIA.

LONDON, JUNE 30.—Mr. J. Ramsay MacDonald, Labour member for Leicester in the House of Commons and Secretary of the Parliamentary Representation Committee, has arranged to visit Australia, notwithstanding the postponement of the intended visit of the other Labour delegates, which was rendered necessary by the heavy legislative programme before the House of Commons. Mr. MacDonald will sail on August 10, and will proceed to Australia by way of Canada.

INDUSTRIALISM IN AUSTRIA.

BRICKLAYERS' ADVANCE.

LONDON, JUNE 30.—The bricklayers of Vienna have obtained an increase of wages of 15 per cent., such increase to become operative immediately, and 33 per cent. increase as from May, 1907. The lock-out has ended.

DUKE OF RUTLAND ILL.

LONDON, JUNE 30.—The Duke of Rutland, who is in his 88th year, is reported to be suffering from illness.

CHECKING CATTLE DISEASE.

Mysore Government's Measures.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JULY 17.

For the purpose of official control and discipline the Inspector of Cattle Diseases, Mysore, is placed under the orders of the Revenue Commissioner for the purpose of scientific investigation. However, he will continue under the direction of the Govarnment Bacteriologist when he works in the Bacteriological Laboratory.

The Revenue Commissioner has been requested to suggest measures as to how best to utilise the services of the Inspector both for the purpose of preventing and checking disease among livestock and for the dissemination of useful information in veterinary matters. The Mysore Government observe it would be a desirable arrangement if some means could be devised for imparting to the village veterinarians the benefit of elementary instruction in the methods of treatment of cattle diseases and for supplying a few selected villages with some medicines commonly in requisition. With a few lessons in diagnosis of ordinary diseases and treatment by the Inspector in a few collected centres, the crude medicines now in use among them may be expected to give place to more effective methods of treatment. The Government desire the Revenue Commissioner to frame the inexpensive but practical scheme for improving the condition of cattle and for their treatment particularly when epidemics prevail. A separate Veterinary Laboratory is not considered necessary at present.

PREVENTION OF COFFEE STEALING IN MYSORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JULY 17.

Reviewing the report of the Inspector-General of Police on the Coffee Stealing Prevention Act during the season ending 31st March last, the Mysore Government say:—"We exercise increased vigilance of police as well as by owners of estates tending to a large reduction in the number of cases reported under the Act, which is noted with satisfaction."

BISHOP OF MADRAS GOES ON FURLOUGH.

Archdeacon Hyde to Hold the See.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 17.

The Ven'ble Archdeacon Hyde is due back in Madras from furlough on 11th proximo and will assume charge of the Bishop's Commissary on the departure of Bishop Whitehead on a six months' furlough.

AN interesting scientific feat, in which a diamond played the principal part, was performed by Sir William Crookes at the annual conversazione of the Royal Society. By way of showing the hardness of the diamond, he placed one between the steel poles of a hydraulic press, and the poles were then drawn close together. The diamond came through the ordeal brilliantly. Quite unscatched, it was found embedded in the hard steel.

THE WORLD OF ART.

Round the Galleries.

THE COMING BAYREUTH FESTIVAL.

A BAD TIME FOR THE LEGITIMATE.

LONDON, JUNE 29.

THE town is crammed with small art displays that remind us of the ripeness of the season. The fruit is not everywhere of as good a quality as one might hope; still, besides the Manets at Sulley's and the superb collection of Japanese prints at Paterson's, there are several galleries of interest. Miss Beatrice Parsons possesses the walls of the large room at Dowdeswell's with her charming garden pictures, watercolours of "Roses and Oranges," painted in England and Algiers; and graceful designs of pleasant places they are. She has a keen eye for a "scene," and her grouping of a garden's colours both in their mass and their detail is a downright pleasure to look upon. At the Leicester Galleries, besides the room devoted to the work of Mr. Severn, and the water-colours of India by Mr. Gwelo Goodman, is an excellent collection, of paintings by Mr. and Mrs. Harold Knight. These homely scenes are painted with a breadth and style that not only show technical beauty of handling, and a thorough grip of the tools employed, but, what is far more rare, and carries far more distinction, they are painted in a style that is thoroughly attune to the subjects. Mrs. Knight is an dexterous a painter as her husband; her work stands the test of being placed beside his, and suffers nothing by the comparison.

By the way, the Ellen Terry "Souvenir" is worth securing by all who collect the remarkable work signed by William Nicholson and James Pryde. Mr. Nicholson's delightful colour-print of our great comedy actress on her first appearance before the footlights as Mamillius is alone worthy of a frame—it is a beautiful thing. The letterpress is needlessly dull and uninteresting, and we regret to find no example of the exquisite art of Miss Terry's brilliant son, Mr. Gordon Craig, included in this book. Still, the "Mamillius" is rich reward in itself alone. Polytechnics do not draw our eager footsteps as a rule. It was therefore a relief to step into the Regent-street schools and by good fortune alight upon some lithographs of astonishing promise. The artist, Mr. Spencer Pryse, as far as we could gather, is a very young man. Whether this be so or not, and his working at the Polytechnic studio presumes it, Mr. Spencer Pryse looks like making a noise in the world. A brilliant draughtsman, with a keen eye for form and a deft hand to search it out, with a line rich in musical sense, and a robust feeling for the resonant values of black and white, he will assuredly come early to the front. He has, above all, a tense sympathy with London life, and an eager, alert grip upon and sentiment for the suffering and the humours of the townsfolk. There is a drawing here of visitors waiting admittance to a hospital that is strongly drawn and stated with rare restraint. And there hangs also on these walls a drawing of the unrested poor workers rousing at break of day from their miserable beds, and getting them forth in the smoky dusk of dawn to their labours, girl-child, and grown up, yawning and weary, a drawing that lingers in the memory and haunts the imagination. Yes, the dealers will soon be in rivalry for the works of this young man.

Collectors of old prints could do worse than visit Messrs. Leggatt Brothers' galleries in St. James-street, where the collection of eighteenth-century engraving formed by Mr. E. E. Leggatt, of Enfield, is shown for the benefit of the Artists' General Benevolent Institution. The very comprehensive collection of engraving, recording the features and charms of that most famous of models, Emma Lady Hamilton, is alone worth the visit; and the first state impression of Thomas Watson's plate of Lady Bamfylde, after Sir Joshua Reynolds, is of such brilliancy and purity as to make it a unique specimen, which in the open market may well fetch £1,200 or more. But this collection, we are glad to say, is not for sale, and will, for the present, at least, not follow the exodus of art treasures to Amercia. Another exceedingly rare print is the Mrs. Waller, by H. Kingsbury, after Downman, of which only three impressions are known to exist. Mr. Asher Wertheimer, in Bond-street, has a special exhibition of historic and celebrated pieces of old Sevres turquoise porcelain, some five hundred in all, lately acquired from the Counts Alexander and Serge Sheremeieff, whose forefathers have possessed them since Louis the "Well Beloved" was King over France. There can be no doubt that this gorgeous display of turquoise blue is unique of its kind, and in whatever esteem one may hold the grossly overrated products of Sevres, which but rarely attained to real beauty of form or colour, and of which this particular variety is the least objectionable in colour the effect produced by these long rows of plates and dishes is one of dazzling splendour.

The arrangements for the Bayreuth Festival of the present year are now complete. There will be two performances of "Der Ring des Nibelungen," the first interpretation of "Das Rheingold" being on July 25, the first of "Die Walkure" on the following day, that of "Siegfried" on the next day and finishing with "Die Gotterdammerung" on Saturday, July 28. On Tuesday, August 14, Wednesday 15, Thursday 16, and Friday 17, the same cycle will take its course. The whole production will be under the patronage of the Prince Regent Luitpold von Bayern, and from the information which has reached us no effort will be spared to produce the gigantic work with every care to all possible details, both from a vocal, an orchestral, and scenic point of view. No less than seven performances of "Parsifal" will be given at Bayreuth, the actual dates being July 23, August 1, 4, 7, 8, 11, 20. Five performances of "Tristan und Isolde" will be given on July 22 and 31, as well as on August 5, 12, and 19. One's only comment upon this programme is that it is completely representative of the best period of Wagner's career. Nothing has been omitted which might detract from the complete success of the festival Richter, Mottl, Muck, Siegfried, Wagner, Michæl Balling (Carlsruhe), and Franz Beidler, of Bayreuth, are the conductors engaged for the festival.

There is nothing which so touches any artistic section of an English public as the genuine gratitude of men who have been welcomed, let us say, in London as well as in many provincial towns with enthusiasm and delight. In connection with a letter which has been recently written by Dr. Grieg to Mr. Edgar Speyer one cannot but quote again those tenderly exquisite lines of Wordsworth:—

> I've heard of hearts unkind,
> Kind deeds with coldness still returning;
> Alas! the gratitude of men
> Hath oftener left me mourning.

Dr. Greig has used the following terms in his letter to Mr. Speyer, which is here translated: "I . . . wish to thank you specially for having afforded me the occasion to become acquainted with the splendid Queen's Hall Orchestra, and also to be its conductor. Even an orchestra of the front rank can only hope to touch the level of which its conductor is the equal. Mr. Henry J. Wood, as the permanent conductor of the orchestra, possesses remarkable ability, singular earnestness, and an absolute dovotion to the cause which he has taken up in music." There follows from Greig's pen a tribute to Mr. Wood which every Englishman will be delighted to read, and shows that which we have so often insisted upon, namely, how great has been the work of Mr. Wood in spreading the knowledge of the best class of music throughout the country.

Nothing to our mind could be more complimentary or more well deserved than these fervent words of one of our greatest contemporary composers, addressed to an Englishman and to the orchestral forces under his control. Mr. Henry Wood once more, though a prophet in his own country, has enlisted the admiration of the creative artist, who is apparently astonished that his work should be so finely understood and so beautifully expounded by an English musician of the first rank Nikisch, that wizard among conductors, will on Monday conduct the London Symphony orchestra in its last afternoon concert of the present season. Among the work to which everyone will look forward for production on this occasion, Richard Strauss's "Don Juan" has been announced for interpretation. Nikisch is so sensitive to everything that is modern in music that there is not one amateur, one lover of music, who, if time gives its sanction, would care to be absent from such a concert as this. Tschaikowsky's Symphony in E minor is also included in the programme, and Liszt's Pianoforte Concerto in E flat will be given, with Mr. Arthur Friedheim as the solo pianoforte player. We are also to have Goldmark's Overture, Sakuntala."

FIFTY YEARS AGO.

[FROM THE *Bombay Gazette* OF JULY 18, 1856.]

The undermentioned gentlemen, having, at the request of Lord Elphinstone, become a committee for the purpose of collecting subscriptions and otherwise furthering the interests of the Nightingale Fund in the Presidency, are invited to meet in the Council Room, Town Hall, on Wednesday, the 23rd instant, at half past 4 o'clock, to concert the necessary measures for carrying out the objects in view.

President: The Lord Bishop of Bombay.
Vice Presidents: The Hon'ble A. Malet, Esq. The Hon'ble Sir M. Sausse. Lieut-General Sir H. Somerset. Rear Admiral Sir H. Leeke. W. E. Frere, Esq.
Members: H. Young, Esq. W. Hart, Esq. H. L. Anderson, Esq. W. H. Harrison, Esq. Revd. Mr. Fletcher. Revd. Dr. Wilson. Revd. Mr. Anderson. Colonel Melville. Colonel Davidson. Colonel Lyons. Major Pope. C. J. Erskine, Esq. Dr. Harkness. Dr. Peet. Dr. Downes. Juggonath Sunkersett, Esq. Cursetjee, Jamsetjee, Esq. Bomanjee Hormusjee, Esq. Colonel Hale. Colonel Swanson. T. S. Cowie, Esq. J. K. Malcolmson, Esq. H. D. Cartwright, Esq. J. Hunter, Esq. E. Howard, Esq. L. Acland, Esq. S. Compton, Esq. J. H. Standen, Esq. Captain Kempthrone, I.N. A. T. Binny, Esq. M. S. Campbell, Esq. Dr. Coles. Colonel Green, C.B. Dr. Bhow Dajee. Ali Mahomed, Esq. H. J. Barr, Captain, Honorary Secretary.

The *Madras Athenæum* publishes the following particulars of the murder of Mr. R. Horsley, late Head Assistant Collector at Bellary:—"This event took place at the house occupied by that gentleman at the back of the Bellary rock. He had been busy in his Cutcherry till 6 p.m.; on his return home he still continued to read and write as late as 10 p.m., when he retired for the night into his sleeping room, the doors and windows of which were left open. Adjoining this room was Mr. Horsley's writing room, and in an apartment next to this, a peon and a servant were sleeping. Mr. Horsley's brother, Mr. W. Horsley, occupied a bedroom on the opposite side of the house. Between the hours of twelve and one o'clock the peon and the servant were awakened by an exclamation of the deceased; they jumped up and rushed into the writing room, and there extended on the floor, found the unfortunate gentleman, gasping for breath and weltering in his blood which flowed from a wound in the upper part of his left side. He was perfectly insensible and his brother arrived only in time to see him breathe his last. At present there is no trace of the assassin, and the circumstances of this horrid murder remain a mystery; but it is surmised that Mr. Horsley must have grappled with the ruffians and received the fatal stab as he struggled with them into the writing room.

Some of the recent parties amongst us, where there were native Nautches and English dancing under the same roof, have called forth remarks as to the expediency of keeping such varieties of amusement separate. We confess, it has always appeared to us, that considering the professional character of the poor Nautch Girls, and the Native's idea of dancing altogether, it is very questionable whether our Balls are the best occasions on which the European and the Oriental should mix together. To bring the two kinds of dancing into immediate contiguity, is apt to create associations intolerable to the modest and virtuous. There can be no more reason why English gentlemen and ladies should not be present at a Nautch; then why they should not be present at an Opera; but here it seems to us that the matter should stop. We are not to be surprised that the Natives should stand absolutely aghast at witnessing waltzes and polkas, if we remember the horrors with which such things were viewed in England thirty years ago. The lines of Byron, himself a chartered libertine, on the Waltz, expressed the sentiments of three-fourths of the English nation at the time. Nothing can be more desirable than that the various classes of His Majesty's subjects should mingle as frequently and as freely with each other as may be, but there is a time for everything, and we seem to have the unhappy knack of introducing our Native friends into our houses at the time our solid good qualities are least in view, when we are engaged in occupations which we acknowledge frivolous, and which those who witness, but cannot join them, look on as something worse. The opinions of our late Chief Justice., Sir Erskine Perry, a man ever anxious to promote the public amusement. were peculiarly strong on this subject, though no one could be less open to the charge of prudery then he. Endeavouring to practice as he preached, he on one occasion gave a magnificent exhibition of every thing rare, curious and attractive that could be collected where a large party of Europeans and Natives mingled together, with a variation on the customary fiddling, which, till then, had for years been almost the sole source of amusement for the younger part of the community. The anecdote of the Gaicowar will be remembered by most of our readers. His Highness being present at a Ball where a remarkably, stout young lady, then just arrived from home, was the Belle of the evening, asked how much a girl of that kind would cost in London, because if not too dear, he should order out a dozen of them.—The Natives here are too polite to speak out on these subjects, or we should speedily find, that His Highness's sentiments were generally entertained, though not often, expressed. It seemed to have been with some such view as this, that Lord Elphinstone proposed his intellectual Soirees some sixteen months ago. At such parties as these where there is something to be seen and heard worth remembering, and where misinterpretation is impossible, we never could have too many of our Oriental fellow subjects.

CABUL.—The letter from Cabul mentioned in our last, though of late date, is of no little importance. The writer says (date June 24).—A letter has arrived from Jaffir Kkan Khoort, the person who was sent to Teheran by the Ameer to solicit the friendship of the King of Persia, Dost Mahomed received the bearer of the letter in secret, and treated him with great cordiality. The substance of his statement was that the King of Persia, on receiving the message, had replied angrily that he could place no trust in the Dost and his race, who were notoriously faithless to their engagements. That it was useless for the Dost to send any more messengers, since he had attached himself to the British, and could not therefore be sincere in his professions of friendship to Persia. To this Jaffir Khan replied that both he himself and his master had given many proofs of their enmity to the British.

FIRST BALL OF THE POONA SEASON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 17.

The first State Ball of the Poona Season came off to-night at Government House, Ganeshkhind, which was very largely attended. More than 400 ladies and gentlemen were present. The weather was cloudy, but rain kept off. The compound and building were beautifully lighted up. At 9-30 Ball was fixed to begin and about that time Lord Lamington descended from his Study, and stood at the Throne when a fanfare from outside announced the opening of the Ball. Dancing was kept up with vigour till the supper hour arrived, when Lord Lamington took in Mrs. Muir Mackenzie, the Hon'ble Mr. Fulton Lady Edgerley, the Hon'ble Mr. Muir Mackenzie Mrs. Richardson, the Hon'ble Sir S. Edgerley Mrs. Greany, Major-General Richardson Mrs. Gibb, the Surgeon-General Mrs. Lamb, Mr. Lucas Mrs. Stewart, the Hon'ble Mr. Gibb Mrs. Quinn, the Hon'ble Mr. White Mrs. Alexander, Hon'ble Mr. Giles Mrs. Kincaid, Brigadier-General Watkis Mrs. Simcox, and Mr. Hill Mrs. Hayward. Supper Room was very daintily decorated and also round about the garden. There were twelve pieces on the programme with two extra suppers.

THE approximate statement of traffic of the Barsi Light Railway Company, Limited, (48 miles open) for the week ending 7th July, 1906, amounted to Rs. 4,732, being a decrease of Rs. 34, on the corresponding week of last year. The total earnings from 1st January to 7th July 1906, were Rs. 96,190 being a decrease of Rs. 43,076

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

DEATH OF LIEUTENANT DUFF.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 17.

Lieutenant Duff, unattached list, attached to the West York's Regiment, died at Simla yesterday, a the residence of his uncle Sir B. Duff, Chief of the Staff. The funeral, with military honours, took place this morning.

WESTERN COMMAND ORDERS.

114th Mahrattas.—Major F. S. Widdicombe, 2nd Double Company Commander, 117th Mahrattas, to be 3rd Double Company Commander *vice* Major H. K. MacGeorge, 114th Mahrattas, transferred to 117th Mahrattas. Dated 30th June.

Command Staff.—Captain J. H. M. Davie, Brigade-Major, Bombay Brigade, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Western Command, *vice* Captain H. B. Dyson, on leave, or until further orders. Dated 9th July.

Brigade Staff.—Captain W. R. Pinwill, 1st Battalion, the King's (Liverpool) Regiment, to officiate as Brigade-Major, Bombay Brigade, *vice* Captain J. H. M. Davie, appointed to officiate as Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Western Command. Dated 9th July.

Captain C. A. F. Hocken, Brigade-Major, Nasirabad Brigade, to be Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Bombay Brigade, *vice* Captain H. R. Hopwood, vacated on joining the Indian Staff College. Dated 30th June.

Captain H. B. Birdwood, 39th (Prince of Wales' Own) Central India Horse, to be Brigade-Major, Nasirabad Brigade, *vice* Captain C. A. F. Hocken, appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Bombay Brigade. Dated 30th June.

Captain W. Jennings, Royal Garrison Artillery, to be Brigade-Major, Belgaum Brigade, *vice* Captain W. De L. Williams, D. S. O., Hampshire Regiment, vacated the Indian Staff College. Dated 1st July.

34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.—Major W. F. Newnham, 4th Squadron Commander, to be 3rd Squadron Commander, and Captain W. G. Cooper, Squadron Officer, to be 4th Squadron Commander, *vice* Major N. G. Fraser, deceased. Dated 20th June.

6th Jat Light Infantry.—Major H. F. T. Macartney, 2nd Double Company Commander, to be Officiating 2nd-in-Command, during the absence on leave of Major H. J. Roche, or until further orders.

33rd Punjabis.—Major G. T. Robinson, 3rd Double Company Commander, to be 2nd Double Company Commander; Captain F. J. Fraser, 4th Double Company Commander, to be 3rd Double Company Commander; and Captain H. N. Kelly, Double Company Officer, to be 4th Double Company Commander, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel C. C. Anderson, transferred to 28th Punjabis. Dated 4th June.

98th Infantry.—Captain V. F. W. Tregear, 3rd Double Company Commander, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, during the absence on leave of Major G. M. Audain, or until further orders.

117th Mahrattas.—Major H. K. MacGeorge, 3rd Double Company Commander, 114th Mahrattas, is transferred in the same capacity, *vice* Major C. D. Lester, seconded. Dated 30th June.

Major H. K. MacGeorge, 3rd Double Campany Commander, to be 2nd Double Campany Commander, *vice* Major F. S. Widdicombe, transferred to the 114th Mahrattas. Dated 30th June.

A GLIMPSE OF ARCADY.

(Concluded rrom page 4.)

The Pickle immediately fell upon her horse's neck and exploded in laughter, Felicia joining her, but Mac remained as sober as a judge and got off to assist in the resuscitation of the donkey, which had been compressed to an incredible flatness. In spite of the Pickle's shamless lack of sympathy, they offered us Moorish tea, made with mint—pungent and stimulative, but not nice. Then, with many polite wishes, we resumed our upward way, and, gaining the top, looked downward on Tangier —city of pearl and coral and gold, lying on emerald on the shores of a sapphire sea, under the inconceivable blueness of the sky—Tangier, the leper in a house of gold and jewels, wreathed round with shimmering harvest, gamboge, and chrome yellow, and sienna, fertile as the Garden of Eden, lovely as it was before the Fall.

The air is so clear in the hills up there that the shadow of a soaring hawk—maybe a mile away—looks near, as if the bird were overhead. All green and golden and russet, covered with grey olive groves and dark pines and firs, they rose and fell in a succession of glories all the way to the sea. The road seemed running through a garden filled to overflowing with the most lovely things. They were like the Hills of Dream come to fulfilment, and flaunting their beauty in the sun. The white gum cistus grew among the stones, the pink and yellow azaleas; gentian bloomed among clumps of over-blown irises and narcissi, groves of oleander, thickets of lupin purple and blue, and the pale pink hollyhock, with all the tribe of daisy in every colour that it knows—white and crimson and golden. It was keen joy to move along in that rare atmosphere, untainted and serene, with the wind rushing up to us off the sea, heavy with sweetness. In every thicket the nightingales were murmuring liquidly, the blackbird sang, the thrushes piped, and the lark sprang upwards from the thick flower-beds and lost itself in the incredible blue overhead.

And we had it all to ourselves, for the hills were lonely as the ocean, with only the great clouds moving over them to and fro. Only once we came to a little green valley between the hills, and met a flock of dappled goats, like deer, that fled upwards and then paused in their headlong flight to watch us on. Lower down, we came to a little fountain babbling into a broken tank through a grove of iris and tall reeds. By the singing cascade sat a tiny brown skinned boy, with a rag of scarlet flung across him, sitting on the edge of the broken marble, blowing into a grey-green reed, freshly plucked from the wet mud. He paused in the blowing of a wild, sweet, complaining note, and looked up, his eyes wild and dreamy, his thin fingers spread out on the little pipe, and his crimson lip laid to the rough hole he had made, while the leaves lay about his bare feet on the mint flowers around the fountain. I had a fancy that Pan might come out of the olive wood a little higher up, and take away our sight—for this was Arcady. Ah, yes! This is Pan's country; the people are Pan's; he rules them from the hills and groves. The nymphs are dancing in the shade; the satyrs stand piping unabashed and openly in the sun—the Dominion of Great God Pan.

We rode out of the valley and along the sheer precipice to the little plateau where the road arrives at the lighthouse, and found our luncheon waiting us; and came back under a little moon in a sky of faintest violet, with the hills, dreaming around us, wrapped in a swoon of golden and scarlet silence, stirred only by the shepherd's pipe, the hoot of the little owls, and the clatter of our horses' feet. The wind had gone; the sea lay like Minerva's shield reflecting the glory of the stars. Oh! if the reign of Pan were over—and his land had peace!

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, July 14.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. G. B. H. Fell, of the I. C. S, offig Under Secy to the Govt of India in the Home Dept, is confirmed in his appointment, with effect from the 5th July.

The services of Mr. H. Wheeler, of the I. C. S. are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of Bengal, with effect from the 8th July.

The services of Mr. R. C. H. M. King, of the I. M. S. are replaced at the disposal of the Hon the Chief Commr of the Central Provinces, with effect from the 5th July.

The services of the undermentioned officers are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Dept, with effect from the 1st Feb:—Lieut-Col E. Inglis, I. A., Major C. B. Rawlinson, C I E, I A, Major C P Thompson, I A, Mr J S Donald, C I E, Mr J G Lorimer, C I E, I C S, Capt B C Waterfield, I A, Mr W P Barton, I C S, Capt D B Blakeway, I A, Mr F P Rennie, I C S, Mr S W G Gracey, I C S, Mr F W Johnston, I C S, Major G O Roos-Keppel, C I E, I A, Mr P J G Pipon, I C S, Mr H N Bolton, I C S, Mr S E Pears, I C S, Capt W J Keen, I, A, Mr D de S Bray, I C S, Mr S S Waterfield, Mr A Wilson-Johnston, I C S, Mr J R Jelf, I C S, Mr E B Howell I C S, Mr J H H Bill, I C S, Mr T B Copeland, I C S, Mr A T Scott, I C S, Mr J H R Fraser, I C S and Mr J A O Fitzpatrick, I C S.

The services of Capt G Hutcheson, M D, I M S, are placed permanently at the disposal of the Govt of the United Provinces.

The services of Capt A B Battye, 6th Cavalry, are replaced at the disposal of H E the C-in-C in India.

Mr G E Minto, Manager of the Govt Tea Gardens, Port Blair, is appointed to be an Assist Supdt in the Settlement so long as he holds his present office, or until further orders.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

The services of Capt H H F Turner, R E, Depy Supdt Survey of India, who has been deputed for the Chatham course, are placed temporarily at the disposal of H E the C-in-C. with effect from the date of his return to India.

Mr F J Brauthwaite, Offg Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, in charge of the Tenasserim Forest Circle, Burma, is appointed to hold charge of the Pegu Forest Circle, Burma, as a temporary measure, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the afternoon of the 2nd July.

BY THE WAY.

GENERAL ANDRE.

GENERAL Andre, whose reminiscences are beginning to appear in the *Matin*, is a man with many enemies, who have done their best to discredit him. In particular, he was not long ago publicly accused of cowardice at the time of the siege of Paris. He had, it was alleged, pleaded illness as an excuse for not proceeding to the front on a day of hard fighting. The truth, as established by surviving fellow-officers, was that Lieutenant Andre, as he then was, had, so far from malingering, insisted upon proceeding to the front in spite of a physical disability which many men would have regarded as sufficient justification for remaining at the rear. Even the Nationalist journals had then to express their gratification that their War Minister had shown himself a credit to his country.

AN "IMPERIAL HALL."

London may ere long have an "Imperial Hall," and then surely some of us will try to "think Imperially," and thereby gratify the dearest desire of Mr. Chamberlain's heart. A body styling itself the "Victoria Embankment Contract Syndicate" has approached Mr. Deakin with a proposal to "utilise a portion of land in Westminter, now being cleared of small tenements," for the erection of an imposing pile of buildings, to be called "Imperial Hall." The structure would provide accommodation for all the Australian State Agencies under one roof, as well as the Department of the soon-to-be-appointed High Commissioner of the Commonwealth. Mr. Deakin has asked the State Premiers to tell him what they think of the suggestion.

GILBERTIAN OFFICIALISM.

A short time ago one of our Colonial representatives in London had the organising and distribution of tickets in connexion with an important function which concerned his particular Colony. He asked the assistance of a certain Imperial Office in issuing the invitations, and, with this object in view, sent them a number of tickets for distribution. A few days afterwards, and only an hour before the ceremony took place, he was surprised and highly amused at the receipt of an official envelope marked "pressing" from the Office in question containing an invitation for himself and his wife to his own function! N.B.—It was not the War Office.

A POINT OF CANON LAW.

Among the candidates for Holy Orders at the recent Trinity ordinations are said to have been a number of retired officers who had served through the Boer war. It is to be hoped that these members of the Church militant did not kill any Boers, even by accident, or they would be guilty of what Canon Law calls "irregularity." The point has arisen among Anglicans in post-Reformation times, for Abbot, the seventeenth-century Archbishop of Canterbury, who accidentally shot a gamekeeper, was pronounced by, among others, the professors of the Sorbonne to be "incapable of performing ecclesiastical functions." Not only Laud, but his Low Church enemy Williams, refused to be "consecrated by a man whose hands were dipped in blood." Abbot was formally absolved; but Fuller says, "obnoxiousness for that casualty" was one reason for his being practically deprived of archiepiscopal jurisdiction.

WILKIE COLLINS AND THE NIGGER.

Mr. Wybert Reeve, who contributes to the current *Chamber's Journal* some interesting recollections of Wilkie Collins, describes an amusing circumstance which occurred to Collins at an up-country town during his visit to the United States. Collins arrived in the afternoon to give a reading in the evening, and was washing himself, after a long railway journey, when a nigger servant in the hotel opened the door of his bedroom without knocking, and asked: "Are you the Britisher as is come down 'ere to do a bit o' reading?" "Yes, I suppose I am the man." "Well, 'ere's some o' the big bugs and bosses o' this 'ere town come jist to see you." Some of the chief men in the town had come to pay their respects and welcome him. "That's awkward," replied Collins; "I am just dressing." "I guess they'll wait till you've scrubbed your skin and put on your pants. Jist say when you're ready."

THE NIGGER'S INDEPENDENCE.

With that the nigger coolly walked to the window, opened it—it was a very cold day—and, leaning out, commenced leisurely spitting into the yard below. He was chewing tobacco. "My friend," said Collins, "when you have done spitting, would you mind closing that window?" "Well, I don't see the harm it's a-doing you." "Perhaps not; but if you will shut it, and tell the gentlemen below I will be with them directly, it will do me more good." "You'd better tell 'em yerself, I guess. If you objects to my spitting out o' this winder, I objects to year trying to boss this establishment. So jist you tell 'em yerself!"; and, putting his hands in his pockets, he leisurely lounged out of the room.

HOW ENGINES PICK UP WATER.

An interesting article is contributed to the July number of *Pearson's Magazine* by Mr. C. H. Jones, describing how engines pick up water when travlling at full speed, thereby effecting an immense saving in time by the abolition of the frequent stops that would otherwise be necessary. Locomotives working fast passenger trains consume from twenty-five to fifty gallons of water every mile they run, the quantity varying with the weight of the train, the state of the weather, and other conditions. Hence a train used to be frequently stopped at a station for the engine to quench its thirst at a water column when, from a traffic point of view, such a stop was unnecessary. But since the introduction of water troughs on the great railways engines can pick up from one to two thousand gallons of water in about fifteen seconds when running at full speed.

AN EXCITING INCIDENT.

To pick up water is a simple operation, but, even to the enginemen, it is an exciting incident on the journey. As the train rushes along, both driver and firemen are on the alert to locate the position of the troughs. This is an easy matter in daylight, but in the dark it is more difficult; they have, then, to be guided by some landmark, such as an overbridge, or by sound as when the train rumbles over an iron bridge. While the driver, with his hand on the regulator, looks out ahead, the fireman watches for the trough, and the instant that the tender is over it, he, with a quick turn of the handle of a screw, lowers the scoop and notes the rapid rise of the water in the tender as indicated by a gauge. He must be prompt in reversing the screw just before the tender is full, otherwise the water will spout out in great volume through the overflow pipes, and flood the train. Water troughs are usually put down about fifty or seventy miles apart. A tender ordinarily caries about 3,000 gallons of water, but in the absence of "picking up" apparatus on some railways, where heavy trains have to travel long distances without a stop, it has been found necessary to increase the capacity of the tenders to 4,000 or even 4,500 gallons.

FISHES AT THE NATURAL HISTORY MUSEUM.

The Fish Gallery, which has been closed to the public during the past twelve months, was recently partly opened, and visitors should feel pleased indeed with the transformation that has been effected. The old parchment-coloured mummies hoisted upon spikes are gone and in their places will be found a marvellous variety of specimens displayed against a delicate sea-green background. Many of these will astonish those who are not fishermen by the surpassing brilliancy of their colouration, which, though often beautiful, is not seldom garish—at least, when the creatures are seen apart from their environment. These staring contrasts in colour, of course, all have a meaning, now serving to harmonise the many-hued with their surroundings, and now to warn hungry enemies that any attempt to seize them will be followed by disagreeable consequences! But why this should be is a long story.

THE NEW WOMAN.

[The working woman is to be the heroine of several of the new novels.]

> I am tired of the dolls and lay figures
> Whose life is all glitter and show,
> Of the woman who whispers and sniggers
> With many a string to her bow;
> I am sick of the girl with a mission
> To harass the feminine breast
> With a wish to glide down to perdition,
> Well-dressed.
>
> I am bored with the Loves and the Graces,
> The languorous angels in gauze
> Whose fortunes are more than their faces
> Would ever be able to cause;
> I am weary of hands that are fashioned
> For artists and sculptors to scan,
> And of eyes drawing language impassioned,
> From man.
>
> And I yearn for the change that's impending
> When writers, enamoured of toil,
> Will present us with heroines spending
> Existence in tilling the soil.
> I demand, not a spirit forgiving,
> A smile or a dimple divine,
> But a woman who'll earn her own living—
> And mine!

THE LADIES' CORNER.

A NOVEL OCCUPATION.

THE woman chemist is by no means unknown, and as the training is not especially expensive—about £100 approximately—and the subjects of the examination are not beyond the powers of the well-educated, capable girl, there seems to be no reason (writes a correspondent) why ladies, who take up this work, should not go on and prosper. There are many openings for them as dispensers to doctors, in the laboratories of wholesale druggists, in private and public hospitals, and, for those who have capital, in businesses of their own as chemists.

There is one branch, however, which the fully-qualified woman chemist has not as yet attempted to exploit—a branch which offers unique opportunities in these days of beauty culture, when it is sought to retain and preserve looks rather than to improve them artificially.

A DISPENSER OF SIMPLES.

This, as yet, untried branch is the dispensing of simples and of old complexion recipes. Many private individuals possess formulæ for lotions and applications of value for their antiquity and efficacy—for our ancestresses had no scruples in promising definite and desirable results. (The writer possesses some assuring results beyond those achieved by Ninon de l' Enclos.) A qualified woman chemist could dispense these, and also, if wise she would read up the subject at the British Museum and elsewhere, and endeavour to penetrate the Mysteries of a knowledge owned in large measure by antiquity, of a subject of perennial interest to women of all climes and times. Unless she charged prohibitive prices the dispenser of simples would have little difficulty in finding customers. Now that rational beauty treatment is a matter of importance and interest to women in all ranks of life, the dispenser of simples who will break new, and hitherto untrodden, ground should have a prosperous future before her.

NOVEL DINNER TABLE DECORATIONS.

"I cannot resist the temptation to describe a dinner-table decoration which delighted my eyes a few evenings ago," remarks a Paris Correspondent; "it was so exceedingly simple and so inexpensive. The scheme of colour was pale yellow and white, and the flowers used were honeysuckles and snow-white acacia! The table ornaments were in white china—chubby boys holding up quaintly-fashioned baskets. Through the handles of these baskets soft ribbons of lemon yellow satin were passed, the ends resting carelessly on the white cloth. At the corners of the table branches of acacia, with delicate green leaves, spread themselves over the baskets, and between these—at the sides—masses of honeysuckle appeared. The effect of the pale-hued flowers combined with the pure white china and yellow ribbons was really lovely, and the candle shades were pure white silk, with little yellow butterflies resting lightly on them. A few wonderfully realistic bees seemed to be searching for honey in the golden flowers, and a subtle scent of honeysuckle filled the room.

WOMAN'S DISCONTENT.

An American writer has been collecting the opinions of his friends as to whether or not they have ever wished to be of the opposite sex. Of the forty men and women consulted, not one man, with the solitary exception of a scientist, who admitted that he would not greatly mind being a woman an hour a day for a week, in order that he might study the sex, desired to be a woman. Many of the women, however, were discontent with their sex. One would like to be a man to come and go as she pleased. One loved horses so well, she would like to be a man "at times," so that she could be a jockey. One would like to be a man, so that she could get twice the salary for the same work. One wishes to be a man, just to see how it would feel. One would like to be a man for awhile, because she would have so much to be thankful for when she got back to her own sex, and yet another wished to be a man in order that she might treat the employed of her own sex as a gentleman should. "Masculinity is to us women," explained one of these ladies, "merely another name for opportunity."

LANDLORD AND TENANT.

Claim by a Tenant.

IN the High Court, yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Justice Scott delivered judgment in a suit filed by Jijibhoy Rustomji Bilimoria against Dr. Edalji Nasarwanji for specific performance of an agreement, dated 17th January last; for damages, etc. Mr. D. D. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Kanga and Patel, appeared for the plaintiff. Mr. Strangman, with Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, appeared for the defendant.

His lordship in the course of an elaborate judgment, said that by the agreement defendant had agreed to let to the plaintiff the ground-floor of his house in Warden Road, for one year from 1st February, at a monthly rental of Rs. 125. The agreement was brought about by the defendant's wife, who attended to the letting of his properties; and by Dadi P. Byramji, his house-agent, who was plaintiff's brother-in-law, and an old friend of the defendant. At the time of the agreement the plaintiff was engaged to be married to a Miss Patel, and it had been arranged by him that his marriage should take place as soon as possible after 27th January, the anniversary of the death of Miss Patel's mother. Plaintiff's case was that on 21st January, the defendant's wife, in company of Dadi, called upon him at the house in which the Patels were living, and informed him that the Maharaja of Rewah had offered Rs. 2,500 for the use of the whole house for one month, with immediate possession. Plaintiff said that he agreed on condition that half the rent receiveable from the Maharaja, Rs. 1,250, should be paid to him, after deducting from it the Rs. 125 payable by him. In these circumstances, the plaintiff claimed Rs. 1,125 on account of February rent received from the Maharaja; Rs. 1,000 on account of rent for March; specific performance of the agreement; compensation at the rate of Rs. 75 per month from the time the Maharaja of Rewah vacated the premises until the time defendant gave up possession of the ground-floor to the plaintiff; such other damages as the Court might thing fit; restrain the defendant from letting out the portion leased to the plaintiff, and so forth. Having commented on the evidence, the learned Judge observed that it remained for him to decide what relief the plantiff was entitled to. It was conceded that the defendant was not entitled to cancel the agreement. From 1st February to 31st May, plaintiff occupied another bunglow at Rs. 200 per month and had now rented a house at Rs. 155 per month. He had to be married in the Allbless Baug, instead of in the Warden Road house compound. He had the annoyance of changing his house twice. It had been contended for the defence that damages awarded to the plaintiff, instead of the specific performance of the agreement he asked for, and the possession of the ground-floor he wanted, would be adequate relief. The circumstances rendered it undesirable that possession should be given to the plaintiff now. The relations between the parties were very strained. This was due to the action of the plaintiff in putting forward a claim which the defendant had successfully resisted. If specific performance was decreed, and plaintiff came in possession of the ground-floor, it was manifest he would, during his occupation, make things very unpleasant for the defendant and his family, who lived in the upper part of the house. Excersizing the discretion vested in the Court, the Judge declined to grant to the plaintiff the possession he sought for. He ordered that the defendant must pay to the plaintiff Rs. 300, as compensation for the extra rent plaintiff had to pay, at Rs. 75 per month, from February to May inclusive; he must also pay Rs. 240, as compensation for the extra rent paid or payable by the plaintiff, for eight months from June 1906 to January 1907 inclusive; also, Rs. 300, for inconvenience suffered by the plaintiff, in having been kept out of possession of the defendant's ground floor. Practically, the whole of the hearing had been devoted to the trial of issues, on which the plaintiff had failed; plaintiff must pay two-thirds of the defendant's costs and bear his own. Decree accordingly.

Mr. Strangman applied that his lordship might permit the defendant to set-off the decree for the plaintiff for Rs. 840, against two-thirds of the costs the defendant was entitled to recover from the plaintiff in virtue of the same decree.

His lordship gave the necessary permission under Section 231.

TRADE MARK

BIG G

CURES MEN & WOMEN

BIG G is a non-poisonous remedy for any unnatural discharge and inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Painless. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.

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BABY'S TERRIBLE FACE HUMOUR

Would Scratch and Tear Away the Flesh —Neighbours Called it Worse Case Ever Seen—Grew Worse Under Doctors—Suffering Terrible.

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"My baby's face was a mass of sores. The doctor called it eczema, but his treatment did no good, as the child was getting worse, the disease eating the flesh away from his nose, and spreading to his body. Neighbours said it was the worst case they had ever seen. His suffering was terrible, and he would scratch and tear away the flesh. We then used the Cuticura Remedies, one set curing him completely, and healing his face without scar or blemish.—Wm. Cridland, 35 Winchester St., Pentonville Rd., N. London, Eng."

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To Skin-Tortured Babies

The suffering which Cuticura Soap and Ointment have alleviated among the young, and the comfort they have afforded worn-out and worried parents, have led to their adoption in countless homes as priceless curatives for birth humours, milk crust, scalled head, eczemas, rashes, and every form of itching, scaly, pimply skin, and scalp humours, with loss of hair, of infancy and age.

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DEAR READER:

Are you among the many who read my advertisements published from day to day and give them only casual attention, saying mechanically to yourself: "What extravagant claims these doctors make; now, I myself feel just like the writer of such and such testimonial did, and here he says he has been completely cured after he had tried every medicine, by simply wearing an electric belt. Really, it is simply absurd to think one simple thing could cure so many different complaints. If I COULD ONLY BELIEVE IT, I would give it a trial. But what's the use thinking of it? I have tried medicines that are equally as highly advertised, and all to no purpose. I fear my case is hopeless. If this doctors' wonderful belt was doing all he claims for it, and if this Electricity is such a great cure, why don't all doctors use it? IF I COULD ONLY BELIEVE IT!

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It matters not what may be the nature of your weakness, it results from a lack of full vitality. A limb may shrivel or shrink; Electricity carried to, and through it must increase the blood supply, and impart new life and vitality. No matter what part of the body the trouble may be, it can be reached and the results MUST be the same. Apply the current PROPERLY and you impart new life and energy. This is WHY the ONE SIMPLE THING does so much. Your case is not hopeless. I have cured thousands who thought so.

All doctors who are up in their profession do use Electricity in their office practice, but how to prescribe it to those who could not come daily to their office, has been the difficulty and the reason it has not been more in general use among the profession. Have you read what the old medical man of Madras, has said about my Herculex? He first thanks me for having cured himself of a trouble that drugs could not reach, then says: "All experienced doctors know the value of Electricity as a curative agent, but the great problem hitherto was how to pour the invigorating force into the body in an even and continuous form. Dr. Sanden seems to have SOLVED THIS PROBLEM by inventing his Herculex belt." Isn't this a test of the highest order? To further quote the regular practitioner, he says: "This is the opinion of an old medical man who has made a special study in India and Europe of Electricity as a therapeutic agent."

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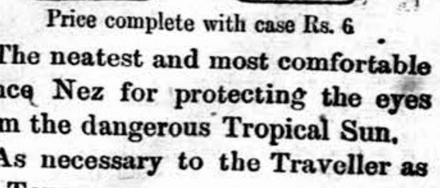
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BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

A BAND of American writers have formed a pious plan for the purchase of the house in which Keats spent the last months of his life at Rome, in order that it may be kept permanently as a memorial of Keats and Shelley. Their intention is to make it a museum of all available relics of those poets, especially of their connection with Italy. This is a gratifying design, and no doubt the £2,600 still needed to carry it out will be raised without much difficulty. The residence of Keats at Rome is rather full of melancholy recollections, since he only went there to die of his lingering malady. Dr. Clark engaged for him a lodging "in the first house on the right hand as you ascend the steps of the Trinita del Monte, in the Piazza di Spagna," nowadays the centre of the English quarter in Rome, and the haunt of those picturesque artists' models whose bright faces and gaudy hues every tourist must remember. Probably most of us who have been to Rome have a more vivid recollection of Keats's grave than of the house in which he died. We have all done homage to that stone with its sad motto, "Here lies one whose name was writ in water," which still lies under the safeguard of the pyramid of Caius Cestius. "It might make one in love with death," wrote Shelley, "to think that one should be buried in so sweet a place." The description of the little Protestant cemetery in the "Adonais" is still a faithful picture of the

"slope of green access
Where, like an infant's smile, over the dead
A light of laughing flowers along the grass is spread:
And grey walls moulder round, on which dull Time
Feeds, like slow fire upon a hoary brand.
And one keen pyramid with wedge sublime,
Pavilioning the dust of him who planned
This refuge for his memory, doth stand
Like flame transformed to marble."

But, though the cemetery where Keats lies will always be the first place visited by pilgrims who visit Rome in his honour, the house which his American admirers are now trying to buy for the sake of his memory should be a good second. Perhaps, in view of this enthusiasm, it is time that we should forget that it was an American who asked, when the poet was casually mentioned in his hearing, "What are keats?"

Another interesting house has just come into the market. This is the birthplace of George Borrow, at Badley Moor, East Dereham, Norfolk, which was to be sold by auction. Lavengro always thought kindly of his native place. "I love to think of thee," he wrote, "pretty, quiet Dereham, thou pattern of an English country town, with thy clean but narrow streets, branching out from thy modest market-place, with thine old-fashioned houses, with here and there a roof of venerable thatch, with thy one half-aristocratic mansion, where resided thy Lady Bountiful—she, the generous and kind, who loved to visit the sick, leaning on her gold-headed cane, whilst the sleek old footman walked at a respectful distance behind. Pretty, quiet Dereham, with thy venerable church, in which moulder the mortal remains of England's sweetest and most pious bard." It was at Dereham that Borrow was not only born, but also experienced that "spiritual birth" which most eminent authors have regarded as occurring when they first discovered that they had a taste for literature. Some of them, like Hazlitt and Stevenson, have lingered affectionately on this thrilling moment; but none has described it better than Borrow in the memorable passage where he relates how he first dipped into the pages of "Robinson Crusoe," and was moved by the pictures and such bits of text as his childish intelligence could master to familiarise himself with the whole book, and so wander into "the paths of knowledge." It is by no means certain that the association with this pleasant episode added a single pound to the price fetched by the old red-brick house, with its fifty acres of farm-land, so blind are we as a nation of buyers to the enhancement given by literary interest!

If literary association could run up the price of any estate it would certainly be the case with Stoke Park, which is also to be sold. For this estate includes Stoke Poges, where Gray's mother settled in 1742, and where he wrote the "Elegy," which shares with two or three other poems the reputation of being the best known and oftenest quoted in the English language. Attempts have been made to show that another "country churchyard" was entitled to this honour, but the balance of evidence, as well as that of tradition, is in favour of Stoke Poges, a favourite haunt of American tourists, who find there at once a typical English scene—a "haunt of ancient peace"—the locality of the famous "Elegy," and a neighbourhood closely associated with one of their national heroes, the founder of Pennsylvania. It has been suggested, with a considerable aspect of truth, that the birthplace of a famous poem is still more worthy of preservation than that of the poet who wrote it. Most poets, by the unkindly operation of Fate, are born in shabby, humdrum, or tumble-down sort of buildings which are either not worth preserving or else go to pieces of their own accord—or of the speculative builder's—long before the time has come for them to be regarded as necessary centres of pilgrimage.

But a great poem is nearly always born in agreeable surroundings:—

"The Muse, na Poet ever fand her,
Till by himsel he learn'd to wander
Adown some trottin burn's meander,
An' no think lang."

The grove of poplars whose fate Cowper lamented is gone, of course, but we still have the plum-tree under which Keats listened to the nightingale, Westminster Bridge and Tintern Abbey Loch Katrine and Stoke Poges. These are perhaps more appropriate goals for the literary pilgrim than Burns's cottage, with its temperance refreshment-room under the same roof that sheltered the poet or "Scots drink," or Abbotsford, with its melancholy suggestions of the defect which undermined Scott's true greatness, or Stratford-on-Avon, with its numberless vulgarities. The modern tendency to make shrines of the birthplaces and homes of great writers is in need of some such criticism as Milton applied to a similar tendency in the theological world of his day: "With less fervency was studied what St. Paul or St. John had written than was listened to one that could say, 'Here he taught, here he stood, this was his stature, and thus he went habited'; and O, happy, this house that sheltered him and that cold stone whereon he rested this village where he wrought such a miracle!"

Another Sludge has been caught, and fined, for capering about the room dressed up as a spirit, but the number of those who seek unto such persons shows no signs of abatement. A. Mme, "de V.," who has the grace to conceal her name, has just published in Paris Les entretiens posthumes du philosophe P. de Beranger dit Abailard," which shows clearly enough the simple arts by which the credulous are taken in. Three years ago, she tells us, her maid Annette ran out of the linen-room of her villa at Nice with a look of terror on her face and a sheet of paper in her hand, whereon was writing which the girl declared she had just seen a marking-ink pencil write of itself. The said paper, being examined, was proved to contain many pious reflections, concluding with the phrase, "Chere madame, Dieu ne fait souffrir que ceux qu'il aime," which Mme. de V. recognised as occurring in Abelard's second letter to Heloise. Instantly Mme. de V. jumped to the conclusion that it was the spirit of the great scholastic of the eleventh century that was inhabiting her linen-room, and this was confirmed by a mysterious voice that she heard later when in a doze at an hotel in Biskra, wherein the lover of the unfortunate Heloise introduced himself and declared that he would use Mme. de V.'s marking-ink pencil till further orders. Annette, however, soon after losing, as Mme. de V. asserts, her mediumship, tried to supplement it by trickery, was detected, turned out of doors, and died at the age of twenty-nine. But a new medium was soon found in the shape of a certain Mme. Blanche C., and with the help of a circular alphabet on a sheet of cardboard and an inverted saucer with an arrow painted upon it, which turned round under the medium's hand, the revelations in the book were given. Needless to say, they are absolutely commonplace and non-committal. Abelard, on being interrogated, knew nothing of the doctrine of conceptualism of which, when in the flesh, he was the inventor, and when asked his opinion of Lucretius, contented himself with the statement that Lucretius did not know what we know now, and that what we know now is nothing compared with what humanity will know to-morrow. Abelard, since his death, seems also to have become furiously anti-clerical and a theosophist, who says there is no reason why Brahma should not be spelled without an *h*. *O sancta simplicitas!*

Readers of Mr. Upton Sinclair's now notorious "Jungle" must have been astonished to find in it no reference to the trade union, which, in England, at least, would have protected his Lithuanian immigrant against some of the worst oppressions of unbridled capitalism. Those who have studied the beginning of factory life during the blissful period when John Bright could declare adulteration to be only one form of competition, and, therefore, sacrosanct, know how real was the peril against which the workmen organized themselves, and how efficient has been the remedy. M. Achille Viallate in his excellent articles on "Les Forces Ouvrieres aux Etats-Unis," tells us, however, that powerful as are the American trade unions, they are rapidly losing ground before the great flood of alien immigration which, there as here, threatens to swamp the English-speaking proletariat. The Poles, he says, cannot be brought to see the advantage of combination, nor will the Jews join a union unless they see in it some material advantage for themselves as individuals. Even the French Canadians, so industrious and so law-abiding, who monopolise the textile industries of New England, seldom join a union the opposition of their priests to all secret societies, counting probably, for much in this refusal. Hence the different trusts and other monster associations of capital have at their disposal a constantly-increasing mass of unorganized labour. When the same thing comes to be the case here, perhaps our democracy will themselves insist on an Aliens Bill.

FAMINE IN INDIA.

THE reports of the season and crop prospects for the week ending Saturday, 7th July give the following details.

UNITED PROVINCES.

There was good rain in all districts during the week. Sowings for the autumn harvest continue; seed is germinating well and weeding has commenced in a few districts. The standing crops have been slightly damaged by locusts in Farrukhabad but are doing well elsewhere. Fodder is less scarce and the condition of the cattle generally is improving. Prices of food grains are generally stationary. Markets are well supplied and the demand for labour full.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Rain continues in all districts and the numbers on relief show a further decrease of forty thousand. Sowings for the autumn harvest are in progress and germination is good. Fodder is less scarce and the condition of cattle is improving. *Takkavi* is still being distributed for seed and bullocks. Prices of food grains have risen slightly in Hamirpur, Banda, and Jhansi; barley is now selling at between 12½ and 15 seers per rupee and *juar* at between 11½ and 12¾ seers. The numbers on relief are:—Allahabad Division—workers 26,000, on gratuitous relief 46,000; Agra Division—workers 2,000, on gratuitous relief 9,000; total 83,000.

PUNJAB.

All districts except Multan received rain during the week. The prices of food grains are generally unchanged; the price of wheat is rising in Hissar, Delhi, and Rawalpindi and falling in Amritsar, Sialkot, and Shahpur. Tobacco cutting is going on in Amritsar, Sialkot, and Shahpur. Weeding of cotton and sugarcane continues in Sialkot. Sowings of autumn crops are in progress throughout the Province but more rain is urgently wanted. The condition and prospects of the standing extra spring and autumn crops are good. Crops on river banks in Delhi and in Mianwali have been washed away by heavy floods in the Jumna and Indus, respectively. Locusts appeared in Hissar and Ambala and damaged cotton in Ambala slightly: cotton and melon in Amritsar, and indigo in Multan have been injured by insects. Cattle are in good condition except in Gurgaon. Fodder is sufficient in all districts except in Gurgaon and parts of Mianwali. There are no complaints regarding the water-supply.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Rohtak—on works 3,911; on gratuitous relief 5,908; total 9,819. The fall in the numbers on relief is due to good rain and distribution of *takkavi* advances. There is no wandering or emaciation apparent. The physical condition of the labourers is good and relief measures are sufficient. The public health is generally good.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.

Good rain averaging ·11 cents to 3.15 inches fell all over the Province and has benefitted the standing crops, but more rain is wanted in the Bannu district. There was a slight fall of hail at Mardan. Autumn crops are being sown. The condition of the standing crops on irrigated and unirrigated areas is average; the outturn of spring and extra spring crops is fair. Locusts appeared in the north of Dera-Ismail Khan, slightly damaging the cotton crops. Canal water is sufficient except in the Khawarra portion of the Nowshera tahsil; the Kilapani supply is normal and there is some irrigation from rain and hill torrents in Dera Ismail Khan; floods have occurred in Kurram and Gambila. The condition of cattle is generally good except in Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan. The stock of food grains is sufficient and fodder is procurable. Prices are fluctuating. Prices:—wheat 15 to 19; maize 15 to 20½; gram 16 to 19½ and *bajra* 13 to 14½ seers per rupee.

RAJPUTANA.

The rainfall of the week in cents was as follows:—Ajmer 716, Merwara 420, Jodhpur 201, Jaisalmer 46, Sihori 48, Udaipur 381, Hill tracts of Mewar 120, Partabgarh 92, Shahpura 1405, Tonk 420, Bundi 1685, Kotah 1172, Jhalrapatan 710, Jaipur 130, Kishangarh 220, Alwar 286, Karauli 170, Bharatpur 100, Dholpur 209. The rain was general in the above tracts but partial and slight in parts of Marwar, Jaisalmer, and Sirohi, but even here was generally sufficient for sowings. The condition of cattle is still poor in affected tracts, but pasturage and the water-supply have improved. Prices have risen in Kishangarh; slightly in Hill tracks; have fallen slightly in Marwar, Mewar, and Jhalawar; and are practically steady elsewhere. The numbers on famine relief are:—Ajmer-Merwara 3573; Native States 40,191; total 76,064 or a decrease of 17,132. The position generally has improved.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Ajmer—on works 8040, on gratuitous relief 3,173, total 11,213; Merwara—on works 17,761, on gratuitous relief 6,899, total 24,660; grand total 35,173. Native States:—Marwar—on works 1,974, on gratuitous relief 1,542, total 3,516; Mewar—on works 1,845, on gratuitous 334, total 2,179; Shahpura—on relief works 37, on gratuitous relief 84, total 121; Tonk—on works 1,557, on gratuitous relief 803, total 2,360; Jaipur—on works 14,139, on gratuitous relief 698, total 14,747; Kishangarh—on works 1,972, on gratuitous relief 2,782, total 4,754; Alwar—on works 1,302, on gratuitous relief 1,650; total 2,952; Eastern States—on works 6,258, on gratuitous relief 3,304, total 9,562; total Native States 40,191; grand total 76,064. Decrease owing to excellent rain. Prices vary between 11¾ seers per rupee in Karauli and 15¼ seers in Alwar. *Takkari* is being distributed on an adequate scale in Karauli and a liberal grant has been received from the Famine Trust. A few cases of cholera are reported from Ajmer-Merwara, Dholpur, and Bharatpur.

CENTRAL INDIA.

The rain of the week was insufficient in parts of Gwalior and sufficient elsewhere. Ploughing and sowing are in progress. Agricultural stock are in bad condition in parts of Gwalior, Indore and Bundelkhand and fair to good elsewhere. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Gwalior and Indore; is scarce in Bundelkhand; and fair to good elsewhere. Prices are high in Gwalior, and Baghelkhand; are tending to fall in Indore; and are steady elsewhere.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—The general position is unaltered. Prices of food grains in Gwalior vary from 10 to 12 seers per rupee; in Bundelkhand 13 seers per rupee. The numbers on relief are:—Gwalior on works 25,500, on gratuitous relief 10,000, total 35,500; in Bundelkhand States and Jagirs—on works 9,000, on gratuitous relief 3,000, total 12,000; grand total 47,500.

CENTRAL PROVINCES.

Good rain has fallen throughout the provinces except in Nimar and Betul where the falls were light, Sowings are in full swing but are retarded in Jubbulpore and Seoni by heavy and continuous rain. A break would be welcome in these two districts and in Damoh and Balaghat. Germination is good everywhere but in a few places in Bilaspur rice seedlings are being washed away by heavy rain and re-sowing has been necessary. Weeding has commenced in parts of Narsinghpur, Akola, Amraoti and transplantation of rice in Drug and *biasi* (thinning) in Raipur. The condition of the labouring classes in Bilaspur calls for no remark; the demand for labour everywhere is good. Locusts are reported from two villages of Mandla but no damage has been done. Fodder is still insufficient in parts of Chindwara and very dear in Wardha and Nagpur but the price is slowly falling. Prices have risen slightly in the northern districts; the price of *juar* has fallen by a seer and 1¾ seers per rupee in Narsinghpur and Betul, respectively, and risen by 1¾ seers in Akola; elsewhere prices are fairly steady. The prices of food grains are generally equal to or above the warning rates but are up to the scarcity level in Wardha, Chanda, Balaghat, and Bilaspur; prices are still generally higher than those ruling at this time last year.

The Bombay Returns have already been published.

The numbers on relief were 319,447, a decrease of 96,569.

PASSENGERS PER S. S. YARRA.

The following is the list of passengers expected to arrive here from Marseilles, &c., per Messageries Maritimes Company's steamer Yarra on Thursday, the 19th instant at 8 a.m.:

Bolim, Mr M	Holzmann, Mr
Cassels, Mr H S	Haveliwalla, Mr F A
Dickson, Capt G	Kirtikar, Mr T M
Dunsby, Miss Edith	Malla, Mr
Dhargalker, Mr P	Palliwalla, Mr T R
Hankins, Mr E P E	Rao, Dr
Hasman, Mr	Thwaites, Mr T S
Hakimyu, Mr	Wright, Col W

FOR ADELAIDE.

Beacham, Mr F A — Ward, Mr Thomas

FOR SYDNEY.—Gregory, Mr F S

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m. yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	8
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	0	0	24
C Market, Dhobi Talao Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada ..	0	0	16
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	0	0	9
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	0	0	38
F Parel, Sewree and Sion.....	0	0	10
G Mahim and Worli	1	0	13
Water Division................	0	0	1
Non-Resident and Unknown ..	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	10
Total........	1	0	129
Total plague deaths to date	133,466		
Same date last year......	10	10	76

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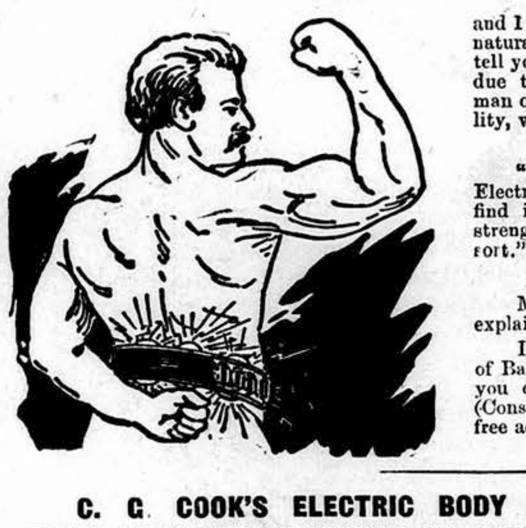
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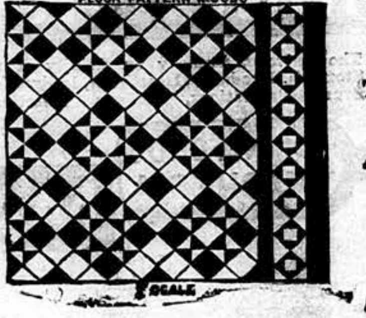
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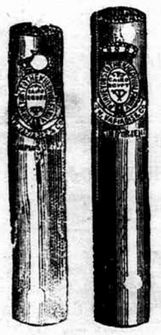
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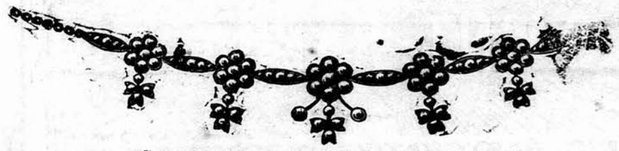
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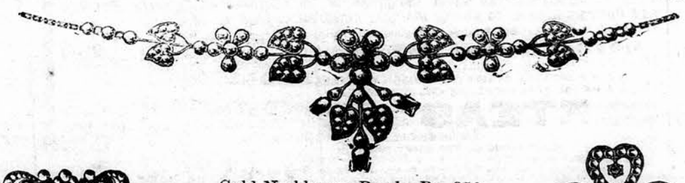
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